

**National Interagency Coordination Center  
Incident Management Situation Report  
Monday, October 7, 2019 – 0530 MT  
National Preparedness Level 1**

**National Fire Activity**

Initial attack activity:	Light (50 new fires)
New large incidents:	1
Large fires contained:	1
Uncontained large fires:***	5
Area Command teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	1
Type 2 IMTs committed:	0

Nationally, there are 11 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.

\*\*\* Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

[Link](#) to Understanding the IMSR.

<b>Active Incident Resource Summary</b>						
<b>GACC</b>	<b>Incidents</b>	<b>Cumulative Acres</b>	<b>Crews</b>	<b>Engines</b>	<b>Helicopters</b>	<b>Total Personnel</b>
AICC	1	167,164	0	1	0	8
NWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
ONCC	1	562	2	18	2	153
OSCC	3	10,641	3	11	0	173
NRCC	2	2,992	0	1	0	16
GBCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWCC	2	2,466	1	5	1	57
RMCC	3	7,208	33	31	8	1,083
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	15	2,638	5	22	0	175
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>193,671</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1,665</b>

**Rocky Mountain Area (PL 2)**

New fires: 3  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 0  
 Type 1 IMTs committed: 1

**Decker**, Rio Grande NF, USFS. IMT 1 (RM Type 1). Nine miles south of Salida, CO. Timber and light logging slash. Active fire behavior with flanking and backing. Numerous structures threatened. Evacuations, road, area and trail closures in effect. Sage-grouse habitat threatened.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Decker	CO-RGF	6,155	234	5	Comp	12/20	882	76	25	28	5	2	5.3M	FS
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Middle Mamm	CO-WRF	985	44	2	Comp	10/31	165	-36	7	2	2	0	1.3M	FS
Granite Lake	CO-WRF	713	---	2	Comp	12/1	36	---	1	1	1	0	150K	FS

WRF – White River NF, USFS

**Southern Area (PL 3)**

New fires: 8  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 2

**Rockcastle**, Kentucky DOF. Fourteen miles west of London, KY. Hardwood litter, tall grass and light logging slash. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering and creeping. Structures threatened.

**Sky Bridge**, Daniel Boone NF, USFS. Four miles southeast of Frenchburg, KY. Hardwood litter and brush. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Rockcastle	KY-KYS	484	0	95	Ctn	UNK	37	-7	2	4	0	0	55K	ST
Sky Bridge	KY-DBF	125	0	85	Ctn	10/7	42	-1	2	2	0	0	285K	FS
Hackberry Lake	TX-TXS	355	0	100	Ctn	---	1	-4	0	1	0	0	NR	ST

TXS - Texas A&M Forest Service

**Northern California Area (PL 2)**

New fires: 12  
 New large incidents: 1  
 Uncontained large fires: 1

\* **American**, Sonoma-Lake Napa Unit, Cal Fire. One mile east of American Canyon, CA. Brush and tall grass. Active fire behavior with wind driven runs, uphill runs and backing. Numerous structures threatened. Road closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
* American	CA-LNU	562	---	60	Ctn	10/8	153	---	2	18	2	1	100K	ST

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
South	CA-SHF	5,332	---	62	Comp	10/31	43	---	1	1	1	2	4.4M	FS

SHF – Shasta-Trinity NF, USFS

### **Southwest Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 1  
New large incidents: 0  
Uncontained large fires: 1

**Maton**, Carson NF, USFS. Thirty-five miles west of Taos, NM. Timber. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Maton	NM-CAF	105	---	75	Ctn	10/7	52	---	1	4	1	0	130K	FS
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Ikes	AZ-GCP	9,000	---	75	Comp	10/15	63	---	1	5	1	0	2.7M	NPS
Telephone	AZ-ASF	2,361	---	90	Comp	10/10	5	---	0	1	0	0	120K	FS
Sheridan	AZ-PNF	21,510	---	90	Comp	10/12	0	---	0	0	0	0	4.2M	FS

GCP – Grand Canyon NP, NPS    ASF – Apache-Sitgreaves NF, USFS    PNF – Prescott NF, USFS

### **Southern California Area (PL 2)**

New fires: 24  
New large incidents: 0  
Uncontained large fires: 1

**Taboose**, Inyo NF, USFS. Ten miles southwest of Big Pine, CA. Timber, brush and short grass. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Taboose	CA-INF	10,296	---	75	Ctn	10/31	25	---	0	1	0	0	10.9M	FS

### **Alaska Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 0  
New large incidents: 0  
Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Swan Lake	AK-KKS	167,164	---	90	Comp	12/31	8	---	0	1	0	0	49M	FWS
Tokaina 2	AK-CRS	9,412	---	0	Comp	UNK	5	---	0	0	1	0	NR	ST

KKS – Kenai-Kodiak Area, Alaska DOF    CRS – Valdez-Copper River Area, Alaska DOF

**Great Basin Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 2  
New large incidents: 0  
Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Tincup	ID-CTF	268	---	0	Comp	UNK	4	---	0	1	0	0	110K	FS

CTF – Caribou-Targhee NF, USFS

**Northern Rockies (PL 1)**

New fires: 0  
New large incidents: 0  
Uncontained large fires: 0

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
Shale Creek	ID-NCF	630	---	0	Comp	11/1	0	---	0	0	0	0	25K	FS

NCF – Nez Perce-Clearwater NF, USFS

**Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):**

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	11	1	12
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	5	2	7
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	21	2	24
	ACRES	0	1	0	0	29	92	122
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	1	1	3
	ACRES	0	33	0	0	170	0	203
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	6	2	8
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	10	51	61
TOTAL FIRES:		0	3	0	0	40	7	50
TOTAL ACRES:		0	34	0	0	216	145	395

### Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	243	0	0	416	44	703
	ACRES	0	1,692,467	0	0	884,548	13	2,577,028
Northwest Area	FIRES	232	189	17	29	1,876	989	3,332
	ACRES	49,839	29,192	23,489	4	20,829	25,281	148,636
Northern California Area	FIRES	52	45	4	7	2,449	477	3,034
	ACRES	28	5,599	25	1	33,308	85,151	124,113
Southern California Area	FIRES	21	81	10	20	3,261	331	3,724
	ACRES	188	421	2,727	106	18,693	23,023	45,158
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	746	47	22	15	812	465	2,107
	ACRES	12,076	952	10,026	116	37,474	11,551	72,195
Great Basin Area	FIRES	39	735	8	34	843	468	2,127
	ACRES	172	259,100	3	430	150,874	35,341	445,921
Southwest Area	FIRES	611	203	11	52	596	832	2,305
	ACRES	52,016	6,826	55	12,729	28,958	326,460	427,045
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	263	316	1	11	554	336	1,481
	ACRES	1,952	21,576	5,048	29	30,036	27,015	85,656
Eastern Area	FIRES	301	0	16	31	3,868	298	4,514
	ACRES	569	0	428	520	28,544	5,136	35,197
Southern Area	FIRES	257	0	36	46	17,620	301	18,260
	ACRES	22,694	0	2,549	2,320	382,442	20,238	430,243
TOTAL FIRES:		2,522	1,859	125	245	32,295	4,541	41,587
TOTAL ACRES:		139,536	2,016,134	44,350	16,255	1,615,707	559,212	4,391,196

Ten Year Average Fires (2009 – 2018 as of today)	51,516
Ten Year Average Acres (2009 – 2018 as of today)	6,351,307

\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

\*\*\*Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <https://gacc.nifc.gov/>

**Predictive Services Discussion:** The frontal boundary in the East will begin to fall apart early in the day as it begins to approach the coast. However, residual shower activity will continue to positively impact the western halves of the Carolinas, north Georgia, and northern Alabama. Temperatures will be average to slightly below average east of the Mississippi River. In the West, the ridge of high pressure will flatten into a westerly flow. This will allow a very weak disturbance to move east from California into the Great Basin. Impacts from this disturbance will be nearly nonexistent perhaps only enhancing vertical mixing of potential smoke from area burns. A stronger but compact front will move into the Pacific Northwest early in the afternoon increasing winds west of the Continental Divide and reintroducing shower activity into the Cascades.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



## Extreme Fire Behavior 2

*Weather - Fire Behavior Category*

Mild, moderate, and EXTREME fire behavior has always been present in cases of shelter deployment. It is critical for firefighters to maintain situational awareness of live and dead fuel moisture conditions, as well as predicted and current weather conditions. As fire behavior changes, it is critical to respond correctly to the changing situation.

● Discuss how the following factors can contribute or lead to extreme fire behavior:

- Frost Kill: Has there been a late or unusually extensive freeze? Is the loading of frost-killed fuels high?
- Drought Conditions: Live Fuel Moistures Index, KBDI, Soil Moisture Index, low humidity, high temperatures.
- Slope: Increases fire spread uphill, preheats fuels by convection; may channel winds.
- Sea Breeze/Foehn: Wind direction may vary throughout the day, humidity changes may occur; strong wind velocities may drive fire behavior to extremes.

● To aid situational awareness, track NFDRS live and dead fuel moisture outputs.

● Take hourly weather observations and track the hourly changes. By tracking fuel moisture and weather observations and using the Fire Severity Related to Fuel Moisture Chart, firefighters can be alerted to those conditions that can lead to situations where there is a high potential for extreme fire behavior.

Resources:

[Incident Response Pocket Guide](#)

[Interagency Standards for Fire & Fire Aviation Operations](#)

[Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide](#)

**Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.**

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