# National Interagency Coordination Center Incident Management Situation Report Thursday, May 10, 2018 - 0800 MT <br> National Preparedness Level 2 

National Fire Activity
Initial attack activity: Light (114) new fires
New large incidents:
Large fires contained:
Uncontained large fires:**

7
Area Command teams committed: 0
NIMOs committed:
0
Type 1 IMTs committed:
Type 2 IMTs committed:
Nationally, there are 5 large fires being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.
**Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.
Link to Geographic Area daily reports.

| Active Incident Resource Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GACC | Incidents | Cumulative <br> Acres | Crews | Engines | Helicopters | Total <br> Personnel |
| AICC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NWCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ONCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OSCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NRCC | 1 | 64,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 |
| GBCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SWCC | 4 | 107,474 | 4 | 14 | 4 | 191 |
| RMCC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EACC | 2 | 374 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 30 |
| SACC | 33 | 83,923 | 12 | 106 | 16 | 1,058 |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 5 , 7 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 1 5}$ |

## Southern Area (PL 3)

New fires:
71
New large incidents:
5
Uncontained large fires: 5
Type 1 IMTs committed:
Type 2 IMTs committed:
McDannald, Texas A\&M Forest Service. IMT 1 (Dueitt). Started on private land 21 miles west of Ft. Davis, TX. Tall grass and brush. Moderate fire behavior with single tree torching, smoldering and creeping. Numerous structures threatened. Area closures in effect.

Avian Complex, Big Cypress National Preserve, NPS. IMT 2 (Parrish). Fifteen miles northeast of Everglades City, FL. Southern rough and tall grass. Active fire behavior with running, torching and spotting. Numerous structures threatened. Area and trail closures in effect.

* Mallard, Texas A\&M Forest Service. Started on private land 13 miles east of Wayside, TX. Brush and short grass. Active fire behavior with wind-driven runs.
* Summerfield, Texas A\&M Forest Service. Started on private land 17 miles east of Wayside, TX. Brush and tall grass. Active fire behavior with wind-driven runs.
* JA \#2 East, Texas A\&M Forest Service. Started on private land 50 miles southeast of Amarillo, TX. Brush and tall grass. Active fire behavior with creeping.
* Hardwood, Texas A\&M Forest Service. Started on private land 13 miles north of Turkey, TX. Brush and tall grass. Active fire behavior with wind-driven runs.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | Origin Own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| McDannald | TX-TXS | 19,043 | 0 | 77 | Ctn | 5/11 | 336 | -67 | 4 | 31 | 5 | 1 | 5.9M | PRI |
| Avian Complex | FL-BCP | 46,658 | 3,849 | 6 | Comp | 5/31 | 336 | 26 | 4 | 17 | 7 | 6 | 6M | NPS |
| * Mallard | TX-TXS | 1,200 | --- | 0 | Ctn | 5/12 | 21 | --- | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1K | PRI |
| * Summer Field | TX-TXS | 1,000 | --- | 0 | Ctn | 5/11 | 8 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1K | PRI |
| * JA \#2 East | TX-TXS | 700 | --- | 35 | Ctn | 5/11 | 3 | --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1K | PRI |
| * Hardwood | TX-TXS | 500 | --- | 15 | Ctn | 5/12 | 7 | --- | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1K | PRI |
| * Quail | FL-FNF | 334 | --- | 100 | Ctn | --- | 33 | --- | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 30K | FS |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tye River | VA-VAF | 1,638 | 30 | 60 | Comp | 5/12 | 63 | --- | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 250K | FS |
| Context | FL-EVP | 1,047 | --- | 70 | Comp | UNK | 15 | --- | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 420K | NPS |
| CN 346-B | AL-ALF | 478 | --- | 80 | Comp | 6/30 | 9 | --- | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15K | FS |

FNF - National Forests in Florida VAF - George Washington \& Jefferson NF EVP - Everglades National Park, NPS ALF - National Forests in Alabama

## Southwest Area (PL 3)

| New fires: | 10 |
| :--- | :---: |
| New large incidents: | 0 |
| Uncontained large fires: | 2 |

Tinder, Coconino NF. Twenty miles northeast of Pine, AZ. Timber. Moderate fire behavior with group torching and uphill runs. Area and trail closures in effect.

Rattlesnake, Fort Apache Agency, BIA. Twenty-four miles southwest of Alpine, AZ. Timber. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

| Incident Name | Unit | Size |  | \% | Ctn/ Comp | Est | Personnel |  | Resources |  |  | Strc <br> Lost | $\begin{gathered} \$ \$ \\ \text { CTD } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Origi } \\ & \mathrm{n} \\ & \text { Own } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres | Chge |  |  |  | Total | Chge | Crw | Eng | Heli |  |  |  |
| Tinder | AZ-COF | 16,309 | 468 | 79 | Ctn | 5/31 | 125 | -54 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 96 | 7M | FS |
| Rattlesnake | AZ-FTA | 26,072 | --- | 90 | Ctn | 5/11 | 40 | --- | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 11.2M | BIA |
| Large Fires Being Managed With a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OK Bar | NM-N3S | 61,620 | --- | 85 | Comp | 5/15 | 20 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1.2M | ST |

N3S - Capitan District, New Mexico State Forestry

Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 55 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 6}$ |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1 | $\mathbf{1 6}$ |
|  | ACRES | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101 | 2 | $\mathbf{1 4 0}$ |
| TOTAL FIRES: | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 3 | $\mathbf{7 1}$ |
| TOTAL ACRES: |  | $\mathbf{A C R E S}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,237 | 338 |
| $\mathbf{1 , 5 7 5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 3 | 24 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 1 | 26 |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 20 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 88 | 26 | 151 |
|  | ACRES | 252 | 52 | 1,507 | 0 | 212 | 16 | 2,039 |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 324 | 31 | 361 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 203 | 304 | 517 |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 729 | 60 | 797 |
|  | ACRES | 1 | 38 | 0 | 250 | 6,376 | 13 | 6,678 |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 193 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 15 | 247 |
|  | ACRES | 1,369 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 673 | 19 | 2,062 |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 4 | 68 | 0 | 9 | 109 | 14 | 204 |
|  | ACRES | 47 | 762 | 0 | 35 | 1,995 | 73 | 2,912 |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 256 | 60 | 4 | 10 | 289 | 218 | 837 |
|  | ACRES | 27,423 | 1,938 | 215 | 3,288 | 179,595 | 37,947 | 250,406 |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 86 | 29 | 6 | 3 | 222 | 31 | 377 |
|  | ACRES | 2,097 | 79 | 1,712 | 7 | 184,298 | 221 | 188,414 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 352 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 2,066 | 233 | 2,663 |
|  | ACRES | 3,973 | 0 | 21 | 179 | 11,498 | 6,867 | 22,538 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 389 | 67 | 26 | 32 | 13,769 | 240 | 14,523 |
|  | ACRES | 115,031 | 310 | 2,622 | 18,869 | 822,357 | 22,183 | 981,372 |
| TOTAL FIRES: |  | 1,304 | 252 | 40 | 66 | 17,651 | 871 | 20,184 |
| TOTAL ACRES: |  | 150,193 | 3,191 | 6,077 | 22,628 | 1,207,231 | 67,644 | 1,456,964 |


| Ten Year Average Fires (2008 - 2017 as of today) | 21,248 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ten Year Average Acres (2008 - 2017 as of today) | $1,034,450$ |

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Ownership):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 10,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Northern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |
| Southern California Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,800 | $\mathbf{2 , 8 0 0}$ |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 740 | 335 | 0 | 15 | 166 | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 6}$ |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 10 | 5 | $\mathbf{2 4}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 2,024 | 0 | 876 | 929 | $\mathbf{3 , 8 2 9}$ |
| TOTAL FIRES: | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 242 | 6 | $\mathbf{2 4 9}$ |
| TOTAL ACRES: | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 661 | 0 | 4,572 | 5,483 | $\mathbf{1 0 , 7 1 6}$ |

Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Ownership):

| Area |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 1 | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 56 | 0 | 17,444 | 70 | $\mathbf{1 7 , 5 7 0}$ |
| Northwest Area | FIRES | 17 | 22 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 99 | $\mathbf{1 4 7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 1,572 | 1,909 | 1,085 | 5 | 0 | 17,391 | $\mathbf{2 1 , 9 6 2}$ |
| Northern California | FIRES | 2 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 118 | $\mathbf{1 3 8}$ |
|  | ACRES | 27 | 1,792 | 5,224 | 435 | 0 | 16,577 | $\mathbf{2 4 , 0 5 5}$ |
| Southern California | FIRES | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 117 | $\mathbf{1 2 1}$ |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 65 | 80 | 40 | 0 | 11,097 | $\mathbf{1 1 , 2 8 2}$ |
| Northern Rockies Area | FIRES | 7 | 12 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 58 | $\mathbf{8 7}$ |
|  | ACRES | 2,140 | 12,347 | 3,132 | 12,203 | 116 | 9,955 | $\mathbf{3 9 , 8 9 3}$ |
| Great Basin Area | FIRES | 2 | 16 | 2 | 4 | 31 | 61 | $\mathbf{1 1 6}$ |
|  | ACRES | 75 | 1,903 | 40 | 67 | 935 | 16,597 | $\mathbf{1 9 , 6 1 7}$ |
| Southwest Area | FIRES | 10 | 15 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 94 | $\mathbf{1 3 0}$ |
|  | ACRES | 1,676 | 12,963 | 194 | 836 | 51 | 60,901 | $\mathbf{7 6 , 6 2 1}$ |
| Rocky Mountain Area | FIRES | 11 | 38 | 21 | 9 | 36 | 111 | $\mathbf{2 2 6}$ |
|  | ACRES | 223 | 3,997 | 9,585 | 263 | 6,940 | 45,090 | $\mathbf{6 6 , 0 9 8}$ |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 31 | 0 | 96 | 25 | 587 | 174 | $\mathbf{9 1 3}$ |
|  | ACRES | 30,015 | 0 | 12,813 | 7,406 | 52,964 | 59,711 | $\mathbf{1 6 2 , 9 0 9}$ |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 68 | 0 | 139 | 33 | 54,386 | 928 | $\mathbf{5 5 , 5 5 4}$ |
|  | ACRES | 18,760 | 0 | 112,758 | 106,832 | $2,249,990$ | 942,624 | $\mathbf{3 , 4 3 0 , 9 6 4}$ |
| TOTAL FIRES: |  | $\mathbf{1 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 , 0 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 7 , 4 4 3}$ |
| TOTAL ACRES: |  | $\mathbf{5 4 , 4 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 , 9 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 4 , 9 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 8 , 0 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 2 8 , 4 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 8 0 , 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 8 7 0 , 9 7 1}$ |

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.
***Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at http://gacc.nifc.gov/

Predictive Services Discussion: A cooling trend will develop across the northwestern quarter of the country as a cool upper level low pressure area moves on shore and into the Pacific Northwest by afternoon. Scattered showers and storms will be possible, especially in the afternoon in these areas. Temperatures will be less hot across the Southwest due to a flattening of the high pressure ridge, but afternoon humidities will likely remain quite low. In the East, near normal temperatures are expected. Isolated storms will be possible across northern Alabama and Georgia. In Alaska, the high pressure ridge will begin to move east toward the Yukon Territory. This will allow for the low pressure area over the Aleutians to move east and to spread showers into the southern Interior.

## http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm

## Aviation Communications

Aviation Category

Discuss the following information in terms of effective communication with aircraft. Involve the pilot in this discussion.

- Establish an air-to-ground frequency on the fire, and make sure everyone knows what it is.
- Avoid switching frequencies in the middle of an operational period.
- Discuss Guard frequencies:
- How they work.
- When to use them.
- What frequencies are established for aircraft in your area?
- Aviation communications should be clear, concise, short, and to the point.
- Use standard terminology that can be understood by all people you are talking to. Do not use local slang.
- Know what you want to say before you key the microphone. Don't think and talk at same time.
- Before you key your microphone to talk, be sure to listen to ensure you don't cut into another transmission
- Identify who you want to talk to by the call sign and identify yourself in every transmission.
- If the frequency gets congested, request another frequency. Upon receipt, ensure that all people who need to be on the new frequency transfer to that frequency.
- When giving ground descriptions, describe the location as if you are viewing the location from the direction an aircraft would be traveling. Use a common frame of reference for the sender and receiver.
- Use easily understandable directions, such as north, south, east, west, 2 o'clock, 9 o'clock, left 20 degrees, right 45 degrees, etc.
- When giving directions, always give them in relation to the pilot's perspective.


## Resources:

Incident Response Pocket Guide Aviation Section blue pages

