

**National Interagency Coordination Center  
Incident Management Situation Report  
Friday, February 28, 2020 – 0800 MT  
National Preparedness Level 1**

**National Fire Activity (February 21 – February 27, 2020)**

Initial attack activity:	Light (236 new fires)
New large incidents:	2
Large fires contained:	2
Uncontained large fires:***	0
Area Command teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	0
Type 2 IMTs committed:	0

Nationally, there are 0 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.

\*\*\* Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

[Link](#) to Understanding the IMSR.

This report will post every Friday at 0800 Mountain Time unless significant activity occurs.

Seven wildland fire personnel are assigned to support large fires in New South Wales, Australia.

One hundred one wildland fire personnel are assigned to support large fires in Victoria, Australia.

<b>Active Incident Resource Summary</b>						
<b>GACC</b>	<b>Incidents</b>	<b>Cumulative Acres</b>	<b>Crews</b>	<b>Engines</b>	<b>Helicopters</b>	<b>Total Personnel</b>
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
ONCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
OSCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
GBCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
RMCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	3	2,731	0	7	0	18
<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,731</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>18</b>

**Southern Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 113  
New large incidents: 2  
Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* Dog Town	OK-OMA	1,280	---	100	Ctn	---	0	---	0	0	0	0	4K	BIA
* Shelly Branch	OK-OKS	830	---	100	Ctn	---	8	---	0	5	0	0	8K	ST

OMA – Okmulgee Field Office, BIA OKS – Oklahoma Division of Forestry

**Fires and Acres (by Protection) from February 21 – February 27, 2020:**

<b>Area</b>		<b>BIA</b>	<b>BLM</b>	<b>FWS</b>	<b>NPS</b>	<b>ST/OT</b>	<b>USFS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	2	0	0	3	0	<b>5</b>
	ACRES	0	133	0	0	9	0	<b>142</b>
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	61	7	<b>69</b>
	ACRES	0	57	0	0	109	71	<b>237</b>
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	19	6	<b>25</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	29	3	<b>32</b>
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Great Basin Area	FIRES	1	6	0	0	6	1	<b>14</b>
	ACRES	11	2	0	0	7	1	<b>21</b>
Southwest Area	FIRES	3	3	0	0	0	1	<b>7</b>
	ACRES	1	24	0	0	1	1	<b>28</b>
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	<b>1</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	40	0	<b>40</b>
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	2	<b>2</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	17	<b>17</b>
Southern Area	FIRES	9	0	2	1	93	8	<b>113</b>
	ACRES	1,288	0	235	0	1,001	386	<b>2,911</b>
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>236</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>1,300</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,196</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>3,429</b>

**Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):**

<b>Area</b>		<b>BIA</b>	<b>BLM</b>	<b>FWS</b>	<b>NPS</b>	<b>ST/OT</b>	<b>USFS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	4	0	0	3	0	<b>7</b>
	ACRES	0	147	0	0	8	0	<b>155</b>
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	165	16	<b>182</b>
	ACRES	0	57	0	0	182	181	<b>420</b>
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	9	0	0	171	27	<b>207</b>
	ACRES	0	1	0	0	57	79	<b>137</b>
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	7	1	0	0	10	5	<b>23</b>
	ACRES	2	2	0	0	3,895	2	<b>3,901</b>
Great Basin Area	FIRES	1	7	0	1	13	2	<b>24</b>
	ACRES	11	2	0	0	15	70	<b>98</b>
Southwest Area	FIRES	9	10	0	0	13	12	<b>44</b>
	ACRES	1	85	0	0	1,700	76	<b>1,863</b>
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	5	0	0	0	11	2	<b>18</b>
	ACRES	19	0	0	0	6,107	544	<b>6,670</b>
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	96	10	<b>106</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	231	185	<b>416</b>
Southern Area	FIRES	68	13	8	4	1,743	64	<b>1,900</b>
	ACRES	4,479	250	2,857	1	20,687	1,282	<b>29,558</b>
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>90</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2,225</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>2,511</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>4,512</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>2,857</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>32,883</b>	<b>2,420</b>	<b>43,219</b>

<b>Ten Year Average Fires (2010 – 2019 as of today)</b>	<b>4,769</b>
<b>Ten Year Average Acres (2010 – 2019 as of today)</b>	<b>98,723</b>

\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.  
 \*\*\*Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <https://gacc.nifc.gov/>

**Prescribed Fires and Acres from February 21 – February 27, 2020 (by Ownership):**

<b>Area</b>		<b>BIA</b>	<b>BLM</b>	<b>FWS</b>	<b>NPS</b>	<b>ST/OT</b>	<b>USFS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	3	0	0	0	6	<b>9</b>
	ACRES	0	1,960	0	0	0	606	<b>2,566</b>
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	7	9	<b>16</b>
	ACRES	0	30	25	0	240	1,880	<b>2,175</b>
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	11	<b>11</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	673	<b>673</b>
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	<b>1</b>
	ACRES	0	8	0	0	0	25	<b>33</b>
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	2	0	1	1	2	<b>6</b>
	ACRES	0	160	0	10	77	19	<b>266</b>
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	2	0	1	0	5	<b>8</b>
	ACRES	0	486	0	97	0	723	<b>1,306</b>
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	5	7	<b>13</b>
	ACRES	0	35	0	45	284	692	<b>1,056</b>
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	1	0	2	6	<b>9</b>
	ACRES	0	0	354	0	60	2,378	<b>2,792</b>
Southern Area	FIRES	8	0	6	2	136	49	<b>201</b>
	ACRES	1,488	0	6,894	505	3,669	46,722	<b>59,278</b>
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>274</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>1,488</b>	<b>2,679</b>	<b>7,273</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>4,330</b>	<b>53,718</b>	<b>70,145</b>

\*\*\*Prescribed fire acres are for reference only and may not reflect the most up-to-date information.

\*\*\*Official prescribed fire accomplishment reporting occurs through agency specific systems of record.

**Predictive Services Discussion:** The warm high pressure ridge located along the West Coast will weaken Friday afternoon and Friday night and will allow for a fast-moving, cold trough of low pressure to dive south from the Pacific Northwest across California and the Great Basin Saturday and Saturday night. Light to moderate snowfall amounts are possible in the mountains. Lower elevations will likely only see light amount of rain, not enough to make a positive impact. They system will turn east and move across the southern Great Plains on Monday and early Tuesday bringing moderate rainfall to north central Texas and Oklahoma as the system becomes more organized. As the system moves into the East Tuesday night, the next system will move into the Pacific Northwest and the Northern Rockies bringing snow to both valley and mountain locations. An extended warming and drying trend will ensue along the West Coast Thursday and Friday as another ridge of high pressure develops.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



## NFDRS PocketCards

*Weather - Fire Behavior Category*

The NFDRS PocketCard is a tool for field personnel to locally track outputs of the National Fire Danger Rating System (NFDRS) throughout the fire season. It is based on current and historical weather for a localized area and the area's historic fire occurrence. The PocketCard displays a general assessment of the fire potential and identifies combinations of local weather and fuel conditions that might contribute to severe fire behavior.

### The PocketCard provides:

- A general indicator of the potential fire danger for a given rating or protection area.
- A graph showing the trend and status of the current year's fire season.
- A comparison of current year conditions to historical worst and average conditions.
- Fire danger values related to past large or problem fires.
- Critical local thresholds for temperature, humidity, wind speed, and fuel moistures associated with large or problem fires.

### Discuss the following ways to use the PocketCard:

- Use it primarily before fires occur, before arriving at a fire. It is also useful during initial fire size-up, initial attack, and extended attack.
- Use it to learn of critical thresholds that predict the potential for extreme fire behavior for the local area. Be aware that local critical thresholds may be occurring earlier in the season.
- Use it to compare current and predicted local fire danger to historical local fire danger to enhance situational awareness.
- Use it to track daily fire danger indices that gauge the potential for weather and fuels to support extreme fire behavior, and of the difficulty of control.
- Use it to supplement local experience.
- Use it as a point of reference for firefighters not familiar with the area represented by the card.
- When you receive a fire assignment outside your local area, visit the National PocketCard website at <https://famit.nwcg.gov/applications/WIMS/PocketCards> where PocketCards are filed by Geographic Area.
- Put it in the pocket of all your firefighters and keep one in your fire vehicle.
- Post it in dispatch. Use them in briefings. Provide them to incoming crews.
- **Do not use the PocketCard for site specific fire behavior predictions and fireline actions or without an interpretive briefing.**
- Review definitions and implications of ERC and BI values.

Resources: [NFDRS Pocket Cards](#), [NWCG](#), [Incident Response Pocket Guide](#), [PMS 461](#), [Interagency Standards for Fire & Fire Aviation Operations](#), [Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide](#), [PMS 210](#)

**Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.**

[EMAIL](#) | [Facebook](#) | MAIL: 6 Minutes for Safety Subcommittee • 3833 S. Development Ave • Boise, ID 83705 | FAX: 208-387-5250