National Interagency Coordination Center Incident Management Situation Report Wednesday, October 30, 2019 – 0800 MT National Preparedness Level 2

National Fire Activity

Initial attack activity:	Light (46 new fires)
New large incidents:	1
Large fires contained:	2
Uncontained large fires:***	8
Area Command teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1
Type 2 IMTs committed:	0

Nationally, there are 6 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression. *** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

Link to Geographic Area daily reports.

Link to Understanding the IMSR.

		Active Incide	ent Resour	ce Summa	ary	
GACC	Incidents	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	1	800	0	23	4	117
ONCC	4	80,854	94	649	39	5,995
OSCC	4	19,633	20	143	0	864
NRCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
GBCC	2	4,068	0	11	1	54
SWCC	1	400	2	0	0	70
RMCC	4	13,236	1	31	4	225
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	4	1,509	2	3	0	71
Total	20	120,500	119	860	48	7,396

Northern California Area (PL 3)

New fires:	28
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	3
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1

Kincade, Sonoma-Lake Napa Unit, Cal Fire. IMT 1 (Cal Fire Team 6). Ten miles northeast of Geyserville, CA. Timber, chaparral and short grass. Active fire behavior with backing and flanking. Several communities and energy infrastructure threatened. Evacuations, area and road closures in effect.

Burris, Mendocino Unit, Cal Fire. Four miles south of Potter Valley, CA. Chaparral and tall grass. Moderate fire behavior with smoldering. Structures threatened.

Caples, Eldorado NF, USFS. Eighteen miles southwest of South Lake Tahoe, CA. Timber and brush. Minimal fire behavior with creeping, backing and smoldering. Area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc	\$\$	Origin
		Acres	Chge	/0	Comp	LSI	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
Kincade	CA-LNU	76,138	1,814	15	Ctn	11/7	4,870	497	78	558	27	189	31.4M	ST
Burris	CA-MEU	350	0	75	Ctn	11/3	962	-46	14	72	3	0	2M	ST
Caples	CA-ENF	3,435	0	92	Ctn	10/31	57	-6	2	2	1	0	6.3M	FS
Larg	e Fires Bein	g Manageo	d With a S	Strateg	y Other T	han Full	Suppress	ion Witho	out a Ty	ype 1 o	r 2 IM1	- Assig	ned	
South	CA-SHF	5,332		75	Comp	10/31	1		0	0	0	2	10M	FS

SHF – Shasta-Trinity NF, USFS

Southern California Area (PL 3)

New fires:	10
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	2

Getty, Los Angeles City Fire Department. One mile south of West Lake Village, CA. Brush and chaparral. Extreme fire behavior with wind-driven runs. Numerous structures threatened. Area, road and trail closures in effect.

Tick, Los Angeles County Fire Department. Twelve miles northeast of Santa Clarita, CA. Chaparral and tall grass. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Numerous structures threatened. Area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Siz	ze	%	Ctn/	Est	Perso	onnel	Re	esource	es	Strc	\$\$	Origin
		Acres	Chge	70	Comp	LSI	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
Getty	CA-LFD	656	0	15	Ctn	11/14	673	-229	14	123	0	12	3.1M	C&L
Tick	CA-LAC	4,615	0	90	Ctn	10/31	176	-24	6	20	0	29	8.1M	C&L

Rocky Mountain Area (PL 1)

New fires:	0
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	2

G18, Conejos County, CO. Four miles east of Antonito, CO. Grass. Extreme fire behavior with running.

Cow Creek, Grand Mesa, Uncompany and Gunnison NF. Nine miles east of Ridgeway, CO. Timber, brush and tall grass. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Structures threatened

Incident Name Un	Lloit	Size		%	Ctn/	Est	Personnel		Re	esource	s	Strc	\$\$	Origin
	Onit	Acres	Chge	/0	Comp	Loi	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
G18	CO-CJX	2,183	0	80	Ctn	UNK	84	0	0	25	0	0	UNK	C&L
Cow Creek	CO-GMF	859	0	20	Ctn	12/1	4	-24	0	0	0	0	2.3M	FS
Larg	e Fires Bein	g Manage	d With a S	strategy	/ Other T	han Full	Suppress	ion Witho	ut a Ty	pe 1 or	2 IMT	Assigr	ned	
Middle Mamm	CO-WRF	1,235	0	42	Comp	11/20	14	0	0	1	2	0	4.1M	FS
Granite Lake	CO-WRF	720		2	Comp	12/1	1		0	0	0	0	225K	FS

WRF – White River NF, USFS

Southwest Area (PL 1)

New fires:	0
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	1

Molino, Coronado NF, USFS. Six miles northeast of Tanque Verde, AZ. Brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior.

Incident Name	ame Unit Size Acres Chge	ze	%	₀∠ Ctn/		Perso	onnel	Re	esource	S	Strc	\$\$	Origin	
incident Name		Acres	Chge	/0	Comp	Est	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
Molino	AZ-CNF	400	82	50	Ctn	11/4	70	-10	2	0	0	0	60K	FS
Larg	e Fires Bein	g Manage	d With a S	strategy	/ Other T	han Full	Suppress	ion Witho	ut a Ty	pe 1 or	2 IMT	Assig	ned	
Ikes	AZ-GCP	16,400		80	Comp	12/1	20		0	3	0	0	3.9M	NPS

GCP - Grand Canyon NP, NPS

Great Basin Area (PL 1)

New fires:	0
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	0

Incident Name	Unit	Si	ze	% Ctn/		Est	Perso	onnel	Re	esource	s	Strc	\$\$	Origin
meident Name	Onit	Acres Chge	70	Comp	231	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own	
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Skull Flat 2	UT-FIF	600		0	Comp	11/22	5		0	0	0	0	60K	FS
Swasey Peak	UT-RID	103		0	Comp	11/30	1		0	0	0	0	25K	FS

FIF – Fishlake NF, USFS RID – Richfield Field Office, BLM

Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires:	8
New large incidents:	0
Uncontained large fires:	0

Incident Name	Unit	Si	ze	%	Ctn/	Est	Perso	onnel	Resources		Strc	\$\$	Origin	
		Acres	Chge	/0	Comp	LSI	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
Switchhouse	TX-TXS	400	0	100	Ctn		1	-7	0	0	0	0	NR	PRI

TXS – Texas A&M Forest Service

Northwest Area (PL 1)

New fires:	
New large incidents:	
Uncontained large fires:	

Incident Name	Unit –	Si	ze	0/	% Ctn/		Personnel		Resources			Strc		Origin
		Acres	Chge	/0	Comp	Comp Est	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
* Milepost 20	WA-SPD	800		100	Ctn		117		0	23	4	0	75K	BLM

0 1 0

SPD – Spokane District, BLM

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alaska Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	22	6	28
Northern California Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	16,106	4.1	16,110
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	7	3	10
Southern California Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	2	0.1	2
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coutburget Aree	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Decky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fostern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Couthorn Area	FIRES	0	0	0	1	7	0	8
Southern Area	ACRES	0	0	0	247	7	0	254
TOTAL FIRES:		0	0	0	1	36	9	46
TOTAL ACRES:		0	0	0	247	16,115	4.2	16,366

Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection)

A ** 0.0		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Area					NP3			
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	243	0	0	416	44	703
	ACRES	0	1,692,467	0	0	884,548	13	2,577,028
Northwest Area	FIRES	239	231	19	29	1,902	1,046	3,466
	ACRES	49,941	43,930	23,491	6	20,868	25,357	163,594
	FIRES	53	47	4	7	2,755	505	3,371
Northern California Area	ACRES	28	5,656	25	1	111,103	88,621	205,435
Quarth and Qualifamain Asso	FIRES	24	87	11	23	3,592	379	4,116
Southern California Area	ACRES	269	2,831	2,729	109	25,072	23,746	54,756
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	750	47	22	15	831	475	2,140
	ACRES	12,081	952	10,026	116	37,520	11,616	72,311
	FIRES	41	757	8	34	887	493	2,220
Great Basin Area	ACRES	172	248,696	13	447	153,247	51,892	454,467
Ocuthurs at Area	FIRES	654	206	15	55	616	894	2,440
Southwest Area	ACRES	56,620	6,827	96	23,383	29,163	326,589	442,678
Deeles Mesurtain Anna	FIRES	272	322	2	12	572	365	1,545
Rocky Mountain Area	ACRES	1,956	21,631	5,097	29	37,586	30,429	96,728
Fratewa Arra	FIRES	301	0	25	31	4,036	318	4,711
Eastern Area	ACRES	569	0	971	520	30,439	5,140	37,640
	FIRES	263	0	37	50	19,166	317	19,833
Southern Area	ACRES	22,730	0	2,556	2,571	400,542	21,290	449,689
TOTAL FIRES:		2,597	1,940	143	256	34,773	4,836	44,545
TOTAL ACRES:		144,367	2,022,990	45,004	27,182	1,730,090	584,696	4,554,331
Ten Year A	vorago Ei	ros (2000) - 2018 as	of today)		51	.381	

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

Ten Year Average Fires (2009 – 2018 as of today)	54,381
Ten Year Average Acres (2009 – 2018 as of today)	6,502,119

***Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <u>https://gacc.nifc.gov/</u>

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aldska Alea	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Noninwest Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	25	25
Northern California	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern California	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Nonthern Rockies Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	68	68
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gleat Dasili Alea	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pooky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Rocky Mountain Area	ACRES	0	5	0	0	30	28	63
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Eastern Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	323	0	323
Southern Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1,729	0	1,729
TOTAL FIRES:		0	0	0	0	323	6	329
TOTAL ACRES:		0	5	0	0	1,759	122	1,886

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Ownership):

***Prescribed fire acres are for reference only and may not reflect the most up-to-date information. ***Official prescribed fire accomplishment reporting occurs through agency specific systems of record.

Predictive Services Discussion: The current Foehn Wind episode will reach it's peak today across California. Expect very windy conditions and single digit humidities in prone areas. Winds will continue through the overnight period. High pressure along the West Coast will move on shore and inland by afternoon. This will allow for continued dry conditions. Middle and upper elevations and also coastal areas will see temperatures that are well above average. However, the lower valleys and basins will likely see the development of strong valley temperature inversions. A breezy northwesterly flow will continue across the Great Plains in the wake of a passing cold front that should cross the Mississippi River around mid-day. As it does so, moisture from the Gulf of Mexico will be drawn north and should bring wetting rainfall to both the Appalachian Mountains and areas east. Widespread significant fire weather concerns are not expected today.



Fire Shelter Deployment Site Selection

Operational Engagement Category

A primary objective of every operational fire plan is to keep firefighters out of entrapment situations. However, firefighters must always be prepared to deploy their fire shelters. The key to a successful fire shelter deployment is proper site selection. Consider the following when discussing shelter deployment site selection.

- Pick a site that will keep the fire shelter away from flames and convective heat. The site also should limit the amount of radiant heat that reaches the shelter.
- Select an area with no fuels. If that isn't possible, select a site in light fuels, such as grass, where the flaming front will pass quickly. Clear the site to mineral soil if at all possible. If time is critical, pick a site with the least fuel.
- Pick natural firebreaks (such as wet meadows; creek beds; wet, swampy areas; large rockslides with no fuels). Rough terrain in rockslides may make it difficult to seal the fire shelter to the ground.
- Areas on the lee side of ridgetops and knobs can be effective deployment sites because convective heat and flames will generally continue rising above them.
- Wide areas that have been cleared of fuel, such as dozer lines or roads, can be effective deployment sites. In larger areas, don't let trucks, dozers, and other equipment occupy the best deployment sites.
- Flat areas on slopes, such as benches or road cuts, offer some protection from radiant and convective heat. Level areas like these can keep you under the path of flames and convective heat.
 - The ditch on the inside of the road, if free of fuel may be an effective deployment site on a road.
 - Consider vehicle traffic.
- Avoid areas that tend to funnel smoke, flames and hot gasses, such as:
 - Narrow draws
 - Saddles on ridgetops
 - Chimneys and chutes
- Know how long it takes to reach your safety zone. Crew supervisors should identify and communicate escape routes and safety zones.
- If you're not in a suitable shelter deployment area, keep escaping while watching for a possible deployment site.
- Ensure sites are clearly identified and marked.

Resources: Your Fire Shelter, PMS 411, Incident Response Pocket Guide, PMS 461, Interagency Standards for Fire & Fire Aviation Operations, Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide, PMS 210