# National Interagency Coordination Center <br> Incident Management Situation Report <br> Tuesday, June 8, 2021- 0730 MDT <br> National Preparedness Level 2 

## National Fire Activity:

Initial attack activity:
New large incidents:
Large fires contained:
Uncontained large fires: ***
Area Command teams committed:
NIMOs committed:
Type 1 IMTs committed:
Type 2 IMTs committed:

Light (120 fires)
3 1 16 00

3

Nationally, there are 6 fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.
***Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.
Link to Geographic Area daily reports.
Link to Understanding the IMSR.

| Active Incident Resource Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GACC | Incidents | Cumulative <br> Acres | Crews | Engines | Helicopters | Total <br> Personnel | Change in <br> Personnel |
| AICC | 0 | 784 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NWCC | 4 | 9,864 | 11 | 18 | 8 | 388 | 6 |
| ONCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OSCC | 1 | 1,100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NRCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GBCC | 8 | 32,480 | 17 | 36 | 12 | 684 | 302 |
| SWCC | 12 | 193,241 | 42 | 66 | 15 | 1,444 | 29 |
| RMCC | 3 | 776 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 133 | -22 |
| EACC | 1 | 265 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 33 | 1 |
| SACC | 10 | 27,044 | 0 | 9 | 3 | 114 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 5 , 5 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 6}$ |

Southwest Area (PL 3)
New fires:
New large incidents: 2
Uncontained large fires: 7
Type 1 IMTs committed: 1
Type 2 IMTs committed: 1
Telegraph, Tonto NF, USFS. IMT 1 (SW Team 2). Five mile southeast of Superior, AZ. Grass and brush. Extreme fire behavior with wind-driven runs, torching and short-range spotting. Numerous structures and energy infrastructure threatened. Evacuations, area, road and trail closures in effect.

Mescal, Gila District Office, BLM. IMT 2 (SW Team 5). Twelve miles northeast of Hayden, AZ. Grass, chaparral and brush. Active fire behavior with running, flanking and spotting. Several communities and numerous structures threatened. Evacuations, area and road closures in effect.

Wolf Draw, Santa Fe NF, USFS. Eleven miles northwest of Regina, NM. Timber. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering and creeping.

* Slate, Coconino NF, USFS. Twenty-three miles northwest of Flagstaff, AZ. Chaparral and timber. Active fire behavior with wind-driven runs, isolated torching and spotting. Structures threatened. Road closures in effect.
* Thompson Canyon, Socorro District, New Mexico DOF. Fifteen miles west of Cliff, NM. Timber and brush. Moderate fire behavior with creeping and smoldering.

Dog, Guadalupe Mountains NP, NPS. Thirty-four miles southwest of Whites City, NM. Timber and grass. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Structures threatened. Area and trail closures in effect.

Sam, Gila District Office, BLM. Eight miles north of Bylas, AZ. Brush and grass. No new information.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ <br> Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Telegraph | AZ-TNF | 61,211 | 20,102 | 0 | Ctn | 6/20 | 297 | 21 | 7 | 21 | 4 | 0 | 1.6M | FS |
| Mescal | AZ-GID | 65,825 | 16,194 | 23 | Ctn | 6/30 | 659 | -13 | 18 | 23 | 7 | 0 | 7.3M | BLM |
| Wolf Draw | NM-SNF | 712 | 0 | 75 | Ctn | 6/12 | 70 | -3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2.7M | FS |
| * Slate | AZ-COF | 1,200 | --- | 0 | Ctn | 6/20 | 123 | --- | 3 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 50K | FS |
| * Thompson Canyon | NM-N3S | 732 | --- | 0 | Ctn | 6/11 | 67 | --- | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 50K | ST |
| Dog | TX-GUP | 1,959 | 0 | 40 | Ctn | 7/1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 845K | NPS |
| Sam | AZ-GID | 477 | --- | 90 | Ctn | UNK | 4 | --- | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 450K | BLM |

Large Fires Being Managed with a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned

| Johnson | NM-GNF | 42,126 | 925 | 0 | Comp | $7 / 15$ | 168 | -11 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 2.1 M | FS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drummond | NM-GNF | 501 | 0 | 0 | Comp | $8 / 10$ | 69 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 780 K | FS |
| Cuervito | NM-SNF | 1,621 | --- | 95 | Comp | UNK | 59 | --- | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 980 K | FS |

GNF - Gila NF, USFS

## Great Basin Area (PL 2)

New fires:
New large incidents:
Uncontained large fires: 5
Type 2 IMTs committed: 1

Mammoth, Dixie NF, USFS. IMT 2 (GB Team 5). Twenty miles southwest of Panguitch, UT. Timber. Active fire behavior with creeping, torching and short-range spotting. Numerous residences threatened. Evacuations, area, road and trail closures in effect.

Bennion Creek, Manti-La Sal NF, USFS. Twenty-three miles northwest of Helper, UT. Brush, chaparral and timber. Active fire behavior with group torching, isolated torching and uphill runs. Numerous structures threatened. Area, road and trail closures in effect.

Wilson Creek, Ely District Office, BLM. Fifteen miles northeast of Pioche, NV. Timber and brush. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering and creeping. Structures and communication infrastructure threatened.

Four Mile, Payette NF, USFS. Twelve miles southwest of Yellow Pine, ID. Timber and brush. Minimal fire behavior.

* Birch, Salt Lake Field Office, BLM. Eighteen miles south of Oakley, ID. Brush and short grass. Active fire behavior with running, single tree torching and group torching.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Mammoth | UT-DIF | 699 | 133 | 0 | Ctn | 6/15 | 240 | 177 | 5 | 18 | 4 | 1 | 915K | FS |
| Bennion Creek | UT-MLF | 1,200 | 500 | 10 | Ctn | 6/16 | 196 | 64 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 500K | FS |
| Wilson Creek | NV-ELD | 1,608 | 0 | 95 | Ctn | 6/8 | 45 | -72 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1.4M | BLM |
| Four Mile | ID-PAF | 803 | 0 | 95 | Ctn | UNK | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17K | FS |
| * Birch | UT-SLD | 578 | --- | 0 | Ctn | 6/8 | 133 | --- | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 220K | BLM |

Large Fires Being Managed with a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned

| Cherrywood | NV-NTE | 26,431 | 0 | 75 | Comp | $6 / 12$ | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | $2.5 M$ | DOE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

NTE - Nevada National Security Site, DOE

## Northwest Area (PL 1)

| New fires: | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 2 |
| Type 2 IMTs committed: | 1 |

Joseph Canyon, Vale District, BLM. IMT 2 (NW Team 7). IMT is also managing the Dry Creek fire. Twentythree miles south of Lewiston, ID. Grass and timber. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering, creeping and interior torching.

Dry Creek, Wallowa-Whitman NF, USFS. Thirty-seven miles northeast of Enterprise, OR. Brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior with backing and smoldering.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$\$ } \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Joseph Canyon | OR-VAD | 7,575 | 3,875 | 20 | Ctn | 6/14 | 240 | 133 | 6 | 14 | 7 | 0 | 500K | BLM |
| Dry Creek | OR-WWF | 1,500 | 0 | 50 | Ctn | 6/14 | 97 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 600K | FS |

New large incidents:
Uncontained large fires:
Beaver Tail, Grand Junction Field Office, BLM. Seven miles northeast of Palisade, CO. Brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and isolated torching.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Beaver Tail | CO-GRD | 463 | 0 | 90 | Ctn | 6/8 | 62 | -5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 120K | BLM |
| Sweetgrass | WY-CMX | 320 | -55 | 100 | Ctn | --- | 37 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 300K | CNTY |

CMX - Campbell County

## Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires:14

New large incidents: 0
Uncontained large fires:
Fort Mudge \#2, Georgia Forestry Commission. Nine miles southwest of Hoboken, GA. Southern rough. No new information.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Fort Mudge \#2 | GA-GAS | 842 | --- | 70 | Ctn | 6/25 | 21 | --- | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 71K | ST |
| Large Fires Being Managed with a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Windmill | FL-BCP | 1,065 | --- | 30 | Comp | 6/13 | 11 | --- | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5K | NPS |
| Airplane | FL-BCP | 983 | --- | 20 | Comp | 6/13 | 39 | --- | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 398K | NPS |

BCP - Big Cypress National Preserve, NPS

Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | $\mathbf{7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 2}$ |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 3 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 2 | $\mathbf{1 8}$ |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 108 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 0 8}$ |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 10 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | $\mathbf{7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 1 | 580 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 437 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 2 6}$ |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 22,617 | 0 | 0 | 732 | 1,368 | $\mathbf{2 4 , 7 1 7}$ |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 334 | 27 | $\mathbf{3 7 3}$ |
| TOTAL FIRES: | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 2 | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
| TOTAL ACRES: | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 111 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 1 1}$ |

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 118 | 6 | $\mathbf{1 4 1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 121 | 0 | 0 | 6,995 | 3 | $\mathbf{7 , 1 1 9}$ |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 54 | 79 | 12 | 0 | 574 | 73 | $\mathbf{7 9 2}$ |
|  | ACRES | 228 | 407 | 15 | 0 | 4,817 | 3,403 | $\mathbf{8 , 8 7 0}$ |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 3 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 1,251 | 156 | $\mathbf{1 , 4 2 4}$ |
|  | ACRES | 8 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 3,264 | 272 | $\mathbf{3 , 5 5 0}$ |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 7 | 57 | 2 | 5 | 1,645 | 179 | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 5}$ |
|  | ACRES | 26 | 2,977 | 2 | 8 | 11,417 | 1,436 | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 6 5}$ |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 684 | 13 | 3 | 1 | 434 | 131 | $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 6}$ |
|  | ACRES | 34,064 | 99 | 36 | 20 | 17,035 | 20,026 | $\mathbf{7 1 , 2 8 0}$ |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 16 | 194 | 1 | 7 | 297 | 72 | $\mathbf{5 8 7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 2,304 | 11,675 | 0 | 4 | 32,688 | 2,541 | $\mathbf{4 9 , 2 1 2}$ |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 337 | 88 | 6 | 12 | 249 | 420 | $\mathbf{1 , 1 1 2}$ |
|  | ACRES | 16,863 | 57,048 | 85 | 2,780 | 17,092 | 91,459 | $\mathbf{1 8 5 , 3 2 8}$ |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 77 | 57 | 4 | 8 | 169 | 62 | $\mathbf{3 7 7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 2,143 | 614 | 1,256 | 307 | 71,136 | 2,873 | $\mathbf{7 8 , 3 2 9}$ |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 364 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 6,035 | 348 | $\mathbf{6 , 7 7 7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 12,341 | 0 | 13,273 | 536 | 26,315 | 15,633 | $\mathbf{6 8 , 0 9 9}$ |
| TOTAL FIRES: | FIRES | 370 | 0 | 48 | 31 | 11,497 | 351 | $\mathbf{1 2 , 2 9 7}$ |
| TOTAL ACRES: | ACRES | 28,682 | 0 | 10,344 | 8,175 | 231,136 | 25,973 | $\mathbf{3 0 4 , 3 1 0}$ |


| Ten Year Average Fires (2011 - 2020 as of today) | 22,616 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ten Year Average Acres (2011 - 2020 as of today) | $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 2 , 4 4 5}$ |

***Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.
***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at https://gacc.nifc.gov/

Canadian Fires and Hectares

| PROVINCES | FIRES <br> YESTERDAY | HECTARES <br> YESTERDAY | FIRES <br> YEAR-TO-DATE | HECTARES <br> YEAR-TO- <br> DATE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BRITISH COLUMBIA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| YUKON TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| ALBERTA | 12 | 3 | 522 | 13,458 |
| NORTHWEST TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3,021 |
| SASKATCHEWAN | 1 | 1,073 | 151 | 12,401 |
| MANITOBA | 0 | 0 | 93 | 276,092 |
| ONTARIO | 19 | 25 | 254 | 18,990 |
| QUEBEC | 3 | 0 | 305 | 1,273 |
| NEWFOUNDLAND | 0 | 2 | 31 | 269 |
| NEW BRUNSWICK | 0 | 0 | 116 | 207 |
| NOVA SCOTIA | 0 | 0 | 84 | 177 |
| PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| NATIONAL PARKS | 0 | 0 | 13 | 43 |
| TOTALS | 35 | 1,103 | 1,577 | 325,930 |

*1 Hectare $=2.47$ Acres
Predictive Services Discussion: A weak upper low will move northeast over the Great Basin into Montana while upper-level trough remains centered just off the West Coast. Dry and windy conditions are expected across the Intermountain West with widespread elevated to locally critical fire weather conditions across the Great Basin into the Southwest, West Slope, and southern Wyoming. Strong to severe thunderstorms are likely across the northern High Plains with thunderstorms possible over western Montana and northern Wyoming. Well above average temperatures will continue across the northern Plains through the Great Lakes into the Northeast with chances of showers and thunderstorms over much of the eastern US.
http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm

## Hazard Tree - Risk Management

Felling Safety Category

Consider the severity, probability, and exposure of hazard tree problems continually as you perform duties in forested communities. Remember to look for hazard tree risks at staging areas, parking areas, and camping areas.

- Environmental Element:
- Existing winds and forecast.
- Night operations or low visibility situations limiting your view of surroundings.
- Steep slopes.
- Diseased or bug-kill areas with high densities of dead or dying trees.
- Number, density, and height of hazard trees.
- Amount of time the area has been burning - burn down time.
- Potential for domino effect to surrounding trees.


## - Hazard Tree Indicators:

- Trees burning for any period of time.
- High-risk tree species (rot and shallow roots).
- Numerous downed trees in the area.
- Dead, broken, or burning tops and limbs overhead.
- Accumulation of downed limbs.
- Fungus or growth of decay species on the tree.
- Cavities or evidence of woodpecker damage.
- Forked tops, multiple tops, and/or uneven branch distribution.
- Absence of needles, bark, or limbs.
- Leaning or hung-up.


## - Hazard Control:

- Eliminate the hazards with qualified sawyers, blasters/explosives, or heavy equipment.
- Avoid hazards by designating "No Work Zones" (NWZ) - (flag, sign, and map).
- Modify suppression tactics or fireline location to avoid extreme/high risk rated area.
- Post lookouts to help maintain a secure area.
- Fireproof potential hazard trees to prevent ignition.
- Initiate road/traffic control and area closure.
- Keep clear of bucket drops near trees/snags.
- Establish trigger points for reposition to secure areas in response to high winds.
- Minimize exposure time in hazard tree areas using efficient felling techniques and limiting numbers of personnel in hazardous areas.
Resources: Hazard Tree Resources, Incident Response Pocket Guide, PMS 461, Interagency Standards for Fire \& Fire Aviation
Operations (Red Book), Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide, PMS 210

