## INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT SATURDAY, JULY 27, 2002 0530 MDT NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 5

#### **CURRENT SITUATION:**

Initial attack activity was light across the nation. Nationally, 190 new fires were reported. One became a large fire in the Northern California Area. Six large fires were contained, two each in the Northwest and Northern Rockies Areas and one each in the Rocky Mountain and Eastern Great Basin Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

The U.S. Army Task Force Destroyer (1/5 FA 1<sup>st</sup> Battalion, 5<sup>th</sup> Regiment) commanded by Lt. Col. David R. Byrn Sr., at Ft. Riley, KS, is assigned to the Monument fire.

### NORTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Northwest Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Mann) is assigned to manage large fires in southeast Oregon. An Area Command Team (Williams-Rhodes) is assigned to manage large fires on the Malheur and Ochoco National Forests. An Area Command Team (Ribar) is assigned to manage large fires in southeast large fires in southwest Oregon.

SHELDON RIDGE, Central Oregon District, Oregon Department of Forestry. An Oregon Department of Forestry Incident Management Team (Keith) is assigned. This fire is located 7 miles south of Mosier, OR in timber, grass and brush. Extreme, wind driven, fire behavior with running and long range spotting was observed. Crews are building fireline with assistance from dozers. Aerial resources are assisting in suppression efforts. Two hundred residences and several outbuildings are threatened. Two outbuildings are confirmed lost.

SKUNK, Winema National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Gardner) is assigned. Burning in bitter brush and ponderosa pine, this fire is north of Sprague River, OR. Spotting, torching and short runs were observed. Personnel are constructing direct and indirect attack fireline. Fifty residences, several outbuildings and commercial properties are threatened; structure protection is in place. One outbuilding is confirmed lost.

NORTH UMPQUA COMPLEX, Umpqua National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Jackson) is assigned. Burning in heavy timber, this complex of several fires is 25 miles east of Glide, OR. Torching, short range spotting and running were observed. Extremely rocky and steep terrain is hampering containment efforts. Crews are improving established fireline and mopping up. Twenty residences and several outbuildings are threatened.

BISCUIT-FLORENCE, Siskiyou National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Joki) is assigned. The Florence fire, formerly part of the Biscuit Complex, has been renamed the Biscuit-Florence fire and is 26 miles west of Grants Pass, OR. Active fire behavior was observed in mixed conifer and brush. Crews are building indirect attack fireline and burning out. Steep, inaccessible terrain is hampering containment efforts. Thirteen residences and several outbuildings are threatened.

CACHE MOUNTAIN, Deschutes National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Sandman) is assigned. This fire is 15 miles northwest of Sisters, OR in brush, slash and timber. Short runs with torching and spotting were observed. Dozers and crews are building direct attack fireline with support from aerial resources. Steep terrain is impeding containment efforts. The Black Butte Ranch subdivision, commercial properties, resorts and campgrounds are threatened.

FLAGTAIL-MALHEUR COMPLEX, Malheur National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Wood) and a Type 2 Incident Management Team (Morcom) are assigned. This complex, consisting of the Flagtail, Roberts, Easy and several smaller fires, is burning in mixed conifer forest, eight to 25 miles south of Prairie City, OR. The Flagtail fire is contained. Increased relative humidity moderated fire behavior with isolated torching observed. Crews are building handline.

TOOL BOX COMPLEX, Fremont National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Gelobter) is assigned. This complex consists of the Tool Box, Silver and Lava fires which are approximately ten miles south of Silver Lake, OR. Active fire behavior with isolated torching was observed in sage, ceanothus and mixed conifer. Personnel are constructing and improving fireline while providing for structure protection. Sixty residences, a major power line and an extensive communications site are threatened.

WINTER, Klamath Lake District, Oregon Department of Forestry. An Oregon Department of Forestry Incident Management Team (Mair) is assigned. This fire is ten miles northwest of Paisley, OR. Active burning and spotting were observed in sagebrush, ceanothus, juniper and mixed conifer forest. Crews are constructing direct attack fireline, burning out and mopping up. Twenty residences are threatened.

TIMBERED ROCK, Central Oregon District, Oregon Department of Forestry. This fire is 15 miles north of Shady Cove, OR burning in timber and dead down fuels. Long range spotting and active fire behavior were observed. Personnel are improving established fireline and burning out. Steep terrain is hampering containment efforts. Thirty-two residences and several outbuildings are threatened.

DEER POINT, Wenatchee National Forest. A Unified Command has been established between a Type 1 Incident Management Team (Vail) and a Washington Interagency Management Team (Perry). This fire is 27 miles north of Chelan, WA in mixed brush, ponderosa pine and lodgepole pine. Fire behavior was moderated by higher relative humidity and lower temperatures however increased winds led to torching and isolated runs. Personnel are building indirect attack fireline and mopping up. Steep, rugged terrain with limited access is impeding suppression efforts. Seventy-five residences are threatened in and surrounding the communities of Manson and Chelan.

WHITE RIVER, Prineville District, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management

Team (Kearney) has been ordered. This fire, burning in grass, brush and juniper, is four miles north of Maupin, OR. Spotting caused by winds was observed. Crews are burning out. One hundred residences and several outbuildings are threatened; structure protection is in place. Four outbuildings are confirmed lost.

TILLER COMPLEX, Umpqua National Forest. A Washington Interagency Incident Management Team (Dunton) and a Type 2 Incident Management Team (Walker) are assigned. This complex is comprised of 94 reported fires on the Tiller Ranger District and in the Rogue-Umpqua Divide Wilderness Area, west of Tiller, OR. Active fire behavior with spotting, torching and running resulted from increased winds. Rolling debris is hampering containment efforts. Crews are patrolling and mopping up. Fifteen residences are threatened.

MONUMENT, Malheur National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Stutler) is assigned. This fire is nine miles southwest of Unity, OR in mixed conifer forest, ponderosa pine and grass. Favorable weather conditions resulted in minimal fire behavior. Crews are constructing indirect fireline and improving established fireline. Seventy-five residences are threatened.

747/MURRAY COMPLEX, Ochoco National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Melton) is assigned. These fires are 10 to 15 miles south of Dayville, OR. Smouldering and creeping were observed in ponderosa pine, juniper, sage and grass. Crews are improving established fireline and burning out. Extremely rugged and inaccessible terrain is hampering suppression efforts. Four residences and several outbuildings are threatened.

SOUR BISCUIT, Siskiyou National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Broyles) is assigned. This fire, formerly of the Biscuit Complex, is 17 miles southwest of Cave Junction, OR with torching observed in mixed conifer and brush. Crews are building handline. Extremely steep, inaccessible terrain is impeding containment efforts.

	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
SHELDON RIDGE	OR	ORS	5,700	0	7/30	250	7	12	5	2	360K
SKUNK	OR	WNF	2,261	30	UNK	356	9	26	0	1	288K
NORTH UMPQUA COMPLEX	OR	UPF	1,120	35	7/31	606	17	17	5	0	2.4M
BISCUIT-FLORENCE	OR	SIF	15,930	0	UNK	687	16	16	6	5	2.6M
CACHE MOUNTAIN	OR	DEF	1,200	0	UNK	176	4	6	4	0	350K
FLAGTAIL-MALHEUR COMPLEX	OR	MAF	22,274	NR	8/4	1,695	51	81	7	0	10M
TOOL BOX COMPLEX	OR	FRF	82,191	50	UNK	1,420	37	86	0	0	7.9M
WINTER	OR	ORS	34,461	55	8/1	916	29	34	7	0	6.3M
TIMBERED ROCK	OR	ORS	4,100	10	UNK	423	14	14	7	0	1.3M
DEER POINT	WA	WEF	34,570	37	UNK	1,183	25	71	10	9	5.7M
WHITE RIVER	OR	PRD	20,000	0	UNK	53	0	17	1	4	NR
TILLER COMPLEX	OR	UPF	9,870	18	8/16	1,184	56	59	3	0	3.9M
MONUMENT	OR	MAF	24,435	60	UNK	1,490	40	24	10	0	4.2M
747/MURRAY COMPLEX	OR	OCF	11,749	50	8/1	934	30	32	2	0	3.9M
SOUR BISCUIT	OR	SIF	3,700	5	UNK	170	5	4	0	0	212K
EYERLY COMPLEX	OR	WSA	23,573	100		794	22	27	4	37	10.7M
SWAMP CREEK	OR	BUD	320	100		8	0	2	0	0	24K

WSA = Warm Springs Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs

BUD = Burns District, Bureau of Land Management

## SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

MCNALLEY, Sequoia National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Humphrey) is assigned. This fire is burning in heavy brush and mixed conifer forest 12 miles north of Kernville, CA. Torching and short crowning runs were observed. Crews are improving established fireline, burning out and mopping up. The Giant Sequoia National Monument and 200 residences are threatened; structure protection is in place.

FEMA-MICRONESIA-CHUUK, Guam, Micronesia and Northern Mariana Islands. The islands were struck by Typhoon Chata'an on July 5<sup>th</sup> and Typhoon Halong on July 9<sup>th</sup> resulting in 40 major landslides causing many injuries and fatalities as well as severe damage to the islands. US Forest Service and Federal Emergency Management Agency personnel have responded to provide disaster aid and supplies. The US Forest Service has been tasked with organizing and staffing a receiving and distribution center for planning food and water distribution in Chuuk State and setting up operational planning on Chuuk and Guam.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HEL	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MCNALLEY	CA	SQF	62,000	30	UNK	1,655	68	22	14	1	7.7M
FEMA-MICRONESIA- CHUUK	CA	OSC				344	0	0	0	445	NR

# NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

STANZA, Klamath National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Carlson) is assigned. This fire is burning in old growth timber ten miles south of Happy Camp, CA. Group torching, short range spotting and significant uphill runs were observed. Crews are constructing indirect attack fireline.

EAGLE, Klamath National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Szczepanik) has been ordered. This fire is approximately 15 miles west of Yreka, CA in mixed conifer and brush. Steep and rugged terrain is hampering containment efforts.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
STANZA	CA	KNF	610	20	7/31	367	13	17	5	0	NR
EAGLE	CA	KNF	160	75	7/28	319	11	4	3	0	NR

# EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

HORSE SKIN, Lower Snake River District, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 15 miles west and southwest of Castleford, ID burning in sage and grass. Minimal fire behavior was observed. Personnel are mopping up, patrolling and improving control lines.

GARDEN VALLEY COMPLEX, Boise National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Brunner) is assigned. This complex, burning in sage, lodgepole pine and subalpine fir, consists of four major and several smaller fires northeast of Garden Valley, ID. The fires are smouldering and creeping with occasional torching and spotting. Seven fires have been contained or controlled. Steep, heavily forested terrain and limited access are hampering containment efforts.

RATTLE COMPLEX, Moab Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Van Bruggen) is assigned. This complex is 20 miles northeast of Green River, UT. Higher relative humidity and precipitation resulted in minimal fire behavior in aspen and mixed conifer forest. Crews are mopping up and rehabilitating fireline. Difficult terrain and limited

COUNTY LINE, Uintah and Ouray Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 30 miles north of Green River, UT. Limited torching and smouldering in the interior were observed in sage, oak, pine and manzanita. Aerial resources are mopping up on the east flank. Containment efforts are hampered by inaccessible terrain.

CANYONS COMPLEX, Manti-LaSal National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Mannelin) is assigned. This complex consists of the Hang Dog and Hammond fires which are eight miles northeast of Lasal and 15 miles northwest of Blanding, UT respectively. The fires are burning in serviceberry, sage, chaparral, gambel oak, pinyon pine, juniper and ponderosa pine. Significant precipitation has resulted in minimal fire activity. Crews are mopping up and rehabilitating fireline.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HORSE SKIN	ID	BOD	5,965	95	7/26	94	0	15	0	0	NR
GARDEN VALLEY COMPLEX	ID	BOF	675	20	8/2	630	24	0	6	0	750K
RATTLE COMPLEX	UT	MOD	94,391	85	7/29	381	10	3	1	2	10.1M
COUNTY LINE	UT	UOA	3,439	78	7/29	83	2	3	2	0	NR
CANYONS COMPLEX	UT	MLF	9,800	95	7/27	101	2	6	1	0	2.7M
SEQUOIA	UT	DIF	8,062	100		183	6	2	5	0	2.0M

DIF = Dixie National Forest

## **ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:**

PEPPER, Rock Springs District, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Benes) has been ordered. This fire is 27 miles south of Rock Springs, Wy in sage, grass, timber and heavy dead down fuels. Moderate fire behavior was observed with individual tree torching, running and crowning.

SHELDON, Black Hills National Forest. This fire is eight miles northeast of Newcastle, WY. Interior burning, isolated torching and smouldering were observed in ponderosa pine and mahogany. Crews are mopping up.

LOST GREEN COMPLEX, Routt National Forest. A Fire Use Management Team (Cook) is assigned. This complex is comprised of the Lost Lake and Green Creek fires which are 30 miles southwest and 15 miles southeast of Steamboat Springs, CO respectively. Higher relative humidity and precipitation resulted in smouldering fire behavior in heavy dead and down spruce and fir. Crews are completing rehabilitation. Twelve residences are threatened.

AGONY, Fort Carson, Department of Defense. This fire is 16 miles south of Colorado Springs, CO in scrub oak, sage and grass. Active fire behavior with upslope runs was observed. Crews are

mopping up with assistance from aerial resources.

HENSEL, Medicine Bow National Forest. This fire is burning in bug kill ponderosa pine 20 miles northwest of Wheatland, WY. Precipitation resulted in minimal fire activity with smouldering.

	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
PEPPER	WY	RSD	1,500	0	UNK	95	2	15	3	0	NR
SHELDON	SD	BKF	690	60	7/27	250	7	23	1	0	160K
LOST GREEN COMPLEX	СО	RTF	4,114	75	UNK	140	3	0	4	0	720K
AGONY	СО	DOD	564	90	7/27	43	1	7	2	0	70K
HENSEL	WY	MB1F	14,730	94	UNK	45	1	4	1	7	7.4M
BIG ELK	СО	ARF	4,413	100		290	6	11	2	1	3.7M

ARF = Arapaho-Roosevelt National Forest

# NORTHERN ROCKIES AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Northern Rockies Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

RED WAFFLE, Custer National Forest. A transfer of command from Chrisman's Type 2 Incident Management Team to a Type 3 organization will occur 7/27 at 0600 MDT. This fire is 35 miles southeast of Bridger, MT with minimal fire behavior observed in ponderosa pine, brush and grass. Steep, rocky and difficult terrain is hampering containment efforts. Personnel are patrolling and mopping up.

BROAD, Yellowstone National Park. This fire is burning in old growth lodgepole pine and Douglas fir 20 miles southeast of Mammoth, WY. Precipitation resulted in minimal fire behavior with smouldering and creeping. Crews are patrolling and mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
RED WAFFLE	MT	CNF	6,000	75	8/2	119	0	2	1	0	1.7M
BROAD	WY	YNP	9,140	85	9/28	42	1	0	2	0	3.7M
FOX CREEK	MT	BFA	6,300	100		373	10	16	1	0	2.9M
OXBOW	ID	CMS	180	100		41	2	0	3	0	84K

BFA = Blackfeet Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs

CMS = Craig Mountain Area Office, Idaho Department of Lands

# ALASKA AREA LARGE FIRES:

GOBLET CREEK, Galena Zone, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 15 miles north of Anvik, AK. The fire is burning deep in mixed fuels and black spruce. Precipitation moderated fire activity.

Crews are mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
GOBLET CREEK	AK	GAD	3,300	65	7/29	100	6	0	2	0	284K

## OUTLOOK:

## \*\*\* A RED FLAG WARNING HAS BEEN POSTED IN NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FOR NORTH TO NORTHEAST WINDS AND LOW HUMIDITY \*\*\*

# \*\*\* A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN SOUTHWEST OREGON FOR LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND INCREASING NORTH TO NORTHEAST WIND \*\*\*

The Northwest Area can expect mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 60's along the coast, 70 to 80 in northwest Oregon and western Washington, 80 to 95 elsewhere. Minimum relative humidity will be in the single digits and teens in southeast and south central Oregon; 25 to 35 percent east of the Cascade Mountains and southwest Oregon; 35 to 60 percent elsewhere. Winds will be west to northwest at 5 to 15 mph except 15 to 25 mph east of the Cascades, with gusts to 40mph in central Washington.

Sunny skies are expected over the Southern California Area. High temperatures will be in the upper 60's and 70's in coastal areas, 80's to low 90's in the mountains, and 90's to 110 in inland valleys and deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 30 percent in the mountains and inland valleys, 10 to 25 percent in the deserts and 30 to 45 percent in coastal valleys. Winds will be onshore 8 to 15 mph at the coast and southeast to southwest at 10 to 20 mph elsewhere.

The Eastern Great Basin Area can expect mostly sunny skies with isolated thunderstorms over eastern Idaho, eastern Utah and northwest Wyoming. Temperatures will be 75 to 95 in Idaho and Wyoming, 90 to 102 elsewhere. Minimum relative humidity will range from 10 to 25 percent in the mountains and 7 to 15 percent at lower elevations. Winds will be west at 10 to 25 mph over Idaho, lighter elsewhere.

Due to an upper level disturbance the Rocky Mountain Area can expect isolated to widely scattered thunderstorms. High temperatures will be from 75 to 85 in the mountains; upper 80's to lower 90's at lower elevations; higher elevations in Wyoming will be 60 to 70. Minimum relative humidity will range from 15 to 25 percent in Colorado, 20 to 40 percent in northern Wyoming and 18 to 25 percent in the Black Hills. Winds will be west at 5 to 15 mph. Strong, gusty winds will occur near thunderstorms.

High pressure will bring sunny skies to the Northern California Area. High temperatures will be in the 60's and 70's along the coast and near 100 inland. Minimum relative humidity will range from 12 to 19 percent and winds will be north at 8 to 16 mph gusting to 27 mph.

A Pacific cold front moving into the Northern Rockies Area will bring partly sunny skies and scattered thunderstorms. High temperatures will be in the 70's to mid 80's. Minimum relative humidity will range from 30 to 40 percent and winds will be northwest at 15 to 25 mph.



### www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index\_j.asp

## WILDLAND/URBAN INTERFACE--STRUCTURE PROTECTION

The primary consideration of any operation is to assure firefighter and public safety. It is a must to assess potential fire behavior, ingress/egress routes, nature of the threat, hazardous materials, and available water supplies before engaging in the protection of any structure. Factors that may make an attempt to save a structure hopeless or too dangerous include:

- ! The fire is making a sustained run and there is little or no clearance between the structure and the fuel.
- ! The fire behavior is extreme; spot fires are numerous and the spread is outpacing containment.
- ! <u>Water supply will not last as long as the threat of the fire.</u>
- ! <u>The fire's intensity dictates that you leave the fire area immediately.</u>
- ! The structure is constructed of wood and has a wood, shake roof.
- ! <u>The roof of the structure is more than one-quarter involved.</u>
- ! <u>There is fire inside of the structure or windows are broken and there is no way to quickly repair them.</u>
- ! You can't safely remain at the structure because your escape route could become unusable.

When implementing a plan to protect structures, consider the following:

- ! <u>Don't enter a burning structure unless you are trained, equipped, and authorized. Firefighter safety and survival is the number one priority.</u>
- ! Always stay mobile and wear all of your PPE.
- ! Back in equipment to allow for a quick escape.
- ! <u>Coil a short, 1 <sup>1</sup>/2</u>", charged line with fog nozzle on your engine for safety and quick knock down capability.
- ! Don't make long hose lays. Keep at least 100 gallons of water reserve in your tank.
- ! <u>Check the road system before the fire approaches. Know bridge limits, alternate access routes, and turnarounds for your vehicle and other support vehicles.</u>
- ! Determine if residents are home. Leave on the inside and outside lights, regardless of the time of day. Close the garage door.
- ! <u>Place the owner's ladder at a corner of the home on the side with the least fire threat.</u>
- ! <u>Coil and charge garden hoses.</u>
- ! <u>Check and mark hazmat; e.g., LPG, pesticides, and paint storage.</u>

### FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	ACRES		<u>300</u>	<u>4,436</u>	<u>1,673</u>	<u>4,221</u>		<u>10,630</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>1</u>			<u>6</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>26</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	ACRES		<u>10,800</u>			<u>4,650</u>	<u>10,280</u>	<u>25,730</u>
NODTUERN	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>26</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u> CALIFORNIA	ACRES					<u>33</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>108</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>11</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11</u>
<u>Southern</u> California	ACRES					<u>26</u>	<u>6,500</u>	<u>6,526</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	2				<u>3</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>29</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u> ROCKIES	ACRES	<u>52</u>				<u>70</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>130</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5</u>			<u>10</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>22</u>
<u>EASTERN</u> GREAT BASIN	ACRES	<u>516</u>	<u>1,096</u>			<u>1</u>	<u>475</u>	<u>2,088</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>8</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>9</u>
<u>WESTERN</u> <u>GREAT BASIN</u>	ACRES		<u>5</u>				<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>				<u>20</u>	<u>26</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	ACRES	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>	7	<u>7</u>			<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>22</u>
<u>ROCKY</u> MOUNTAIN	ACRES	<u>0</u>	<u>50</u>			<u>174</u>	<u>190</u>	<u>414</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>2</u>		<u>2</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	ACRES					<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>15</u>		<u>15</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	ACRES					<u>74</u>		<u>74</u>
TOTAL	FIRES	<u>14</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>190</u>

ACRES 568 12,251 4,436 1,673 9,249 17,534 45,7
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## FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA	_	BIA	BLM	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>		<u>29</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>419</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>499</u>
ALASKA	ACRES		<u>144,850</u>	<u>90,330</u>	<u>8,510</u>	<u>768,708</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>1,012,414</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>195</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>820</u>	<u>797</u>	<u>2,018</u>
NORTHWEST	ACRES	<u>16,478</u>	<u>123,533</u>	<u>1,789</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>16,802</u>	<u>203,225</u>	<u>361,837</u>
NORTHERN	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>154</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>1,511</u>	<u>474</u>	<u>2,173</u>
CALIFORNIA	ACRES	<u>222</u>	<u>6,864</u>	<u>818</u>	<u>3,665</u>	<u>7,530</u>	<u>2,769</u>	<u>21,868</u>
SOUTHERN	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>1,876</u>	<u>486</u>	<u>2,519</u>
CALIFORNIA	ACRES	<u>2,298</u>	<u>19,647</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>719</u>	<u>20,737</u>	<u>140,847</u>	<u>184,329</u>
NORTHERN	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>837</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>381</u>	<u>1,607</u>
ROCKIES	ACRES	<u>13,053</u>	<u>10,314</u>	<u>2,127</u>	<u>9,591</u>	<u>21,193</u>	<u>8,796</u>	<u>65,074</u>
EASTERN	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>357</u>	7	<u>23</u>	<u>309</u>	<u>547</u>	<u>1,296</u>
GREAT BASIN	ACRES	<u>4,573</u>	<u>46,291</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>101,476</u>	<u>116,493</u>	<u>268,958</u>
WESTERN	<b>FIRES</b>	<u>8</u>	<u>305</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>119</u>	<u>510</u>
GREAT BASIN	ACRES	<u>315</u>	<u>24,635</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>42,118</u>	<u>67,155</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>	<u>1,022</u>	<u>168</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>1,061</u>	<u>1,199</u>	<u>3,520</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	ACRES	<u>263,349</u>	<u>21,496</u>	<u>5,621</u>	<u>11,390</u>	<u>188,488</u>	<u>434,652</u>	<u>924,996</u>
ROCKY	<b>FIRES</b>	<u>316</u>	<u>316</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>818</u>	<u>460</u>	<u>1,995</u>
MOUNTAIN	ACRES	<u>52,196</u>	<u>37,346</u>	<u>2,648</u>	<u>6,512</u>	<u>125,834</u>	<u>242,351</u>	<u>466,887</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>	<u>762</u>		<u>19</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>7,836</u>	<u>311</u>	<u>8,956</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	ACRES	<u>31,956</u>		<u>1,225</u>	<u>581</u>	<u>53,960</u>	<u>3,334</u>	<u>91,056</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>	<u>97</u>		<u>181</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>25,909</u>	<u>786</u>	<u>27,014</u>
<b>SOUTHERN</b>	ACRES	17,071		143,391	4,775	262,584	23,824	451,645
	<b>FIRES</b>	<u>3,480</u>	<u>1,487</u>	<u>365</u>	287	40,912	<u>5,576</u>	<u>52,107</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	ACRES	<u>401,511</u>	<u>434,976</u>	<u>248,140</u>	<u>45,784</u>	<u>1,567,383</u>	<u>1,218,425</u>	<u>3,916,219</u>
TEN YEAR AVE	RAGE FIR	ES						<u>52,475</u>
<u>TEN YEAR AVE</u>	RAGE AC	RES						<u>1,846,555</u>

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*

## PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
ALASKA	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
NORTHWEST	ACRES							<u>0</u>
NODTUEDN	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u> CALIFORNIA	ACRES							<u>0</u>
COLITUERN	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u> CALIFORNIA	ACRES							<u>0</u>
NODTUEDN	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
NORTHERN ROCKIES	ACRES							<u>0</u>
FACTERN	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u> <u>GREAT BASIN</u>	ACRES							<u>0</u>
WESTERN	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>WESTERN</u> <u>GREAT BASIN</u>	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	ACRES							<u>0</u>
DOCKY	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY</u> MOUNTAIN	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
EASTERN	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
SOUTHERN	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	ACRES	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

### PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

ALASKA   ACR     ALASKA   ACR     NORTHWEST   ACR     NORTHWEST   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     SOUTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     SOUTHERN   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     GREAT BASIN   ACR     WESTERN   FIRE     WESTERN   ACR     WESTERN   ACR	ES 20 S 20 ES 5,776 S 7 ES 163 S 1 ES 70	<u>103</u> 9,238 <u>14</u> 1,269 <u>2</u>	<u>1,085</u> <u>30</u> <u>2,691</u> <u>10</u> <u>19,894</u> 6	<u>10</u> <u>254</u> <u>11</u> <u>231</u>	<u>6</u> 292	<u>256</u> 40,010 <u>86</u>	<u>1</u> <u>1,085</u> <u>425</u> <u>58,261</u> <u>128</u>
NORTHWEST   FIRE     NORTHERN   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     SOUTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     SOUTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     CALIFORNIA   ACR     NORTHERN   FIRE     ROCKIES   ACR     EASTERN   FIRE     GREAT BASIN   ACR     WESTERN   FIRE	<u>S 20</u> ES <u>5,776</u> S <u>7</u> ES <u>163</u> S <u>1</u> ES <u>70</u>	<u>9,238</u> <u>14</u> <u>1,269</u> <u>2</u>	<u>30</u> 2,691 10 <u>19,894</u>	<u>254</u> <u>11</u>		<u>40,010</u>	<u>425</u> <u>58,261</u>
NORTHWESTACRNORTHERN CALIFORNIAFIRESOUTHERN CALIFORNIAFIRESOUTHERN CALIFORNIAACRNORTHERN ROCKIESFIREACRFIREBASTERN GREAT BASINACRWESTERNFIRE	ES <u>5,776</u> S <u>7</u> ES <u>163</u> S <u>1</u> ES <u>70</u>	<u>9,238</u> <u>14</u> <u>1,269</u> <u>2</u>	<u>2,691</u> <u>10</u> <u>19,894</u>	<u>254</u> <u>11</u>		<u>40,010</u>	<u>58,261</u>
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA ACR FIRE ACR FIRE ACR FIRE ACR FIRE ACR FIRE GREAT BASIN FIRE GREAT BASIN FIRE	<u>S 7</u> ES 163 S 1 ES 70	<u>14</u> <u>1,269</u> <u>2</u>	<u>10</u> 19,894	<u>11</u>	292		
NORTHERN CALIFORNIAACRSOUTHERN CALIFORNIAFIRESOUTHERN CALIFORNIAACRNORTHERN ROCKIESFIREACRFIREEASTERN GREAT BASINACRWESTERNFIRE	ES 163 S 1 ES 70	<u>1,269</u> 2	<u>19,894</u>			<u>86</u>	128
CALIFORNIAACRSOUTHERN CALIFORNIAFIREACRACRNORTHERN ROCKIESFIREACRACREASTERN GREAT BASINFIREWESTERNFIRE	<u>s 1</u> ES 70	2		<u>231</u>			
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIAACRNORTHERN ROCKIESFIRE ACREASTERN GREAT BASINFIRE ACRWESTERNFIRE FIRE	<u>ES 70</u>		ĥ			<u>9,943</u>	<u>31,500</u>
CALIFORNIAACRNORTHERN ROCKIESFIREACRACREASTERN GREAT BASINFIREWESTERNFIRE			<u>0</u>	<u>7</u>		<u>97</u>	<u>113</u>
NOR THERN   ROCKIES ACR   EASTERN FIRE   GREAT BASIN ACR   WESTERN FIRE	S 9	<u>24</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>682</u>		<u>17,226</u>	<u>18,288</u>
ROCKIESACREASTERN GREAT BASINFIREACRACRFIRE WESTERNFIRE	<u> </u>	<u>11</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>287</u>	<u>456</u>
EASTERN   GREAT BASIN   ACR   WESTERN	<u>ES 725</u>	<u>1,765</u>	<u>15,578</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>4,478</u>	<u>19,155</u>	<u>41,809</u>
GREAT BASIN ACR WESTERN	<u>s 1</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>60</u>
WESTERN	<u>ES 7</u>	<u>2,545</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>2,422</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>47,755</u>	<u>53,453</u>
	S					<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
AUX AUX	<u>ES</u>					<u>172</u>	<u>172</u>
FIRE	<u>s 4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>115</u>	<u>142</u>
SOUTHWEST ACR	<u>ES 90</u>	<u>17,250</u>	<u>4,722</u>			12,566	<u>34,628</u>
FIRE	<u>S 8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>193</u>
ROCKY MOUNTAIN ACR	<u>ES 516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>15,352</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,170</u>	<u>11,287</u>	<u>34,644</u>
FIRE	<u>S 21</u>		<u>281</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>495</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>946</u>
EASTERN ACR	<u>ES 8,709</u>		<u>42,886</u>	<u>437</u>	<u>62,116</u>	<u>20,446</u>	<u>134,594</u>
FIRE	<u>S 59</u>		<u>237</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>16,382</u>	<u>864</u>	<u>17,616</u>
SOUTHERN ACR	<u>ES 10,951</u>		<u>109,574</u>	<u>83,725</u>	<u>822,232</u>	<u>691,470</u>	<u>1,717,952</u>
FIRE	<u>S 130</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>790</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>16,956</u>	<u>1,902</u>	<u>20,085</u>
TOTAL ACR *** Changes in sor		<u>35,120</u>	<u>212,513</u>	<u>90,149</u>	<u>891,567</u>	<u>870,030</u>	<u>2,126,386</u>

### WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>						2	<u>2</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	ACRES						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u> CALIFORNIA	<b>FIRES</b>							<u>0</u>
	ACRES							<u>0</u>
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	<b>FIRES</b>				<u>14</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>18</u>
	ACRES				<u>13</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>14</u>
NORTHERN ROCKIES	<b>FIRES</b>						4	<u>4</u>
	ACRES						<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
	<b>FIRES</b>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u> GREAT BASIN	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	FIRES		8				1	9
<u>WESTERN</u> GREAT BASIN	ACRES		851				1	852
	FIRES						4	4
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	ACRES						800	800
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	FIRES						1	1
	ACRES						1,651	1,651
	FIRES							0
EASTERN	ACRES							<u>0</u>
SOUTHERN	FIRES				1			<u> </u>
	ACRES				<u> </u>			<u>+</u> 1
	FIRES	0	8	0	<u>-</u> 15	0	16	39
TOTAL	ACRES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>10</u>	<u> </u>	<u>2,461</u>	<u>3,326</u>

\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.\*\*\*

## **CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:**

PROVINCES	<u>FIRES</u> <u>YESTERDAY</u>	HECTARES YESTERDAY	<u>FIRES</u> <u>YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE	
BRITISH COLUMBIA	<u>65</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>827</u>	<u>7,765</u>	
YUKON TERRITORY	1	<u>0</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>36,335</u>	
ALBERTA	<u>35</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>1,117</u>	<u>539,360</u>	
NORTHWEST TERRITORY	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>10,925</u>	
SASKATCHEWAN	<u>6</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>817</u>	<u>852,159</u>	
MANITOBA	2	<u>5</u>	<u>645</u>	<u>65,846</u>	
<u>ONTARIO</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>5,786</u>	<u>588</u>	<u>170,656</u>	
QUEBEC	<u>8</u>	<u>34,480</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>789,771</u>	
NEWFOUNDLAND	1	<u>32</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>35,646</u>	
NEW BRUNSWICK	<u>1</u>	1	<u>203</u>	<u>206</u>	
NOVA SCOTIA	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>183</u>	<u>197</u>	
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
NATIONAL PARKS	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>5,249</u>	
TOTALS	<u>131</u>	<u>40,343</u>	<u> </u>	<u>2,514,115</u>	

# **RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES**

AREA	CREW FED	CREW ST/OT	ENGS FED	ENGS ST/OT	<u>HELI</u> FED	<u>HELI</u> ST/OT	<u>AIRT</u> FED	<u>AIRT</u> ST/OT	OVRHD FED	OVRHD ST/OT
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>12</u>			<u>2</u>				<u>19</u>	
NORTHWEST	<u>115</u>	<u>293</u>	<u>126</u>	<u>496</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>59</u>			<u>1502</u>	<u>1564</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>85</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>130</u>	<u>133</u>
NORTHERN	<u>12</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>			<u>141</u>	<u>72</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>221</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>2</u>	
SOUTHWEST			<u>2</u>							
ROCKY MTN	<u>19</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>227</u>	<u>58</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>									<u>71</u>	
SOUTHERN			<u>6</u>		<u>1</u>				<u>21</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>288</u>	<u>370</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>671</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,419</u>	<u>1,959</u>

\*\*\* THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER \*\*\*