# National Interagency Coordination Center Incident Management Situation Report <br> Tuesday, June 25, 2019 - 0530 MT <br> National Preparedness Level 2 

National Fire Activity
Initial attack activity:
New large incidents:
Large fires contained:
Uncontained large fires:**
Area Command teams committed:
NIMOs committed:
Type 1 IMTs committed:
Type 2 IMTs committed:
Nationally, there are 20 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.
**Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.
Link to Geographic Area daily reports.
Link to Understanding the IMSR.

Five wildland fire suppression crews and two overhead personnel are assigned to support large fires in Alberta, Canada.

| Active Incident Resource Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GACC | Incidents | Cumulative <br> Acres | Crews | Engines | Helicopters | Total <br> Personnel |
| AICC | 11 | 43,769 | 24 | 11 | 13 | 776 |
| NWCC | 2 | 6,207 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 80 |
| ONCC | 1 | 405 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 105 |
| OSCC | 1 | 1,116 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 92 |
| NRCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GBCC | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| SWCC | 8 | 129,223 | 33 | 79 | 12 | 1,592 |
| RMCC | 3 | 389.7 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 37 |
| EACC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SACC | 2 | 683 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Total | 29 | $\mathbf{1 8 1 , 7 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 8 9}$ |

## Alaska Area (PL 4)

| New fires: | 7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New large incidents: | 2 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 3 |
| Type 2 IMTs Committed: | 2 |

Swan Lake, Kenai-Kodiak Area, Alaska DOF. IMT 2 (AK Black Team). Six miles northeast of Sterling, AK. Timber and short grass. Active fire behavior group torching, single tree torching and spotting. Numerous residences and structures threatened. Area, road and trail closures in effect.

Shovel Creek, Fairbanks Area Zone, Alaska DOF. IMT 2 (AK Green Team). IMT is also managing the Nugget Creek incident. Twenty miles northwest of Fairbanks, AK. Timber and brush. Active fire behavior with shortrange spotting, uphill runs and group torching. Residences and communication infrastructure threatened. Reduction in acreage due to more accurate mapping.

* Nugget Creek, Fairbanks Area Zone, Alaska DOF. Sixteen miles northeast of North Pole, AK. Timber. Moderate fire behavior with creeping and smoldering. Trail closures in effect. Precipitation occurred over the fire area yesterday.

Caribou Creek, Fairbanks Area Zone, Alaska DOF. Twenty miles northeast of North Pole, AK. Tall grass and timber. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering and creeping.

* Hadweenzic River, Upper Yukon Zone, BLM. Twenty-six miles northeast of Beaver, AK. Timber. Active fire behavior with group torching, backing and creeping.

Boundry River, Tok Area Forestry, Alaska DOF. Thirty-seven miles southeast of Tok, AK. Timber and short grass. Moderate fire behavior with spotting, smoldering and creeping. Residences threatened.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Swan Lake | AK-KKS | 37,430 | 5,130 | 10 | Comp | 08/31 | 383 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 4.5M | FWS |
| Shovel Creek | AK-FAS | 588 | -62 | 0 | Ctn | 07/06 | 170 | 24 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 500K | ST |
| * Nugget Creek | AK-FAS | 519 | --- | 0 | Comp | 10/01 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1K | ST |
| Caribou Creek | AK-FAS | 310 | 0 | 65 | Ctn | 07/02 | 159 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1.3M | ST |
| * Hadweenzic River | AK-UYD | 3,946 | --- | 0 | Comp | 07/31 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1K | BLM |
| Boundry River | AK-TAS | 1,689 | 0 | 0 | Ctn | 07/10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25K | ST |

Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned

| North River | AK-GAD | 51,000 | --- | 0 | Comp | $09 / 01$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 K | BLM |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| McArthur Creek | AK-TAS | 6,774 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 15$ | 2 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 K | ST |
| Old Grouch Top | AK-SWS | 6,426 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 31$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 K | ST |
| Ongivinuk River | AK-SWS | 2,505 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 31$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 K | FWS |
| Bakbuk Creek | AK-SWS | 776 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 04$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 K | ST |
| Black River | AK-UYD | 711 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 31$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NR | BLM |
| Marr | AK-UYD | 644 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 31$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 K | BLM |
| Hess Creek | AK-UYD | 550 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 31$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 K | BLM |
| East Fork <br> Dennison | AK-TAS | 400 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 30$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 K | ST |
| Kipchuk River | AK-SWS | 328 | --- | 0 | Comp | $07 / 31$ | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 K | ST |


| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Shoeleather Creek | AK-SWS | 172 | --- | 0 | Comp | 07/31 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 K | BLM |

GAD - Galena Zone, BLM SWS - Southwest Area Forestry, DOF

## Southwest Area (PL 3)

New fires: 5
New large incidents: 0
Uncontained large fires: 3
Type 1 IMTs Committed: 1
Type 2 IMTs Committed: 1
Woodbury, Tonto NF. IMT 1 (SW Team 2). Fifteen miles northwest of Superior, AZ. Tall grass, brush and chaparral. Active fire behavior with backing, flanking and uphill runs. Numerous structures and infrastructure threatened. Evacuations, area, road and trail closures in effect.

Pine Lodge, Lincoln NF. IMT 2 (SW Team 5). Five miles northwest of Arabella, NM. Timber, short grass and medium logging slash. Active fire behavior with short-range spotting, torching and short crown runs.
Residences and infrastructure threatened. Evacuations, area, road and trail closures in effect.
Badger Springs, Phoenix District Office, BLM. Seven miles southeast of Cordes Junction, AZ. Brush and tall grass. Minimal fire behavior.

Bylas, San Carlos Agency, BIA. Twenty-five miles southwest of San Carlos, AZ. Short grass and brush. Minimal fire behavior.

Azabachi, Rio Puerco Field Office, BLM. Nineteen miles southwest of Torreon, NM. Timber and brush. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Woodbury | AZ-TNF | 112,899 | 16,592 | 48 | Comp | 07/15 | 931 | 31 | 18 | 45 | 8 | 0 | 16M | FS |
| Pine Lodge | NM-LNF | 7,898 | 898 | 5 | Comp | 08/01 | 513 | 185 | 12 | 24 | 2 | 3 | 2.1M | FS |
| Badger Spring | AZ-PHD | 2,525 | 0 | 80 | Ctn | 06/26 | 65 | -47 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 260K | BLM |
| Bylas | AZ-SCA | 340 | 0 | 90 | Ctn | 06/28 | 17 | -8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1.1M | BIA |
| Azabachi | NM-RPD | 336 | --- | 40 | Ctn | 06/28 | 25 | --- | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 10K | BLM |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gurule | NM-CAF | 2,360 | 0 | 90 | Comp | 06/30 | 30 | -30 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 465K | FS |
| Lone Mountain | NM-LNF | 1,046 | 56 | 80 | Comp | 07/15 | 6 | -11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 175K | FS |

CAF - Carson NF

## Northern California Area (PL 2)

New fires:
New large incidents:
0
Uncontained large fires:
0

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |


| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| East | CA-MNF | 405 | 55 | 30 | Comp | 07/31 | 105 | -40 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 700K | FS |

MNF - Mendocino NF

## Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires:
23
New large incidents:
Uncontained large fires:

* Sawgrass (6), Florida Forest Service. Nineteen miles northwest of Weston, FL. Southern rough. Minimal fire behavior. Last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| * Sawgrass (6) | FL-FLS | 18,500 | --- | 23 | Comp | 06/27 | 0 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3K | ST |

## Northwest Area (PL 1)

| New fires: | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New large incidents: | 1 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 1 |

Uncontained large fires:

* Elmer City, Colville Agency, BIA. Four miles northwest of Elmer City, WA. Timber and short grass. Active fire behavior with short-range spotting, flanking and wind-driven runs. Structures and infrastructure threatened.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| * Elmer City | WA-COA | 2,100 | --- | 59 | Ctn | 06/29 | 76 | --- | 1 | 9 | 1 | 3 | 100K | FS |

Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | $\mathbf{7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 5,348 | 0 | 0 | 10,663 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 6 , 0 1 1}$ |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | $\mathbf{4}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 27 | $\mathbf{7 2}$ |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 | 0 | $\mathbf{6 4}$ |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1 | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 4 | $\mathbf{2 5}$ |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
|  | ACRES | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 7}$ |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | $\mathbf{4 0}$ |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| TOTAL FIRES: | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 3}$ |
| TOTAL ACRES: | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 173 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 7 5}$ |

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 134 | 0 | 0 | 168 | 17 | 319 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 116,827 | 0 | 0 | 68,107 | 5 | 184,939 |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 64 | 35 | 7 | 3 | 388 | 102 | 599 |
|  | ACRES | 3,145 | 19,370 | 83 | 1 | 1,676 | 858 | 25,134 |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 791 | 84 | 888 |
|  | ACRES | 7 | 24 | 0 | 1 | 6,328 | 819 | 7,179 |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 8 | 41 | 2 | 4 | 1,177 | 94 | 1,326 |
|  | ACRES | 17 | 70 | 2,500 | 5 | 7,057 | 808 | 10,457 |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 472 | 7 | 10 | 1 | 186 | 58 | 734 |
|  | ACRES | 4,831 | 125 | 1,424 | 0 | 6,011 | 677 | 13,069 |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 8 | 108 | 0 | 9 | 134 | 37 | 296 |
|  | ACRES | 8 | 1,257 | 0 | 8 | 542 | 24 | 1,839 |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 329 | 97 | 7 | 10 | 285 | 262 | 990 |
|  | ACRES | 1,924 | 4,654 | 10 | 1,128 | 13,343 | 102,855 | 123,915 |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 82 | 63 | 1 | 4 | 143 | 70 | 363 |
|  | ACRES | 784 | 131 | 5,048 | 0 | 12,929 | 3,547 | 22,439 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 300 | 0 | 8 | 26 | 2,275 | 231 | 2,840 |
|  | ACRES | 569 | 0 | 52 | 519 | 21,653 | 5,537 | 28,330 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 184 | 0 | 24 | 35 | 9,414 | 193 | 9,850 |
|  | ACRES | 22,128 | 0 | 846 | 1,898 | 124,834 | 12,890 | 162,597 |
| TOTAL FIRES: |  | 1,451 | 490 | 61 | 94 | 14,961 | 1,148 | 18,205 |
| TOTAL ACRES: |  | 33,414 | 142,458 | 9,963 | 3,560 | 262,481 | 128,022 | 579,901 |


| Ten Year Average Fires (2009 - 2018 as of today) | 28,811 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ten Year Average Acres (2009 - 2018 as of today) | $\mathbf{1 , 8 6 2 , 1 1 7}$ |

${ }^{* *}$ Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.
***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at https://gacc.nifc.gov/

Canadian Fires and Hectares

| PROVINCES | FIRES <br> YESTERDAY | HECTARES <br> YESTERDAY | FIRES <br> YEAR-TO-DATE | HECTARES <br> YEAR-TO-DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BRITISH COLUMBIA | 1 | 3 | 381 | 11,136 |
| YUKON TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 37 | 21,787 |
| ALBERTA | 8 | 188 | 679 | 803,394 |
| NORTHWEST TERRITORY | 0 | 0 | 38 | 4,317 |
| SASKATCHEWAN | 0 | 0 | 157 | 1,189 |
| MANITOBA | 2 | 41 | 139 | 25,410 |
| ONTARIO | 1 | 0 | 145 | 20,849 |
| QUEBEC | 4 | 7 | 101 | 5,644 |
| NEWFOUNDLAND | 0 | 0 | 56 | 90 |
| NEW BRUNSWICK | 1 | 0 | 119 | 164 |
| NOVA SCOTIA | 0 | 0 | 88 | 103 |
| PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND | 1 | 9 | 1 | 9 |
| NATIONAL PARKS | 27 | 386 | 27 | 386 |
| TOTALS | 45 | 632 | 1,968 | 894,476 |

${ }^{*} 1$ Hectare $=2.47$ Acres
Predictive Services Discussion: The low pressure area just off the Washington Coast will move south and stall off the coast of Oregon. The southwesterly flow ahead of it will create breezy and dry conditions across Northern California and the Great Basin. A weak ridge of high pressure will move east into the Great Plains where it will begin to show signs of restrengthening. A cold front will stall along the East Coast and will bring the Carolinas and Georgian additional precipitation. In Alaska, the previous day's front will move into the Yukon Territory and will pull most of the moisture along with it. However, widely scattered wet storms will be possible across the southeastern Interior. High pressure will build over the western half of the state and will produce much warmer than average conditions along the Bering Sea coast.

## Fire Shelter Deployment Site Selection

Operational Engagement Category

A primary objective of every operational fire plan is to keep firefighters out of entrapment situations. However, firefighters must always be prepared to deploy their fire shelters. The key to a successful fire shelter deployment is proper site selection. Consider the following when discussing shelter deployment site selection.

- Pick a site that will keep the fire shelter away from flames and convective heat. The site also should limit the amount of radiant heat that reaches the shelter.
- Select an area with no fuels. If that isn't possible, select a site in light fuels, such as grass, where the flaming front will pass quickly. Clear the site to mineral soil if at all possible. If time is critical, pick a site with the least fuel.
- Pick natural firebreaks (such as wet meadows; creek beds; wet, swampy areas; large rockslides with no fuels). Rough terrain in rockslides may make it difficult to seal the fire shelter to the ground.
- Areas on the lee side of ridgetops and knobs can be effective deployment sites because convective heat and flames will generally continue rising above them.
- Wide areas that have been cleared of fuel, such as dozer lines or roads, can be effective deployment sites. In larger areas, don't let truck, dozers, and other equipment occupy the best deployment sites.
- Flat areas on slopes, such as benches or road cuts, offer some protection from radiant and convective heat. Level areas like these can keep you under the path of flames and convective heat.
- The ditch on the inside of the road, if free of fuel may be an effective deployment site on a road.
- Consider vehicle traffic.
- Avoid areas that tend to funnel smoke, flames and hot gasses, such as:
- Narrow draws
- Saddles on ridgetops
- Chimneys and chutes
- Know how long it takes to reach your safety zone. Crew supervisors should identify and communicate escape routes and safety zones.
- If you're not in a suitable shelter deployment area, keep escaping while watching for a possible deployment site.
- Ensure sites are clearly identified and marked.

Resources: Your Fire Shelter, Incident Response Pocket Guide, Interagency Standards for Fire \& Fire Aviation Operations, Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide

## Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.

