# National Interagency Coordination Center Incident Management Situation Report <br> Sunday, September 1, 2019 - 0530 MT <br> National Preparedness Level 2 

National Fire Activity
Initial attack activity:
New large incidents:
Large fires contained:
Uncontained large fires:***
Area Command teams committed:
NIMOs committed:
Type 1 IMTs committed:
Type 2 IMTs committed:

Light (100 new fires)
2
2
13
0
1
2
5

Nationally, there are 36 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression. *** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

Resources have mobilized in support of Hurricane Dorian ESF \#4 recovery efforts. One IMT 1 (NR Team 2) staged in Atlanta, GA and two Type 1 crews staged in Macon, GA have been tasked with coordination of emergency road clearing. One NIMO (Atlanta) and two Type 1 crews, staged in south Florida, have been tasked with assisting medical and urban search and rescue teams.

Link to Geographic Area daily reports.
Link to Understanding the IMSR.

| Active Incident Resource Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GACC | Incidents | Cumulative <br> Acres | Crews | Engines | Helicopters | Total <br> Personnel |
| AICC | 8 | 212,277 | 45 | 62 | 12 | 1,608 |
| NWCC | 5 | 14,024 | 16 | 19 | 6 | 766 |
| ONCC | 3 | 4,071 | 31 | 35 | 5 | 932 |
| OSCC | 4 | 6,059 | 13 | 14 | 6 | 487 |
| NRCC | 6 | 3,184 | 5 | 27 | 7 | 298 |
| GBCC | 17 | 31,836 | 17 | 30 | 12 | 656 |
| SWCC | 9 | 32,959 | 10 | 24 | 5 | 475 |
| RMCC | 4 | 16,930 | 11 | 37 | 10 | 609 |
| EACC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SACC | 14 | 29,652 | 0 | 37 | 1 | 226 |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0 , 9 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 0 5 7}$ |

## Alaska Area (PL 3)

| New fires: | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 3 |
| Type 1 IMTs committed: | 1 |
| Type 2 IMTs committed: | 3 |

Swan Lake, Kenai Kodiak Area, Alaska DOF. IMT 1 (GB Team 1). IMT is also managing the Caribou Lake incident. Started on FWS land five miles northeast of Sterling, AK. Timber, brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior with creeping, smoldering and isolated torching. The communities of Sterling and Cooper Landing and numerous structures threatened. Area, road and trail closures in effect.

Caribou Lake, Kenai-Kodiak Area, Alaska DOF. Seven miles northwest of Fox River, AK. Heavy logging slash, timber and tall grass. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering and creeping. Structures threatened.

McKinley, Mat-Su Area, Alaska DOF. IMT 2 (AK Green Team and NR Team 7). Started on private land 18 miles north of Willow, AK. Timber and brush. Minimal fire behavior with backing, creeping and single tree torching. Numerous residences threatened. Precipitation occurred over the fire area yesterday.

Deshka Landing, Mat-Su Area, Alaska DOF. IMT 2 (NW Team 10). Seven miles southwest of Willow, AK. Timber, brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Area, road and trail closures in effect.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Swan Lake | AK-KKS | 162,179 | 0 | 29 | Comp | 9/15 | 725 | -26 | 19 | 29 | 7 | 0 | 35.8M | FWS |
| Caribou Lake | AK-KKS | 904 | 0 | 85 | Ctn | 9/5 | 70 | -3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.5M | ST |
| McKinley | AK-MSS | 3,288 | 0 | 91 | Ctn | 10/1 | 550 | -2 | 14 | 32 | 2 | 138 | 8.3M | PRI |
| Deshka Landing | AK-MSS | 1,318 | 0 | 95 | Ctn | 12/31 | 217 | -1 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2.9M | ST |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Levelock | AK-SWS | 8,549 | 0 | 5 | Comp | 9/1 | 35 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.8M | TRI |
| Ethel Creek | AK-SWS | 31,000 | 0 | 0 | Comp | 9/1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151K | ST |
| Tokaina 2 | AK-CRS | 4,980 | 0 | 0 | Comp | 9/30 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 615K | ST |
| Tokaina Creek | AK-CRS | 823 | --- | 0 | Comp | 9/30 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13K | ST |
| Tokaina 3 | AK-CRS | 156 | --- | 0 | Comp | 9/30 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2K | ST |

SWS - Southwest Area, Alaska DOF CRS - Valdez-Cooper River Area, Alaska DOF

| Northern California Area (PL 2) |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| New fires: | 40 |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 1 |
| Type 2 IMTs committed: | 1 |

R-1 Ranch, Northern California District, BLM. IMT 2 (CA Team 16). Thirteen miles northeast of Susanville, CA. Timber, brush and tall grass. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Sage-grouse habitat threatened.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| R-1 Ranch | CA-NOD | 3,340 | 0 | 65 | Ctn | 9/2 | 567 | 37 | 16 | 21 | 4 | 0 | 2.2M | BLM |

## Northwest Area (PL 2)

| New fires: | 10 |
| :--- | :---: |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 0 |
| Type 2 IMTs committed: | 1 |

204 Cow, Malheur NF, USFS. IMT 2 (NW Team 9). Seventeen miles southwest of Unity, OR. Timber and brush. Moderate fire behavior with flanking, backing and group torching. Structures threatened. Area and road closures in effect.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| 204 Cow | OR-MAF | 6,108 | 592 | 5 | Comp | 10/15 | 636 | 43 | 13 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 5.7M | FS |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Granite Gulch | OR-WWF | 5,200 | --- | 0 | Comp | 10/31 | 15 | --- | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 310K | FS |
| Devore Creek | WA-OWF | 500 | --- | 0 | Comp | 11/30 | 3 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.1M | FS |
| South Fork Creek | WA-OWF | 160 | --- | 10 | Comp | 10/1 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15K | FS |

WWF - Wallowa-Whitman NF, USFS OWF - Okanogan-Wenatchee NF, USFS

## Great Basin Area (PL 2)

New fires:15
New large incidents: 0
Uncontained large fires:3

Gun Range, Uinta-Wasatch-Cache NF, USFS. One mile northeast of Bountiful, UT. Brush and tall grass. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Energy and communication infrastructure threatened. Area, road and trail closures in effect. Reduction in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

Cove Creek, Salmon-Challis NF, USFS. Twenty-seven miles northwest of Salmon, ID. Timber and tall grass. Minimal fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Structures threatened. Trail closures in effect.

Nethker, Payette NF, USFS. Thirty miles northeast of McCall, ID. Timber and closed timber litter. Moderate fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Area, road and trail closures in effect.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$\$ } \\ & \text { CTD } \end{aligned}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Gun Range | UT-UWF | 321 | -44 | 80 | Ctn | 9/1 | 188 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 282K | FS |
| Cove Creek | ID-SCF | 5,332 | 0 | 80 | Ctn | 9/30 | 26 | -16 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 5.6M | FS |
| Nethker | ID-PAF | 2,360 | 0 | 98 | Ctn | 9/8 | 44 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 13M | FS |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Little Bear | UT-DIF | 2,600 | 150 | 40 | Comp | 9/14 | 77 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 620K | FS |
| Smith Knob | ID-PAF | 276 | 26 | 0 | Comp | 10/1 | 51 | 18 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 115K | FS |
| Trumbull | AZ-ASD | 2,925 | --- | 0 | Comp | 9/5 | 88 | --- | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 500K | BLM |


| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Mammoth | UT-MLF | 600 | --- | 60 | Comp | 10/1 | 25 | --- | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 550K | FS |
| Park Ridge | UT-FIF | 186 | --- | 35 | Comp | 9/15 | 6 | --- | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 155K | FS |
| Shady | ID-SCF | 5,857 | --- | 0 | Comp | 10/31 | 5 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 380K | FS |

DIF - Dixie NF, USFS ASD - Arizona Strip District, BLM MLF - Manti-La Sal NF, USFS FIF - Fishlake NF, USFS

## Southern California Area (PL 2)

# New fires: 16 

New large incidents: 1
Uncontained large fires: 2

* Creek, Tulare Unit, Cal Fire. Five miles east of Woodlake, CA. Brush and short grass. Active fire behavior with uphill runs and wind-driven runs.

Broder, Sequoia NF, USFS. Twelve miles west of Haiwee, CA. Timber and brush. Moderate fire behavior with backing and creeping.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| * Creek | CA-TUU | 600 | --- | 10 | Ctn | 9/2 | 142 | --- | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 25K | ST |
| Broder | CA-SQF | 265 | 0 | 10 | Ctn | 9/9 | 71 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 567K | FS |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cow | CA-INF | 1,350 | 100 | 15 | Comp | 10/11 | 98 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1.6M | FS |
| Springs | CA-INF | 3,844 | --- | 50 | Comp | 10/1 | 176 | --- | 2 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 4.9M | FS |

INF - Inyo NF, USFS

## Southwest Area (PL 2)

| New fires: | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 1 |

Uncontained large fires: 1
Clair, Tonto NF, USFS. Eleven miles north of Rio Verde, AZ. Brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Structures threatened.

Sheridan, Prescott NF, USFS. Previously reported incident. Twenty-five miles northwest of Prescott, AZ. Timber, brush and chaparral. Moderate fire behavior with uphill runs, backing and single tree torching. Area and road closures in effect. Last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Clair | AZ-TNF | 680 | 0 | 55 | Ctn | 9/3 | 81 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 600K | FS |
| Sheridan | AZ-PNF | 16,842 | 615 | 0 | Comp | 9/15 | 211 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 3.1M | FS |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Triple Nickle | NM-CIF | 8,063 | 15 | 75 | Comp | 9/30 | 81 | -39 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1.4M | FS |
| Redondo | NM-BAP | 317 | 0 | 60 | Comp | 9/2 | 61 | -1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 115K | NPS |
| Buckhorn | AZ-A3S | 1,900 | --- | 85 | Comp | UNK | 31 | --- | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 49K | ST |


| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Ikes | AZ-GCP | 6,500 | --- | 80 | Comp | 9/15 | 32 | --- | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1.9M | NPS |
| Saber | AZ-COF | 3,283 | --- | 75 | Comp | 9/15 | 4 | --- | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 745K | FS |
| Cueva | NM-SNF | 1,176 | --- | 90 | Comp | 9/6 | 42 | --- | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 177K | FS |
| Boulin | AZ-KNF | 4,039 | --- | 75 | Comp | 9/15 | 7 | --- | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 112K | FS |
| Castle | AZ-KNF | 19,368 | --- | 96 | Comp | 9/15 | 64 | --- | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 5.2M | FS |

CIF - Cibola NF, USFS BAP - Bandelier National Monument, NPS A3S - Southeast District, Arizona DOF
GCP - Grand Canyon NP, NPS COF - Coconino NF, USFS SNF - Santa Fe NF, USFS KNF - Kaibab NF, USFS

## Rocky Mountain (PL 2)

| New fires: | 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 1 |

Uncontained large fires:
Pedro Mountain, Rawlins Field Office, BLM. Forty miles north of Rawlins, WY. Timber, brush and short grass.
Active fire behavior with uphill runs, group torching and short range spotting. Structures and sage-grouse habitat threatened. Evacuations and road closures in effect.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Pedro Mountain | WY-RAD | 16590 | 1527 | 27 | Ctn | 9/15 | 434 | 65 | 9 | 35 | 5 | 6 | 5M | BLM |


| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middle Mamm | CO-WRF | 250 | 0 | 1 | Comp | 10/31 | 71 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 150K | FS |
| Reveille | CO-PSF | 230 | --- | 80 | Comp | UNK | 1 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.7M | FS |

WRF - White River NF, USFS PSF - Pike and San Isabel NF, USFS

## Southern Area (PL 3)

New fires:
New large incidents:
Uncontained large fires:

* Haverlah, Texas A\&M Forest Service. Sixty-eight miles west of Killeen, TX. Brush and tall grass. Moderate fire behavior with creeping.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| * Haverlah | TX-TXS | 900 | --- | 75 | Ctn | 9/1 | 46 | --- | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | NR | ST |
| Sing | TX-TXS | 693 | 0 | 100 | Ctn | --- | 1 | -17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NR | ST |
| Wyatt | TX-TXS | 411 | 0 | 100 | Ctn | --- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NR | PRI |

## Northern Rockies (PL 2)

New fires:
6
New large incidents:
Uncontained large fires:

Mountain View, Yellowstone County. Sixteen miles west of Billings, MT. Timber and short grass. Minimal fire behavior.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ <br> Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Mountain View | MT-LG03 | 2,775 | 0 | 70 | Ctn | 9/5 | 212 | 110 | 3 | 25 | 3 | 0 | 813K | CNTY |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| McClusky | MT-BDF | 212 | 39 | 51 | Comp | 11/1 | 75 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 600K | FS |
| Beeskove | MT-LNF | 430 | --- | 73 | Comp | 9/30 | 4 | --- | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 7M | FS |
| Horsefly | MT-HLF | 1,352 | --- | 60 | Comp | 9/30 | 44 | --- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6.5M | FS |
| Crab | ID-NCF | 198 | --- | 40 | Comp | 10/31 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.6M | FS |
| Snow Creek | MT-FNF | 1,815 | --- | 3 | Comp | 10/31 | 4 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 77K | FS |
| Barren Hill | ID-NCF | 605 | --- | 0 | Comp | 10/31 | 8 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15K | FS |
| Snow Peak | ID-IPF | 100 | --- | 0 | Comp | 10/31 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5K | FS |

BDF - Beaverhead-Deerlodge NF, USFS LNF - Lolo NF, USFS HLF - Helena-Lewis and Clark NF, USFS
NCF - Nez Perce-Clearwater NF, USFS FNF - Flathead NF, USFS IPF - Idaho Panhandle NF, USFS

Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 10 |
|  | ACRES | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,000 | 1,002 |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 40 |
|  | ACRES | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 43 |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 16 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 715 | 733 |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 15 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 538 | 551 |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
|  | ACRES | 275 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 339 | 614 |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 19 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 7 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| TOTAL FIRES: TOTAL ACRES: |  | 35 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 39 | 19 | 100 |
|  |  | 292 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 2,633 | 2,987 |

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 236 | 0 | 0 | 393 | 41 | $\mathbf{6 7 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | $1,707,675$ | 0 | 0 | 880,889 | 13 | $\mathbf{2 , 5 8 8 , 5 7 7}$ |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 214 | 163 | 14 | 13 | 1,482 | 729 | $\mathbf{2 , 6 1 5}$ |
|  | ACRES | 48,899 | 27,944 | 89 | 1 | 20,482 | 16,513 | $\mathbf{1 1 3 , 9 2 8}$ |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 51 | 34 | 4 | 6 | 1,938 | 341 | $\mathbf{2 , 3 7 4}$ |
|  | ACRES | 28 | 5,316 | 25 | 1 | 22,929 | 15,490 | $\mathbf{4 3 , 7 8 8}$ |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 14 | 70 | 9 | 16 | 2,673 | 253 | $\mathbf{3 , 0 3 5}$ |
|  | ACRES | 140 | 414 | 2,727 | 106 | 15,924 | 9,797 | $\mathbf{2 9 , 1 0 8}$ |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 685 | 40 | 22 | 11 | 710 | 409 | $\mathbf{1 , 8 7 7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 10,616 | 885 | 10,026 | 36 | 28,462 | 6,635 | $\mathbf{5 6 , 6 6 0}$ |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 30 | 593 | 8 | 23 | 694 | 339 | $\mathbf{1 , 6 8 7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 134 | 228,032 | 18 | 8 | 139,587 | 28,776 | $\mathbf{3 9 6 , 5 5 5}$ |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 576 | 181 | 11 | 45 | 539 | 720 | $\mathbf{2 , 0 7 2}$ |
|  | ACRES | 49,313 | 6,493 | 55 | 8,018 | 27,539 | 304,641 | $\mathbf{3 9 6 , 0 5 9}$ |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 232 | 254 | 1 | 9 | 447 | 227 | $\mathbf{1 , 1 7 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 2,142 | 4,128 | 5,048 | 29 | 17,464 | 8,379 | $\mathbf{3 7 , 1 9 0}$ |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 301 | 0 | 8 | 30 | 3,502 | 288 | $\mathbf{4 , 1 2 9}$ |
|  | ACRES | 569 | 0 | 52 | 520 | 26,286 | 5,134 | $\mathbf{3 2 , 5 6 1}$ |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 240 | 0 | 34 | 44 | 13,393 | 219 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 9 3 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 22,650 | 0 | 2,498 | 2,303 | 332,964 | 13,330 | $\mathbf{3 7 3 , 7 4 5}$ |
| TOTAL FIRES: |  | $\mathbf{2 , 3 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 , 7 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 5 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 , 5 5 9}$ |
| TOTAL ACRES: |  | $\mathbf{1 3 4 , 4 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 8 0 , 8 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 , 5 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 1 2 , 5 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 8 , 7 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 0 6 8 , 1 7 1}$ |


| Ten Year Average Fires (2009 - 2018 as of today) | 45,393 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ten Year Average Acres (2009 - 2018 as of today) | $\mathbf{5 , 5 7 9 , 4 1 8}$ |

***Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.
***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at https://gacc.nifc.gov/

## Canadian Fires and Hectares

| PROVINCES | FIRES YESTERDAY | HECTARES YESTERDAY | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIRES } \\ & \text { YEAR-TO- } \\ & \text { DATE } \end{aligned}$ | HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BRITISH COLUMBIA | 4 | 0 | 876 | 21,150 |
| YUKON TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 111 | 252,902 |
| ALBERTA | 0 | 0 | 958 | 883,291 |
| NORTHWEST TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 145 | 101,416 |
| SASKATCHEWAN | 1 | 0 | 232 | 47,914 |
| MANITOBA | 0 | 0 | 277 | 101,453 |
| ONTARIO | 0 | 0 | 523 | 270,550 |
| QUEBEC | 1 | 0 | 324 | 10,266 |
| NEWFOUNDLAND | 0 | 0 | 86 | 772 |
| NEW BRUNSWICK | 1 | 0 | 174 | 224 |
| NOVA SCOTIA | 1 | 0 | 130 | 137 |
| PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 |
| NATIONAL PARKS | 0 | 0 | 70 | 117,829 |
| TOTALS | 8 | 0 | 3,908 | 1,807,913 |

*1 Hectare $=2.47$ Acres
Predictive Services Discussion: Hurricane Dorian will turn to the northeast and brush the coast of North Carolina by Tuesday. A stronger surge of monsoonal moisture will move into the Four Corner States, as a tropical low off the coast of Baja California sends moisture northward. The Four Corners high pressure area will remain amplified along the Continental Divide. This will allow for the hot conditions to continue across a majority of the West, inland from the coast. An area of low pressure along the Washington coast will slowly drift south, increasing southwesterly winds across coastal areas. Seasonal temperatures and breezy westerly winds are expected across the Great Lakes. In Alaska, wet conditions are expected across the state, as a strong low pressure area moves inland.
http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm

This Day in History is a brief summary of a powerful learning opportunity and is not intended to second guess or be judgmental of decisions and actions. Put yourself in the following situation as if you do not know what the outcome will be. What are the conditions? What are you thinking? What are YOU doing?

## Sundance Fire

Incident Summary: The Sundance Fire is remembered for its extreme fire behavior and on September 1, 1967 a crown fire, in heavy timber, pushed this fire 16 miles in a single burning period. Two firefighters perished in the blowup event.
Factors Influencing Fire Behavior: Lightning started several fires in mid-August of 1967 in the Selkirk Mountains of northern Idaho. The area was in moderate drought, with the last wetting rain in June, and fire danger was classified as extreme. Fuels in this mountainous area were mostly comprised of timber, but also included areas of logging slash. One fire that ignited near the west side of the summit of Sundance Mountain spread relatively slowly at the outset, growing to only 35 acres by August 23. On August 29-30, this Sundance Fire made a major downhill run towards Priest Lake, pushed by strong northeast winds. By August 31, the fire was at 4,000 acres. On September 1, a dry cold front with very strong southwest winds moved over the fire area. The fire weather forecast issued at 0800 that morning called for scattered afternoon and evening thunderstorms, temperatures down 5 degrees, humidity up 5\%, and south-southwest winds at 12-18 mph.
Human Factors and Fire Operations: In response to the fire's growth, a US Forest Service fire management team was ordered, and it assumed command of the incident at 1000 on September 1. Much of the focus was on the fire's movement to the west, as there was no imminent threat perceived of the fire spreading to the east and over the Selkirk Divide. Indeed, earlier that morning, a dozer with operator and Sector Boss (similar to TFLD or STEQ now) were deployed on that opposite side of the Divide, several miles northeast of the fire. Around 1100, they were briefed by a supervisor on work objectives and escape routes. The dozer was assigned to open up roads in the McCormick Creek drainage, starting near the Pack River and moving southwest and up canyon, towards the Selkirk Divide. Fault Lake, their designated safety zone, was 4 miles and 3,000 vertical feet further up the canyon, and work was to progress toward the safety zone. Due to limited supplies and equipment, the Sector Boss had neither a vehicle nor a two-way radio. The dozer operator had a knee injury that hampered his mobility.

The Blowup on September 1: Starting at 1300 with the onset of strong southwest winds, the Sundance Fire became very active, making a significant run up the Soldier Creek drainage, which is aligned mostly in a west to east direction, to the Selkirk Divide. Between 1400 and 1600, the fire crossed east over the Selkirk Divide and burned downslope through the southwest-to-northeast aligned McCormick Creek Canyon and then into the Pack River drainage, where the dozer had worked its way to within $1 / 4$ mile of Fault Lake. At 1600, the fire overran the dozer operator and Sector Boss, killing both. During this blowup event on September 1, the Sundance Fire experienced winds of 30 to 50 mph from early afternoon into the night. In the 9 hour period from 1400 to 2300, the fire increased by 50,000 acres and advanced 16 miles to the NE, with long range spotting up to 10 miles.

## Discussion Points:

Prior to the blowup, there were signals of escalating risk. Discuss the following:

- Given the predicted weather, extreme fire danger, and other factors, what are your concerns?
- The dozer operator was partially handicapped due to an injured knee. How would you handle an injury that limits your physical ability or that of a coworker?
- How did the alignment of general winds with major canyons and drainages affect fire behavior?
- The Sundance Fire was not predicted to spread into McCormick Creek. Once the fire advanced to the east side of the Divide, what actions would you take?
- Given similar circumstances, discuss how you and your crew could apply LCES throughout the day
- In the IRPG, review the "Human Factor Barriers to Situation Awareness" (page x) and discuss this in relation to the Sundance Fire.

Additional References (Lessons Learned Center): Sundance Fire Reports, Incident Response Pocket Guide, PMS 461

