#### National Interagency Coordination Center Incident Management Situation Report Monday, June 26th, 2017 – 0530 MT National Preparedness Level 2

#### **National Fire Activity**

Initial attack activity:	Light (111) new fires
New large incidents:	6
Large fires contained:	4
Uncontained large fires:**	13
Area Command Teams Committed:	1
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	3
Type 2 IMTs committed:	4

\*\*Uncontained large fires only include fires being managed under a full suppression strategy. Link to Geographic Area daily reports.

		Active Incide	ent Re	source	Summary	
GACC	Fires	Cumulative Acres	Crews	Engines	Helicopters	Total Personnel
AICC	1	4,245	4	0	2	121
NWCC	3	16,093	5	26	4	176
ONCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
OSCC	7	5,052	36	57	11	1,361
NRCC	0	0	0	0	0	0
GBCC	16	90,930	42	92	12	1,481
SWCC	24	146,835	63	129	21	2,912
RMCC	3	1,201	0	2	1	44
EACC	0	0	0	0	0	0
SACC	7	3,675	5	3	0	118
Total	61	268,033	155	309	51	6,213

### Southwest Area (PL 4)

New fires:	27
New large incidents:	2
Uncontained large fires:	7
Area Command Teams committed:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed:	2
Type 2 IMTs committed:	2

Area Command Team (Muir) has been assigned to the Coronado, NF for large fire support.

\* **Goodwin**, Prescott, NF. IMT 1 (Pierson). Eight miles southwest of Mayer, AZ. Chaparral. Extreme fire behavior with running, creeping and group torching. Numerous residences threatened. Evacuations, road and area closures in effect.

**Frye**, Coronado, NF. IMT 1 (Poncin) Nine miles west of Swift Trail Junction, AZ. Timber, brush and chaparral. Extreme fire behavior with flanking and backing. Numerous residences threatened. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

**Bonita**, Carson, NF. Transfer of command from IMT 2 (Bales) to the local unit will occur tomorrow.Sixteen miles northeast of Canjilon, NM. Timber, brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior with backing and smoldering. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

**Boundary**, Coconino, NF. IMT 2 (Andrews). Twelve miles north of Bellemont, AZ. Timber, short grass and heavy logging slash. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering, creeping and isolated torching. Road, area and trail closures in effect.

**Cajete**, Santa Fe, NF. Eight miles northeast of Jemez Springs, NM. Timber and medium logging slash. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Area closure in effect.

\* Whitewater, Socorro District, New Mexico State Forestry. Four miles northwest of Antelope Wells, NM. Short grass. Moderate fire behavior with uphill runs, backing and creeping. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

**R-14**, Fort Apache Agency, BIA. Three miles south of Cedar Creek, AZ. Timber. Minimal fire behavior.

**Griffith**, Las Vegas District, New Mexico State Forestry. Two miles west of Romero, NM. Chaparral and tall grass. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

**Freeze 2**, San Carlos Agency, BIA. Twenty-seven miles southeast of Whitewater, AZ. Timber and short grass. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

**Highland**, Bernalillo District, New Mexico State Forestry. Fifteen miles northeast of Encino, NM. Short grass and brush. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

Incident Name	Unit	Siz	ze	%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Perso	onnel	R	esourc	es	Strc	\$\$	Origin
incluent name	Unit	Acres	Chge	/0		LSt	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
* Goodwin	AZ-PNF	1,200		0	Ctn	07/04	525		16	29	4	2	2M	FS
Frye	AZ-CNF	37,068	1,506	39	Comp	07/30	791	-152	12	31	10	1	9.8M	FS
Bonita	NM-CAF	7,495	69	95	Ctn	07/03	247	-47	5	8	2	0	4.6M	FS
Boundary	AZ-COF	17,156	1,214	96	Comp	07/15	239	-43	4	6	1	0	8M	FS
Cajete	NM-SNF	1,412	0	96	Ctn	07/15	105	-153	3	2	1	0	4.4M	FS
* Whitewater	NM-N3S	2,000		0	Comp	07/15	2		0	0	0	0	1K	ST
R-14	AZ-FTA	749	0	95	Ctn	06/26	61	-57	2	1	0	0	380K	BIA
Griffith	NM-N4S	5,000		96	Ctn	UNK	9		0	3	0	0	6K	ST
Freeze 2	AZ-SCA	2,832		70	Ctn	UNK	11		0	0	1	0	4.4M	BIA
Highland	NM-N6S	927		85	Ctn	UNK	118		3	7	0	0	150K	ST
Encino	AZ-A3S	1,289	0	100	Ctn		3	-7	0	1	0	6	160K	ST
Bar X	AZ-CNF	2,755	-13	100	Comp		0	0	0	0	0	0	380K	FS

A3S – Southeast District, Arizona DOF

### Great Basin (PL 3)

New fires:	19
New large incidents:	1
Uncontained large fires:	1
Type 1 IMTs committed	1
Type 2 IMTs committed	1

**Brianhead**, Southwest Area, Utah DOF. IMT 1 (Martin) and IMT 2 (Roide). One mile north of Brian Head, UT. Timber and medium logging slash. Active fire behavior with group torching, uphill runs and short range spotting. Numerous residences threatened. Evacuations, road, area and trail closures in effect.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc	\$\$	Origin
meident Name		Acres	Chge	70	Comp	230	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
Brianhead	UT-SWS	42,800	2,652	10	Ctn	07/15	1,140	144	36	49	11	26	8.5M	ST
Lincoln Beach	UT-NWS	2,252	0	100	Ctn		23	-30	1	0	0	0	261K	ST
* Dry Hills	NV-NNS	435		100	Ctn		28		0	7	0	0	10K	ST

NWS – Northwest Area, Utah DOF

NNS - Northern Region, Nevada DOF

### Southern California Area (PL 2)

New Fires:	17
New large incidents:	1
Uncontained large fires:	4
Type 2 IMTs committed	1

\* **Placerita IC**, Los Angeles County. Three miles southeast of Santa Clarita, CA. Brush, short grass and chaparral. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering and isolated torching. Numerous residences threatened. Road closures in effect.

**Holcomb**, San Bernardino, NF. Transfer of command from IMT 2 (Kelly) to the local unit will occur today. Three miles northeast of Big Bear, CA. Brush, short grass and timber. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Area and trail closures in effect.

**Creek**, Fresno-Kings Unit, Cal Fire. Thirteen miles northwest of Coalinga, CA. Tall grass and brush. Moderate fire behavior. Road closures in effect.

**Highway**, Sequoia, NF. Five miles southwest of Bodfish, CA. Tall grass. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc	\$\$	Origin
molacht Name		Acres	Chge	70	Comp	230	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
* Placerita IC	CA-LAC	800		50	Ctn	06/27	408		12	27	0	3	250K	C&L
Holcomb	CA-BDF	1,503	0	91	Ctn	06/27	329	-333	7	11	0	0	7.2M	FS
Creek	CA-FKU	357	0	55	Ctn	06/28	273	0	8	6	2	4	803K	ST
Highway	CA-SQF	1,522		95	Ctn	UNK	57		1	0	4	0	ЗM	FS

Northwest Area (PL 2)	
New Fires:	8
New large incidents:	1
Uncontained large fires:	1

\* **Oak Springs 0326 RN**, Prineville District, BLM. One mile north of Maupin, OR. Short grass and brush. Minimal fire behavior.

Incident Name	Unit	Si	ze	e %		Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc		Origin
		Acres	Chge	/0	Comp	230	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
* Oak Springs 0326 RN	OR-PRD	375		90	Ctn	06/27	43		1	3	2	0	100K	BLM

### Southern Area (PL 1)

New Fires:	5
New large incidents:	1
Uncontained large fires:	0

Incident Name	Unit	Si	ze %		Ctn/	Est	Personnel		Resources		es	Strc	\$\$	Origin
		Acres	Chge	/0	Comp	L31	Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli	Lost	CTD	Own
* Forehand Ranch	TX-TXS	300		100	Ctn		7		0	0	0	0	1K	ST

TXS – Texas A&M Forest Service

# Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	377	0	0	0	0	377
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	7	1	8
Noninwest Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	5	1	6
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	19	4	23
Northern California Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	63	7	70
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	15	2	17
Southern California Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	373	29	402
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	1	2	0	0	2	2	7
Northern Rockies Area	ACRES	1	90	0	0	0	0	91
Croot Pagin Area	FIRES	0	8	0	0	6	5	19
Great Basin Area	ACRES	0	318	0	0	2,526	12,198	15,042
Southwest Area	FIRES	5	2	0	1	3	16	27
Southwest Area	ACRES	60	0	0	0	1,978	2,723	4,761
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	2	0	0	0	0	3	5
Rocky Mountain Area	ACRES	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	4	0	4
TOTAL FIRES:		8	12	0	1	57	33	111
TOTAL ACRES:		62	785	0	0	4,949	14,958	20,754

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	93	0	0	129	8	230
	ACRES	0	75,525	0	0	80,021	1	155,547
Northwest Area	FIRES	34	29	9	0	204	63	339
Noninwest Area	ACRES	118	448	169	0	461	216	1,412
Northern California Area	FIRES	19	3	2	1	751	74	850
	ACRES	21	539	70	1	2,179	50	2,860
Southern California Area	FIRES	30	36	0	6	1,507	130	1,709
Southern California Area	ACRES	73	512	0	3	24,956	5,549	31,093
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	329	24	6	0	205	44	608
Northern Rockies Area	ACRES	944	250	329	0	1,243	143	2,909
Great Basin Area	FIRES	10	202	0	15	243	54	524
Gleat Dasili Alea	ACRES	11	41,700	0	8	36,576	44,387	122,682
Southwest Area	FIRES	445	137	7	18	451	388	1,446
Southwest Area	ACRES	16,450	15,837	53	1,176	83,732	146,334	263,582
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	181	67	6	4	330	101	689
Nocky Mountain Area	ACRES	2,092	17,699	201	58	472,390	2,075	494,515
Eastern Area	FIRES	341	0	13	14	2,358	266	2,992
	ACRES	696	0	19	129	8,621	3,108	12,573
Southern Area	FIRES	255	8	32	26	18,428	317	19,066
	ACRES	60,250	36	151,311	53,054	1,284,061	24,416	1,573,128
TOTAL FIRES:		1,644	599	75	84	24,606	1,445	28,453
TOTAL ACRES:		80,655	152,546	152,152	54,429	1,994,240	226,279	2,660,301

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):

Ten Year Average Fires (2007 – 2016 as of today)	31,157
Ten Year Average Acres (2007 – 2016 as of today)	1,776,491

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noninwest Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	100	100
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern California Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Rockies Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gleat Dasili Alea	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rocky Mountain Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Area	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
TOTAL FIRES:		0	0	0	0	1	0	1
TOTAL ACRES:		0	0	0	0	1	100	101

# Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Ownership):

Area		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	6	1	7
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	64,850	100	64,950
Northwest Area	FIRES	5	15	4	1	0	67	92
Northwest Area	ACRES	1,298	1,743	4,761	38	0	11,423	19,263
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	5	6	10	0	87	108
Northern California Area	ACRES	0	654	239	258	0	9,647	10,798
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	3	5	4	0	152	164
Southern California Area	ACRES	0	62	464	504	0	4,252	5,282
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	6	15	42	6	10	93	172
Northern Rockies Area	ACRES	462	6,705	18,690	752	513	6,395	33,517
Creat Pagin Area	FIRES	3	18	5	6	28	62	122
Great Basin Area	ACRES	24	1,628	933	43	799	12,687	16,114
Southwest Area	FIRES	21	32	2	5	5	82	147
Southwest Area	ACRES	2,856	46,871	4,894	1,639	6,105	59,692	122,057
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	17	30	35	10	66	72	230
ROCKY MOUNTAIN Area	ACRES	741	2,857	18,304	2,370	2,661	39,622	66,555
Eastern Area	FIRES	52	0	169	22	1,169	178	1,590
Eastern Area	ACRES	26,680	0	26,117	6,148	96,607	65,126	220,678
Southern Area	FIRES	45	0	118	28	56,358	670	57,219
Southern Area	ACRES	6,594	0	89,476	133,644	1,446,942	615,137	2,291,793
TOTAL FIRES:		149	118	386	92	57,642	1,464	59,851
TOTAL ACRES:		38,655	60,520	163,878	145,396	1,618,477	824,081	2,851,007

## Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Ownership):

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <u>http://gacc.nifc.gov/</u>

### **Canada Fires and Hectares**

PROVINCES	FIRES YESTERDAY	HECTARES YESTERDAY	FIRES YEAR- TO-DATE	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE
BRITISH COLUMBIA	0	0	180	1,119
YUKON TERRITORY	7	44,555	48	69,875
ALBERTA	2	12	545	2,184
NORTHWEST TERRITORY	6	1,713	37	3,048
SASKATCHEWAN	0	0	98	405
ΜΑΝΙΤΟΒΑ	1	0	71	1,638
ONTARIO	1	19	102	100
QUEBEC	1	0	126	32,920
NEWFOUNDLAND	0	0	37	39
NEW BRUNSWICK	0	0	57	26
NOVA SCOTIA	0	0	137	718
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	0	0	2	7
NATIONAL PARKS	0	0	48	27,861
TOTALS	18	46,298	1,488	139,940

\* 1 Hectare = 2.47 Acres

<u>Predictive Services Discussion:</u> Significant lightning activity is possible across the northwestern quadrant of the Lower 48 as a weakening system located off the Oregon Coast begins to merge with a stronger area of low pressure dropping south from British Columbia. The surge in convective activity will come with an increase in westerly wind flow as the activity consolidates along a cold front that will begin passing through the Pacific Northwest and into the Northern Rockies by afternoon. The Southwest will remain hot and dry, but will see a slight increase in convective activity as well as a slightly stronger surge of moisture works its way into the Four Corners region from Mexico. In Alaska, warm and dry conditions will return to the interior as high pressure weakens but remains over the interior of the state.

https://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm



This Day in History is a brief summary of a powerful learning opportunity and is not intended to second guess or be judgmental of decisions and actions. Put yourself in the following situation as if you do not know what the outcome will be. What are the conditions? What are you thinking? What are YOU doing?

# Dude Fire – June 26<sup>th</sup> 1990 - Arizona

**Incident Summary:** June of 1990 will long be remembered as one of the hottest months in Arizona history. On June 26<sup>th</sup> the temperature rose to record temperatures of 122 F in Phoenix and to 106 F in Payson. In addition to the extreme temperatures, Arizona had been in a severe 3 year drought, the combination producing a critically high fire danger throughout the state, especially the Mogollon Rim country and the Tonto National Forest north of Payson. Fuels in the area are primarily ponderosa pine with an understory of mixed oak, manzanita, needle and leaf litter, and scattered large (greater than 6 inch diameter) dead logs. Much of the understory brush is heavily draped with very dry pine needles. Live fuel moisture of the manzanita and oak is very low (76%), fine dead fuel moisture is 3% and 8% for larger dead fuels.

At 1230 June 25<sup>th</sup>, 1990, a dry lightning storm starts a fire under the Mogollon Rim on the Payson Ranger District, Tonto NF Arizona. The fire is on a steep SW facing slope at 6400 ft. elevation. At 1330, the fire is estimated from the air at 5 acres, 50 acres one hour later, and over 100 acres by 1615 with a spot fire one mile east of the main fire. By 1800 a Type II IMT has arrived and a Type I IMT and 18 crews had been ordered. The fire is being pushed by brisk down canyon winds and is 1900 acres by 0500 the 26<sup>th</sup> and is threatening the forest subdivision of Bonita Creek Estates. A convection column, aided by combustion, begins forming over the fire by 1000. The column continued to grow and becomes a fully mature thunderstorm by 1400. Radio and frequency issues are causing a breakdown in communication between the crews and the overhead team. The teams are transitioning mid-shift resulting in confusion between the crews and supervision. The thunderstorm begins to decay creating strong downbursts channeled by the topography, causing dramatic down and across slope fire spread on nearly all sides of the fire. Members of the Perryville Fire Crew will not be able to escape from the fast and erratic fire spread. **Five are injured. Six will die on the fireline.** 

#### Lessons Learned Discussion Points

The fire behavior indicator system "Look Up, Look Down, Look Around" was developed in response to this tragedy fire.

• Using page 2 and 3 in your IRPG, what indicators are most significant in your area to let you know the fire behavior may become problematic?

The Haines Index, a measure of the atmospheres effect on a fire's growth potential, was adopted for inclusion on Fire Weather forecasts issued by the National Weather Service.

• Review and discuss the Haines Index information on page 75 in your IRPG.

In his paper "<u>LCES and Other Thoughts</u>", Paul Gleason writes about kneeling next to one of the Perryville firefighters and of his promise to help end needless fatalities and near misses.

- Review page 6 in your IRPG and discuss how you and your crew establish and maintain LCES.
- Discuss the difference between establishing LCES and maintaining LCES.
- What are common barriers to maintaining LCES?

We honor these firefighters today by learning about the lessons they learned the hard way and by using this tragic event as a tool to keep ourselves and our crews safe on the fireline. Use the following resources:

- Dude Fire Staff Ride
- Fire Investigation Report
- Dude Fire Fire Weather Behavior

