

**National Interagency Coordination Center
Incident Management Situation Report
Friday, April 24, 2020 – 0800 MT
National Preparedness Level 1**

National Fire Activity (April 17 – April 23, 2020)

Initial attack activity:	Light (616 new fires)
New large incidents:	12
Large fires contained:	10
Uncontained large fires:***	4
Area Command teams committed:	3
NIMOs committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	0
Type 2 IMTs committed:	0

Nationally, there is 1 large fire being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.

*** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

[Link](#) to Understanding the IMSR.

This report will post every Friday at 0800 Mountain Time unless significant activity occurs.

Area Command teams (Team 1 Stutler, Team 2 Sexton and Team 3 Jalbert) have been assigned by the National Multi-Agency Coordinating Group (NMAC) to develop a national COVID-19 wildland fire response plan.

NIMO (Houseman) has been assigned to COVID-19 support at Forest Service headquarters in Washington D.C.

Active Incident Resource Summary						
GACC	Incidents	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	1	0	0	0	0	10
ONCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
OSCC	1	1	0	0	0	28
NRCC	1	265	0	4	0	25
GBCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWCC	1	842	1	2	1	32
RMCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
EACC	1	1	0	0	0	28
SACC	13	25,173	2	58	5	372
Total	18	26,282	3	64	6	495

Southern Area (PL 2)

New fires: 212
 New large incidents: 11
 Uncontained large fires: 3

* **Holcombe Rd**, Texas A&M Forest Service. Thirty-four miles southwest of Ozona, TX. Brush and tall grass. Extreme fire behavior with group torching, spotting and wind driven runs. Numerous structures threatened.

Silverking, Big Cypress National Preserve, NPS. Forty miles west of Coral Springs, FL. Timber and southern rough. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering and creeping. Structures threatened. Area closures in effect.

* **Sunday Afternoon**, Florida Forest Service. Five miles southwest of Tamiami, FL. Timber. Minimal fire behavior.

* **Bowen Mill Pond**, Georgia Forestry Commission. Started on private land three miles west of Quitman, GA. Brush and tall grass. Moderate fire behavior. Structures threatened. Last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Holcombe Rd	TX-TXS	21,043	---	25	Ctn	4/27	223	---	0	38	1	4	NR	PRI
Silverking	FL-BCP	610	65	40	Ctn	6/30	82	47	1	7	3	0	1.3M	NPS
* Sunday Afternoon	FL-FLS	1,291	---	80	Ctn	4/26	7	---	0	4	0	0	35K	ST
* Bowen Mill Pond	GA-GAS	300	---	30	Comp	5/9	2	---	0	2	0	0	56K	ST
Flint Gap	NC-NCF	387	0	100	Ctn	---	14	0	0	2	0	0	5K	FS

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Page Rd	TN-TNS	182	---	100	Ctn	---	15	---	1	1	0	0	2K	ST
* Red Tractor	FL-FLS	300	---	100	Ctn	---	17	---	0	2	1	0	1K	ST
* Sunshine	KY-KYS	127	---	100	Ctn	---	11	---	1	2	0	0	5K	ST
* HWY 77-2	FL-FLS	102	---	100	Ctn	---	7	---	0	0	0	0	4K	ST
* Bay Woods DR/Dauphin Island Parkway	AL-ALS	424	---	100	Ctn	---	0	---	0	0	0	0	3K	PRI
Oak Canyon	TX-TXS	750	0	100	Ctn	---	3	0	0	0	0	0	NR	ST
* Old Stage Rd	MS-MSS	110	---	100	Comp	---	5	---	0	0	0	0	22K	PRI
* Point Rd	MS-MSS	161	---	100	Comp	---	2	---	0	0	0	0	32K	ST
* Bayou Cumbest	MS-MSS	460	---	100	Comp	---	14	---	0	0	0	0	92K	ST

NCF – National Forests in North Carolina, USFS TNS – Tennessee Division of Forestry KYS – Kentucky Division of Forestry
ALS – Alabama Forestry Commission MSS – Mississippi Forestry Commission

Southwest Area (PL 1)

New fires: 34
New large incidents: 1
Uncontained large fires: 1

* **Whitlow**, Tonto National Forest, USFS. Twenty miles northeast of Mesa, AZ. Short grass. Minimal fire behavior.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Whitlow	AZ-TNF	842	---	75	Ctn	4/24	32	---	1	2	1	0	400K	FS

Fires and Acres (by Protection) from April 17 – April 23, 2020:

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	2	0	0	0	6	3	11
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	11	4	15
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	26	9	35
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	50	17	67
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	2	0	0	20	2	24
	ACRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	3	0	0	0	13	7	23
	ACRES	267	0	0	0	67	18	352
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	8	0	2	22	2	34
	ACRES	0	87	0	0	123	4	214
Southwest Area	FIRES	11	9	0	0	0	14	34
	ACRES	10	4	0	0	0	854	868
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	4	6	2	0	10	1	23
	ACRES	3	1	268	0	62	0	334
Eastern Area	FIRES	36	0	2	0	155	27	220
	ACRES	41	0	443	0	1,012	99	1,595
Southern Area	FIRES	10	0	0	1	198	3	212
	ACRES	173	0	0	34	1,133	71	1,411
TOTAL FIRES:		66	25	4	3	450	68	616
TOTAL ACRES:		494	93	711	34	2,458	1,067	4,857

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	4	0	5
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	21	8	1	0	192	24	246
	ACRES	193	149	1,000	0	265	11	1,618
Northern California Area	FIRES	1	3	0	0	400	40	444
	ACRES	1	57	0	0	430	391	880
Southern California Area	FIRES	2	14	1	0	345	45	407
	ACRES	2	5	0	0	102	105	214
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	149	1	0	0	132	35	317
	ACRES	1,313	2	0	0	8,601	303	10,219
Great Basin Area	FIRES	5	35	10	6	103	11	170
	ACRES	35	148	0	42	759	88	1,073
Southwest Area	FIRES	57	43	1	0	52	79	232
	ACRES	84	122	23	0	2,648	950	3,828
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	37	7	4	0	135	11	194
	ACRES	205	30	446	0	26,726	1,128	28,535
Eastern Area	FIRES	89	0	16	1	2,488	160	2,754
	ACRES	127	0	974	1	8,053	1,340	10,495
Southern Area	FIRES	192	86	10	19	5,550	219	6,076
	ACRES	17,774	404	2,951	1,004	117,315	19,724	159,173
TOTAL FIRES:		553	198	43	26	9,401	624	10,845
TOTAL ACRES:		19,735	918	5,394	1,047	164,901	24,043	216,040

Ten Year Average Fires (2010 – 2019 as of today)	15,686
Ten Year Average Acres (2010 – 2019 as of today)	732,184

***Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <https://qacc.nifc.gov/>

Prescribed Fires and Acres from April 17 – April 23, 2020 (by Ownership):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	16	0	0	0	0	16
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	2	18	0	20
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	84	0	0	0	0	84
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	FIRES	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	155	0	0	0	0	0	155
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1,025	1	1,026
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	24,638	35	24,673
TOTAL FIRES:		1	0	0	1	1,026	1	1,029
TOTAL ACRES:		155	100	0	2	24,656	35	24,948

***Prescribed fire acres are for reference only and may not reflect the most up-to-date information.

***Official prescribed fire accomplishment reporting occurs through agency specific systems of record.

Predictive Services Discussion: Borderline critical fire weather conditions will continue along the Mexican Border Friday as very low humidities and breezy winds redevelop. Dry conditions will develop over most of the West for the weekend as a warm westerly flow develops. Passing fronts will bring precipitation to areas along the Canadian Border Saturday and again on Sunday. Further warming is expected Tuesday through Thursday west of the Continental Divide as a high pressure ridge develops along the coast and moves east. A strengthening area of low pressure will approach the coast of the Pacific Northwest on Friday. Valley rain and mountain snow will be possible in the Cascades Friday night and into the weekend along with much cooler temperatures. In the East, south Florida will receive needed rainfall on Saturday as a front stalls out over the area and weakens. Beyond that, dry conditions will return beginning Monday and last all week. The Carolinas and Virginia will see precipitation this weekend and next Wednesday night as fronts pass. In Alaska, an extended warm and dry period will develop as high pressure develops over the state and strengthens during the week.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



Wildland/Urban Interface – Structure Protection

Operational Engagement Category

The primary consideration of any operation is to assure firefighter and public safety. It is a must to assess potential fire behavior, ingress/egress routes, nature of the threat, hazardous materials, and available water supplies before engaging in the protection of any structure.

Factors that may make an attempt to save a structure too dangerous include:

- The fire is making a sustained run and there is little or no clearance between the structure and the fuel.
- The fire behavior is extreme; spot fires are numerous and the spread is outpacing containment.
- Water supply will not last as long as the threat of the fire.
- The fire intensity dictates that you leave the fire area immediately.
- The structure is constructed of wood and has a wood shake roof.
- The roof of the structure is more than one-quarter involved.
- There is fire inside of the structure, or windows are broken and there is no way to quickly repair them.
- You cannot safely remain at the structure because your escape route could become unusable.

When implementing a plan to protect structures, consider the following:

- Do not enter a burning structure unless you are trained, equipped, and authorized. Firefighter safety and survival is the number one priority.
- Always stay mobile and wear all of your PPE.
- Back in equipment to allow for a quick escape.
- Coil a short, charged line with a fog nozzle on your engine for safety and quick knockdown capability.
- Don't make long hose lays.
- Keep at least 100 gallons of water reserve in your tank.
- Check the road system before the fire approaches. Know bridge limits, alternate access routes, and turnarounds for your vehicle and other support vehicles.
- Determine if residents are home. Leave on the inside and outside lights, regardless of the time of day. Close the garage door.
- Place the owners' ladder at a corner of the home on the side with the least fire threat.
- Coil and charge garden hoses.
- Check and mark hazmat; e.g., LPG (Liquefied Propane Gas), pesticides, and paint storage.

Resources:

[Incident Response Pocket Guide, PMS 461](#)

[Interagency Standards for Fire & Fire Aviation Operations](#)

[Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide, PMS 210](#)

Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.

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