## National Fire Activity

Initial attack activity:
New large fires:
Large fires contained:
Uncontained large fires: **
Area Command Teams committed:
NIMOs committed:
Type 1 IMTs committed:
Type 2 IMTs committed:
** Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.
Link to Geographic Area daily reports.

## Northwest Area (PL 2)

New fires: 19
New large fires:
Uncontained large fires:1

Type 2 IMTs committed:
Mills Canyon, Southeast Region, DNR. IMT 2 (Rabe). Two miles west of Entiat, WA. Timber, brush and grass. Backing with group torching. Residences threatened.

* Highland 2, Washington State Fire Marshal's Office. Six miles east of Bridgeport, WA. Brush and grass. Active fire behavior. Residences threatened. Evacuations in effect.

Silvercreek II, Colville Agency, BIA. Three miles southeast of Keller, WA. Timber. Minimal fire behavior.
Rock Hill, Washington State Fire Marshal's Office. Thirteen miles west of Mansfield, WA. Brush. Minimal fire behavior. Residences threatened.

| Incident Name | St | Unit | Size | Size <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | $\%$ <br> Ctn | Est <br> Ctn | Totl <br> Pers | Pers <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | Crw | Eng | Heli | Strc <br> Lost | \$\$ <br> CTD | Origin <br> Own |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mills Canyon | WA | SES | 6,171 | 1,171 | 0 | UNK | 408 | 307 | 11 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 1.2 M | ST |
| *Highland 2 | WA | WFS | 600 | -- | 50 | $7 / 11$ | 56 | -- | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 100 K | ST |
| Silvercreek II | WA | COA | 330 | 0 | 80 | $7 / 11$ | 126 | -100 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 999 K | BIA |
| Rock Hill | WA | WFS | 2,209 | 0 | 90 | $7 / 10$ | 143 | -19 | 2 | 17 | 2 | 7 | 607 K | ST |

New fires:
New large fires:
Uncontained large fires: 2
Type 1 IMTs committed: 1
Monticello, Sonoma-Lake Napa Unit, Cal Fire. Cal Fire IMT 1 (Smith). IMT is also managing the Butts fire. Five miles west of Winters, CA. Chaparral and grass. Minimal fire behavior.

Coleman, Northern California District, BLM. Twenty-five miles east of Fort Bidwell, CA. Juniper, brush and grass. Minimal fire behavior.

| Incident Name | St | Unit | Size | Size <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | $\%$ <br> Ctn | Est <br> Ctn | Totl <br> Pers | Pers <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | Crw | Eng | Heli | Strc <br> Lost | \$\$ <br> CTD | Origin <br> Own |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monticello | CA | LNU | 6,488 | 0 | 82 | $7 / 11$ | 1,001 | -547 | 20 | 91 | 5 | 0 | 6.8 M | ST |
| Coleman | CA | NOD | 15,246 | 0 | 96 | $7 / 14$ | 177 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 0 | $5.6 M$ | BLM |
| Butts | CA | LNU | 4,300 | 0 | 100 | -- | 0 | -118 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 7.2 M | ST |

## Eastern Great Basin Area (PL 2)

New fires: 16
New large fires: 0
Uncontained large fires: 3

Middle Bench, Arizona Strip Field Office, BLM. Thirty-six miles south of St. George, UT. Pinyon pine, juniper and brush. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering.

Colorado Gulch, Blaine County. Two miles southwest of Hailey, ID. Brush and grass. Interior burning.
Taylor Mountain Road, Vernal Field Office, BLM. Seven miles north of Vernal, UT. Pinyon pine, juniper and brush. Creeping and smoldering with isolated interior torching. Residences threatened.

| Incident Name | St | Unit | Size | Size <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s}$ | \% <br> Ctn | Est <br> Ctn | Totl <br> Pers | Pers <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | Crw | Eng | Heli | Strc <br> Lost | \$\$ <br> CTD | Origin <br> Own |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middle Bench | AZ | ASD | 404 | 4 | 35 | $7 / 10$ | 53 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 255 K | BLM |
| Colorado Gulch | ID | BLX | 728 | 0 | 94 | UNK | 72 | -35 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 370 K | CNTY |
| Taylor Mountain <br> Road | UT | VLD | 3,147 | 0 | 80 | $7 / 14$ | 91 | -18 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 3 | $1.1 M$ | BLM |

## Western Great Basin Area (PL 2)

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { New fires: } & 4 \\ \text { New large fires: } & 0 \\ \text { Uncontained large fires: } & 4\end{array}$

MGC Complex (3 fires), Ely District, BLM. Eighteen miles northeast of Panaca, NV. Chaparral. Smoldering. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

Lages, Ely District, BLM. Eighteen miles northeast of Cherry Creek, NV. Pinyon pine, juniper and brush. Minimal fire behavior. Precipitation occurred over the fire area yesterday.

| Incident Name | St | Unit | Size | Size <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | $\%$ <br> Ctn | Est <br> Ctn | Totl <br> Pers | Pers <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | Crw | Eng | Heli | Strc <br> Lost | \$\$ <br> CTD | Origin <br> Own |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MGC Complex | NV | ELD | 12,192 | 0 | 90 | $7 / 14$ | 32 | -170 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | $3.3 M$ | BLM |
| Lages | NV | ELD | 9,100 | 0 | 99 | $7 / 10$ | 96 | -49 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 400 K | BLM |

## Rocky Mountain Area (PL 1)

New fires:
9
New large fires: 0
Uncontained large fires:
Owen, Medicine Bow NF. Two miles southeast of Albany, WY. Timber. Creeping and smoldering with isolated torching and short-range spotting. Residences threatened. Area closures in effect. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

| Incident Name | St | Unit | Size | Size <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | $\%$ <br> Ctn | Est <br> Ctn | Totl <br> Pers | Pers <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | Crw | Eng | Heli | Strc <br> Lost | \$\$ <br> CTD | Origin <br> Own |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Owen | WY | MBF | 450 | 0 | N/A | N/A | 166 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 500 K | FS |

## Southern Area (PL 1)

New fires: 59
New large fires:
Uncontained large fires:

* Hauser Road II, Florida Forest Service. Ten miles southeast of Panama City, FL. Timber. Moderate fire behavior.
* Rodgers River, Everglades NP. Thirty miles south of Everglades City, FL. Grass. Moderate fire behavior with short range spotting. Last report unless significant activity occurs.

| Incident Name | St | Unit | Size | Size <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | \% <br> Ctn | Est <br> Ctn | Totl <br> Pers | Pers <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | Crw | Eng | Heli | Strc <br> Lost | \$\$ <br> CTD | Origin <br> Own |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * Hauser Road II | FL | FLS | 178 | --- | 90 | --- | 5 | --- | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | NR | ST |
| * Rodgers River | FL | EVP | 3,000 | --- | N/A | N/A | 0 | -- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\$ 7 \mathrm{~K}$ | NPS |

New fires:
New large fires:
Uncontained large fires:

| Incident Name | St | Unit | Size | Size <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | \% <br> Ctn | Est <br> Ctn | Totl <br> Pers | Pers <br> Chge <br> $\mathbf{2 4 ~ H r s ~}$ | Crw | Eng | Heli | Strc <br> Lost | \$\$ <br> CTD | Origin <br> Own |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raghorn | MT | CMR | 189 | -27 | 100 | -- | 8 | -10 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 110 K | FWS |

CMR - Charles M. Russell NWR, FWS

## Other Fires

(As of July 4)

| GACC | Fires | Cumulative <br> Acres | Crews | Engines | Helicopters | Total <br> Personnel |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AK | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NW | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NO | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SO | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| EB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| WB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SW | 3 | 21,745 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 206 |
| RM | 1 | 528 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 26 |
| EA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 4 | 22,273 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 232 |

Predictive Services Discussion: Showers and thunderstorms are expected for much of the Intermountain West today from the Northern Rockies southward through the Great Basin, central Rockies, and southwest U.S. A broad trough of low pressure over the eastern U.S. will be accompanied by a cold front sagging southward through the Gulf Coast states. Showers and thunderstorms will initiate along the front from Oklahoma eastward to the Carolinas.
http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm

This Day in History is a brief summary of a powerful learning opportunity and is not intended to second guess or be judgmental of decisions and actions. Put yourself in the following situation as if you do not know what the outcome will be. What are the conditions? What are you thinking? What are YOU doing?

## Thirtymile Fire - July $10^{\text {th }} 2001$ - Washington

Incident Summary: The Chewuch River runs down a deep "V" canyon with $70 \%$ to $100 \%$ slopes and little elevation change along the canyon floor. The SW to NE orientation of the canyon aligns with afternoon ridge and upcanyon winds. Dead fuel moistures are 10 hour at $3 \%, 100$ hour at $5 \%$, and 1000 hour at $10 \%$ (historic lows) and live fuels generally less than $100 \%$. Ladder fuels are abundant on the canyon floor and riparian fuels are dry enough to support surface fire and torching throughout the night of July 9th and into the morning of July 10th. Crown fuels are dense and drought stressed. The temperature reaches $94^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ with an RH of $8 \%$ along the canyon floor.

- Local firefighters considered it unusual for green foliage to be burning like it was for this time of year. If you are not familiar with local conditions of a fire you are being dispatched to, what are some quick and effective tools you can use to gain an understanding of that area?

9:26pm July $9^{\text {th }}$ a fire is reported near the road along the Chewuch River. The fire is about five acres with two spots ahead of it. An engine with 3 firefighters arrives just after 11 pm. One engine arrives just before midnight. An IHC arrives at 1:00 am after working another fire all day and having had only 30 minutes of sleep. The engine departs the fire around 1:30 am. A local Type 2 crew is called up just after midnight. A majority of the crew has had only one or two hours of sleep. By 5:30 am July 10th there are seven spots covering about five to six acres. Two spots are about an acre each.

- Identify and discuss the red flags that "pop-up" during this 8 hour period. If this was your crew, what would you be doing to identify and mitigate them?

At 7:00 am the Type 2 crew gets a briefing at a ranger station prior to heading to the fire and is informed that they will be doing mop-up. They arrive at the fire at 9:00 am. The IHC leaves the fire for rest at 11:00 am. Mid-morning fire intensity increases with more frequent torching and increasingly longer spotting distances. By about noon the crew is experiencing difficulties with the pumps and multiple broken handtools. Just after noon the IC requests additional resources including a helicopter. The IHC returns to the fire around 2:00 pm with less than 3 hours of rest.

- Though water was readily available, relatively little was applied to the fire during the night and morning. This was largely due to operational problems with pumps and hoses, as well as delays in availability of a helicopter. In this situation, how would you and your crew adapt your tactics and develop your trigger points?

The fire has been burning through hoses and spotting over the line. The IC pulls the crew back to the road and accepts the fact that the fire was lost. At 3:00 pm the Type 2 crew is joined by the IHC at the "safety zone" on the west side of the river. The helicopter makes water drops on small spots on the south edge of the fire until having to refuel. The fire had spread up the east canyon walls and soon after had moved back to the canyon floor with spotting on the west wall of the canyon. At 3:20 pm, the fire is 50 acres, crowning and going to the ridge. At 3:35 pm the fire is 100 acres.

Two engines are ordered and arrive around $3: 30 \mathrm{pm}$ neither checking in with the IC nor receiving a tactical briefing. One engine crew radios for help with a spot. One, then eventually all of the squads of the Type II crew are sent to assist the engines with spots along the road. Minutes later the fire is actively spotting and is burning right up to the east side of the road. Some firefighters quickly drive back down the road to their "safety zone" shielding their faces from the intense heat as they pass the fire. 4:03 pm the Thirtymile Fire is forming its own thunderhead. A call is made to the other firefighters to get everyone out of the area. $4: 34 \mathrm{pm}$, as the firefighters attempt to retreat they see a "wall of flames", and quickly turn around and drive up the canyon. 5:00 pm the fire is over 500 acres.

- Records indicate that firefighters on the Thirtymile Fire had very little sleep prior to their assignments, and mental fatigue affected situational awareness and decision-making. How can you recognize fatigue in yourself and in your crew/team? Discuss what you WILL do about it?

The fire makes a strong upcanyon run. $5: 24 \mathrm{pm}$, roaring, ash and a "fire snowstorm" abruptly overwhelm the area and surprises the crew. Cut off from their only escape route, back down the road, 8 firefighters and 2 civilians deploy on the road and 6 firefighters on the talus slope. 4 firefighters do not survive.

- 4 of the 6 firefighters that deployed on the talus slope did not survive. Using pages 30-31 in your IRPG, discuss the features of an optimal and survivable deployment site. Practice looking for them on PT hikes, patrolling the fireline, and while prepping prescribed burn units.

Reference: Thirtymile Fire Investigation Report, PPT presentation (self-paced training or facilitated group training) and Staff Ride
Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.
EMAIL | Facebook | MAIL: 6 Minutes for Safety Subcommittee • 3833 S. Development Ave • Boise, ID 83705 | FAX: 208-387-5250

Fires and Acres Yesterday

| AREA |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | FIRES | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Northwest | FIRES | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 19 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 351 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 355 |
| Northern California | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 7 | 23 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 15 |
| Southern California | FIRES | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 22 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 7 |
| Northern Rockies | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| Eastern Great Basin | FIRES | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 16 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 18 |
| Western Great Basin | FIRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southwest | FIRES | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 18 | 24 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 13 |
| Rocky Mountain | FIRES | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 9 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 1 | 59 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 126 | 46 | 172 |
| TOTAL | FIRES | 3 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 118 | 41 | 185 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 373 | 0 | 0 | 163 | 60 | 596 |

Fires and Acres Year-to-Date

| AREA |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | FIRES | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 264 | 13 | 308 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 25,473 | 0 | 0 | 201,226 | 5 | 226,704 |
| Northwest | FIRES | 69 | 70 | 33 | 4 | 320 | 200 | 696 |
|  | ACRES | 3,450 | 7,958 | 34 | 0 | 24,855 | 555 | 36,852 |
| Northern California | FIRES | 45 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1,631 | 246 | 1,932 |
|  | ACRES | 22 | 15,034 | 23 | 30 | 14,754 | 4,966 | 34,829 |
| Southern California | FIRES | 28 | 44 | 10 | 12 | 1,622 | 244 | 1,960 |
|  | ACRES | 231 | 1,448 | 511 | 9 | 18,734 | 6,664 | 27,597 |
| Northern Rockies | FIRES | 410 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 269 | 107 | 810 |
|  | ACRES | 3,035 | 1,235 | 227 | 0 | 3,114 | 144 | 7,755 |
| Eastern Great Basin | FIRES | 26 | 182 | 0 | 14 | 285 | 117 | 624 |
|  | ACRES | 1,069 | 18,999 | 0 | 123 | 1,585 | 1,868 | 23,644 |
| Western Great Basin | FIRES | 2 | 136 | 1 | 12 | 31 | 25 | 207 |
|  | ACRES | 18 | 27,659 | 0 | 2 | 69 | 743 | 28,491 |
| Southwest | FIRES | 382 | 111 | 11 | 27 | 516 | 448 | 1,495 |
|  | ACRES | 112,724 | 1,348 | 577 | 6,165 | 14,397 | 42,314 | 177,525 |
| Rocky Mountain | FIRES | 269 | 119 | 20 | 9 | 430 | 109 | 956 |
|  | ACRES | 1,962 | 839 | 1,181 | 2,096 | 33,788 | 497 | 40,363 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 408 | 0 | 39 | 23 | 4,527 | 291 | 5,288 |
|  | ACRES | 602 | 0 | 1,486 | 206 | 33,271 | 4,882 | 40,447 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 374 | 0 | 65 | 26 | 13,068 | 462 | 13,995 |
|  | ACRES | 110,703 | 0 | 3,402 | 282 | 196,767 | 33,824 | 344,978 |
| TOTAL | FIRES | 2,013 | 716 | 187 | 130 | 22,963 | 2,262 | 28,271 |
|  | ACRES | 233,816 | 99,993 | 7,441 | 8,913 | 542,560 | 96,462 | 989,185 |


| Ten Year Average Fires | 40,983 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Ten Year Average Acres | $2,956,443$ |

${ }^{\text {*** }}$ Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

Prescribed Fires and Acres Yesterday

| AREA |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Northwest | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Northern California | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern California | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Northern Rockies | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eastern Great Basin | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Western Great Basin | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southwest | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 300 | 300 |
| Rocky Mountain | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96 | 62 | 158 |
| TOTAL | FIRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 97 | 362 | 459 |

## Prescribed Fires and Acres Year-to-Date

| AREA |  | BIA | BLM | FWS | NPS | ST/OT | USFS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | FIRES | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 59,591 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59,591 |
| Northwest | FIRES | 7 | 46 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 162 | 225 |
|  | ACRES | 1,166 | 11,255 | 2,937 | 37 | 1 | 20,825 | 36,221 |
| Northern California | FIRES | 1 | 3 | 15 | 9 | 0 | 127 | 155 |
|  | ACRES | 1 | 135 | 7,316 | 60 | 0 | 5,950 | 13,462 |
| Southern California | FIRES | 2 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 71 | 87 |
|  | ACRES | 9 | 277 | 191 | 454 | 0 | 2,082 | 3,013 |
| Northern Rockies | FIRES | 10 | 20 | 43 | 4 | 11 | 114 | 202 |
|  | ACRES | 792 | 8,090 | 9,365 | 3,253 | 241 | 16,120 | 37,861 |
| Eastern Great Basin | FIRES | 3 | 14 | 5 | 7 | 30 | 58 | 117 |
|  | ACRES | 355 | 4,062 | 2,184 | 56 | 1,006 | 18,576 | 26,239 |
| Western Great Basin | FIRES | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 14 |
|  | ACRES | 0 | 716 | 300 | 0 | 147 | 216 | 1,379 |
| Southwest | FIRES | 3 | 16 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 44 | 71 |
|  | ACRES | 1,600 | 16,248 | 1,959 | 0 | 75 | 17,494 | 37,376 |
| Rocky Mountain | FIRES | 21 | 35 | 95 | 18 | 65 | 73 | 307 |
|  | ACRES | 1,761 | 2,731 | 19,679 | 4,833 | 2,338 | 10,256 | 41,598 |
| Eastern Area | FIRES | 53 | 0 | 299 | 41 | 1,167 | 162 | 1,722 |
|  | ACRES | 58,417 | 0 | 45,912 | 5,537 | 70,782 | 63,580 | 244,228 |
| Southern Area | FIRES | 86 | 0 | 169 | 26 | 7,375 | 861 | 8,517 |
|  | ACRES | 17,638 | 0 | 66,775 | 24,863 | 338,336 | 885,807 | 1,333,419 |
| TOTAL | FIRES | 186 | 149 | 643 | 114 | 8,657 | 1,675 | 11,424 |
|  | ACRES | 81,739 | 103,105 | 156,618 | 39,093 | 412,926 | 1,040,906 | 1,834,387 |

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***
Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at http://gacc.nifc.gov/.

## Canada Fires and Hectares

| Provinces | Fires <br> Yesterday |  | Hectares <br> Yesterday | Fires <br> Year-To-Date |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| British Columbia | 63 | 1,865 | 472 | Hectares <br> Year-To-Date |
| Yukon Territory | 0 | 0 | 21 | 7,985 |
| Alberta | 2 | 550 | 548 |  |
| Northwest Territory | 0 | 0 | 794 | 4,588 |
| Saskatchewan | 3 | 3,513 | 164 | 425,172 |
| Manitoba | 0 | 0 | 205 | 47,254 |
| Ontario | 0 | 1 | 100 | 1,414 |
| Quebec | 2 | 112 | 146 | 3,255 |
| Newfoundland | 0 | 0 | 162 | 35,749 |
| New Brunswick | 3 | 2 | 52 | 1,934 |
| Nova Scotia | 1 | 0 | 144 | 100 |
| Prince Edward Island | 0 | 0 | 134 | 422 |
| National Parks | 0 | 15,115 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 74 | 21,157 | 31 | 93,177 |

This report contains information derived from the National Fire and Aviation Management Web Applications (FAMWEB) system and other sources to provide relative information about emerging and ongoing incident activity. This information is considered operational in nature, is subject to change, and therefore may not match official year-to-date agency records.
** National Interagency Coordination Center **

