

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 2002 0530 MDT
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 5**

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was moderate in the Rocky Mountain, Northern California and Southern California Areas, and light elsewhere. Nationally, 126 new fires were reported. Three of these became large fires, one in the Southwest Area and two in the Rocky Mountain Area. Three large fires were contained, one each in the Southwest, Southern California and Rocky Mountain Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Arizona, California, Colorado, Kansas, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas and Utah.

SOUTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Southwest Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Ribar) is assigned to manage the Rodeo/Chediski complex.

RODEO/CHEDISKI COMPLEX, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Fort Apache Agency. Four Type 1 Incident Management Teams (Humphrey, Bateman, Dash, and Martin) are assigned. The fires are burning in chaparral, ponderosa pine, juniper and brush three miles north of Cibecue, AZ. Extreme fire behavior was observed. Crews are constructing handline and burning out the southwest corner. Show Low, Pinedale, Lakeside, Clay Springs, Pinetop, Hon Dah, Linden and surrounding populated areas remain evacuated with 7,500 residences threatened. Structure protection is in place. Evacuation centers are open in Winslow and Holbrook. Highways 260 and 277 are closed. One additional structure was lost.

ROYBAL/TRAMPAS, Santa Fe National Forest. The Roybal fire is four miles northeast of Pecos, NM and the Trampas fire is in the Pecos Wilderness Area, eight miles west of Rociada, NM. The fires are burning in ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest. Minimal fire activity was observed. Steep, difficult terrain and limited access are hampering containment efforts.

POSO #2, Carson National Forest. This fire is burning near Petaca, NM in ponderosa pine, pinyon pine, juniper and mixed conifer. Moderate fire behavior with torching was observed. Crews are constructing handline, patrolling and mopping up. Several residences are threatened.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
RODEO/CHEDISKI COMPLEX	AZ	FTA	375,000	5	UNK	2,875	53	56	11	291	7.7M
ROYBAL/TRAMPAS	NM	SNF	5,655	60	UNK	652	6	5	3	0	5.5M
POSO #2	NM	CAF	130	70	UNK	130	5	5	1	0	60K

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HIPPY	AZ	YUD	424	100	—	28	1	2	0	0	NR

YUD = Bureau of Land Management, Yuma-Havasas Field Office

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Rocky Mountain Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Mann) is assigned to manage the Hayman fire. An additional Area Command Team (Chesley) has been ordered for the Missionary Ridge fire.

The 146th Air Expeditionary Group (Provisional), under the command of BG John Iffland, is conducting MAFFS operations from Peterson Field, CO in support the National Interagency Fire Center overall wildfire suppression effort. The 146th AEG (P) has deployed 2 C-130H3 aircraft from the 302nd Air Wing, US Air Force Reserve, 4 C-130H3 aircraft from the 145th Air Wing, North Carolina Air National Guard and a joint 302nd/145th support group to conduct air tanker missions from Peterson Field, Colorado. LTC Ted Wright is the immediate commander at Peterson Field for the deployed aircraft.

MISSIONARY RIDGE, San Juan National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Bennett) is assigned. A second Type 1 Incident Management Team (Hart) has been ordered. This fire is 15 miles northeast of Durango, CO and is burning in gambel oak, ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest. Extreme fire behavior was observed on the north, northeast, east and southwest flanks. Crews are burning out on the southwest flank. Ten subdivisions near Lemon and Vallecito Reservoirs and along State Route 250 remain evacuated. Additional evacuations are underway, 1,271 residences are threatened. An evacuation center is open in Bayfield. A damage assessment group continues to evaluate losses.

MILLION, Rio Grande National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Gelobter) is assigned. This fire is burning two miles south of South Fork, CO in ponderosa pine, bug kill spruce and mixed conifer forest. Short crown runs and spotting were observed. Crews and dozers are constructing fireline. A voluntary evacuation of Willow Park remains in place and an evacuation center is open in Monte Vista. Seven additional structures were confirmed lost.

HENSEL, Medicine Bow National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Wood) is assigned. This fire is burning in bug kill ponderosa pine 20 miles northwest of Wheatland, WY. Fire behavior was minimal. Favorable weather aided containment efforts. Crews are constructing direct attack handline, mopping up and burning out.

HAYMAN, Pike-San Isabel National Forest. Two Type 1 Incident Management Teams (Frye and Raley) are assigned. Frye's Type 1 Incident Management Team will assume sole command at 0600 today. This fire is burning six miles northwest of Lake George, CO in ponderosa pine, gambel oak and mixed conifer forest. Precipitation assisted containment efforts and limited fire behavior. Crews are constructing handline, rehabilitating and mopping up. Evacuation centers are open in Park, Douglas, Teller and Jefferson Counties. Occupants of 350 residences were allowed to return to their homes. Highway 67 is closed. The four counties involved continue to assess structure loss.

WEST BEAVER, Grand Mesa-Uncompahgre-Gunnison National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Sisk) is assigned. This fire is 15 miles south of Norwood, CO. Torching, spotting and running were observed in spruce, fir and aspen. Steep, rugged terrain with heavy dead and downed fuels is impeding containment efforts. Crews are constructing direct attack handline on all flanks and spots.

PINYON RIDGE, Bureau of Land Management, Craig District. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Chrisman) is assigned. This fire is burning 28 miles northwest of Meeker, CO in pinyon pine and juniper. Running, torching and spotting were observed. Crews are constructing direct attack handline and engines are patrolling and mopping up.

COAL SEAM, Grand Junction Dispatch Center Area Counties. A Fire Use Management Team (Cook) is assigned to manage suppression operations and develop long term assessments. A confinement strategy is being utilized on the north flank due to extremely steep and dangerous terrain. This fire is burning four miles west of Glenwood Springs, CO in spruce, subalpine fir and aspen. Completed fireline has forced the fire north into areas of low spread potential. Aspen stands are projected to limit fire spread for three to four weeks. Single tree torching and creeping were observed. Crews are conducting reconnaissance and mopping up spot fires.

VALLEY, La Plata County. This fire is burning six miles northwest of Durango, CO in pinyon pine and juniper. Extreme fire behavior with a high rate of spread was observed. Crews and dozers are constructing line. Ninety residences are threatened and six were lost.

SPRING CREEK, White River National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Hartman) will assume command at 1800 today. This fire is burning in spruce eight miles north of New Castle, CO. Spotting, torching and short runs were observed. Steep and inaccessible terrain are impeding suppression efforts.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MISSIONARY RIDGE	CO	SJF	66,983	30	UNK	1,249	25	137	10	71	15.3M
MILLION	CO	RGF	8,925	55	UNK	1,256	29	61	11	20	3.2M
HENSEL	WY	MB1F	14,387	70	6/30	734	22	30	7	7	3.8M
HAYMAN	CO	PSF	137,000	77	UNK	1,664	34	85	11	618	27.2M
WEST BEAVER	CO	GMF	515	10	UNK	211	5	8	3	0	255K
PINYON RIDGE	CO	CRD	1,750	25	6/26	66	1	6	0	0	115K
COAL SEAM	CO	GJX	12,209	90	UNK	122	2	7	4	43	7.0M
VALLEY	CO	LPX	406	60	6/26	195	5	16	4	6	NR
SPRING CREEK	CO	WRF	35	5	UNK	49	2	0	2	0	210K
WILEY RIDGE	CO	GUX	1,084	100	—	35	0	5	1	0	150K

GUX = Gunnison County

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on

information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

RATTLE COMPLEX, Bureau of Land Management, Moab Field Office. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Casey) is assigned. This complex consists of the Diamond Creek and Rattle fires and is 20 miles northeast of Green River, UT. Backing and short upslope runs were observed in oak brush, mountain mahogany, pinyon pine, Douglas fir and ponderosa pine. Steep, rugged terrain, extreme drought conditions and limited access are impeding containment efforts.

WILDHORSE COMPLEX, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Uintah and Ouray Agency. This complex, comprised of the Wildhorse and Papoose fires, is 54 miles south of Fort Duchesne, UT. Torching was observed in pinyon pine, juniper and sagebrush on the southwest flank. Crews are patrolling and aerial resources are being utilized on the south flank.

SANFORD, Dixie National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Suwyn) is assigned. The fire is being managed by the most cost efficient alternative under the Wildland Fire Situation Analysis (WFSA) confinement/containment strategy. Priorities are firefighter and public safety, economics of suppression and ecosystem health. The fire is 20 miles northeast of Panguitch, UT and is burning in aspen, pinyon pine, juniper and mixed conifer forest. Torching, spotting and short runs were observed. Crews are constructing handline on the south and west flanks and mopping up spots. Aerial resources are supporting suppression efforts. Structure protection is in place at Sanford Ranch.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
RATTLE COMPLEX	UT	MOD	2,000	5	7/1	244	9	0	5	0	NR
WILDHORSE COMPLEX	UT	UOA	1,550	85	6/26	108	3	3	3	0	NR
SANFORD	UT	DIF	72,100	80	7/1	692	24	5	7	0	3.5M

WESTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Great Basin Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms.

CANNON, Humboldt-Toiyabe National Forest. This fire is burning in sagebrush, ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest 25 miles northwest of Bridgeport, CA. Fire activity was limited to interior burning. Crews are patrolling and mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
CANNON	NV	HTF	22,750	95	6/27	846	21	36	3	4	7.8M

SOUTHERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX, Okefenokee National Wildlife Refuge. This lightning-caused complex, consisting of the Blackjack 02, Bay Creek and Number One Island fires, is ten miles northeast of Fargo, GA. The complex is being managed by the most cost efficient alternative under the Wildland Fire Situation Analysis (WFSA) confinement/containment strategy. Priorities are firefighter and public safety, economics of suppression and ecosystem health. Smoldering and creeping were observed. Personnel are mopping up and rehabilitating roads.

ROCKY TOP, Shenandoah National Park. This fire is burning east of Harrisonburg, VA in mixed hardwoods. Minimal fire activity was observed. Steep, rocky terrain and hot temperatures are hampering containment efforts. Several residences are threatened.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX	GA	OKR	124,104	6	UNK	31	0	0	1	0	6.0M
ROCKY TOP	VA	SHP	810	25	6/29	103	5	0	2	0	36K

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MANZANITA	CA	MVU	210	100	—	27	0	5	0	0	NR

MVU = California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, San Diego Unit

OUTLOOK:

High pressure over the Southwest Area will bring sunny skies with isolated wet and dry thunderstorms. High temperatures will range from the 80's in the mountains to 110 at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 15 percent in Arizona and western New Mexico, and 15 to 30 percent in eastern New Mexico and west Texas. Winds will be southwest at 5 to 15 mph in Arizona and western New Mexico and east to southeast at 10 to 20 mph in eastern New Mexico and west Texas.

The Rocky Mountain Area can expect sunny skies with isolated wet and dry thunderstorms near the Continental Divide in Colorado. High temperatures will be in the 70's to lower 80's in the mountains and mid 80's to mid 90's at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will be in the single digits at lower elevations in western Colorado, 10 to 25 percent in the mountains, and 20 to 30 percent in northern Wyoming and the Black Hills. Winds will be east to southeast at 10 to 20 mph east of the Divide and variable at 5 to 15 mph elsewhere.

High pressure over the Eastern Great Basin Area will bring mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 80's to near 90 in the mountains and 90 to 105 in the valleys. Minimum relative humidity will range from 7 to 22 percent at higher elevations and 2 to 18 percent at lower elevations. Winds will be variable at 5 to 15 mph.

High pressure over the Western Great Basin Area will bring sunny skies with isolated thunderstorms. High temperatures will be near 95 in the north and near 100 in the south. Minimum relative humidity will range from the single digits in the deserts to 20 percent in the valleys and mountains. Winds will be variable at 3 to 15 mph.

A low pressure system in the Southern Area will bring scattered showers and thunderstorms. High temperatures will be in the mid 80's to near 100. Minimum relative humidity will range from 30 to 60 percent and winds will be south to southeast at 5 to 10 mph.

The Southern California Area can expect mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 60's to 70's in coastal areas, mid 80's to mid 90's in the mountains and inland valleys and 100 to 114 in the deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 8 to 20 percent in the mountains and deserts, 15 to 30 percent in the valleys and 45 to 60 percent near the coast. Winds will be southwest to northwest at 8 to 18 mph.



www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/index_j.asp

BACKFIRING OR BURNOUT OPERATIONS

Backfiring or burnout operations are often critical operations in the fire management job. If planned and executed correctly, they can speed control of a fire and greatly reduce suppression costs. Conversely, if done incorrectly, they can endanger personnel, extend control time and increase cost. Safety considerations must always be given first priority. No backfiring or burnout action, regardless of strategic importance or other critical factors, is worth risking one human life! Backfiring or burnout operations must not jeopardize the safety of personnel or equipment or compromise suppression actions on adjacent portions of the fireline. One qualified individual must be responsible for controlling and directing the firing operation. Before beginning backfiring or burnout operations, assure that:

- Lookouts are posted.
- Communications are established with both firing and holding teams.
- Escape routes and safety zones are established, known to all resources, and will not be compromised by the firing operations.

If it is necessary, and time allows, concentrations of fuel adjacent to and inside the control line should be removed. Fuel outside the control line may be removed; concentrations of fuel may be scattered, covered with foam or wet down, or treated by ground or aerial retardant applications. Critical points such as hooks in the fireline, saddles or canyon may require extra holding forces.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY :

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	FIRES		0	0		1		1
	ACRES		8,770	40		36,828		45,638
NORTHWEST	FIRES					3	1	4
	ACRES					11	0	11
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES					19	3	22
	ACRES					90	0	90
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES	1	2			22	8	33
	ACRES	15	0			162	11	188
NORTHERN ROCKIES	FIRES						1	1
	ACRES						7	7
EASTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES	0	3			6	2	11
	ACRES	50	200			30	0	280
WESTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES						5	5
	ACRES						2	2
SOUTHWEST	FIRES	0	1			5	2	8
	ACRES	43,660	8			31	130	43,829
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	FIRES		1			5	0	6
	ACRES		301			406	6,458	7,165
EASTERN	FIRES					11	1	12
	ACRES					2	0	2
SOUTHERN	FIRES				0	23		23
	ACRES				340	45		385
TOTAL	FIRES	1	7	0	0	95	23	126
	ACRES	43,725	9,279	40	340	37,605	6,608	97,597

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	FIRES		16	9	2	310	9	346
	ACRES		107,735	47,139	7	636,443	13	791,337
NORTHWEST	FIRES	48	33	1	1	303	125	511
	ACRES	134	3,585	300	2	767	323	5,111
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES	70	1	2	2	883	175	1,133
	ACRES	54	5	45	3,660	3,763	1,507	9,034
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES	42	38	10	8	2,709	287	3,094
	ACRES	2,281	8,193	81	4	15,722	49,285	75,566
NORTHERN ROCKIES	FIRE	674	12	22	1	157	88	954
	ACRES	6,515	294	2,108	0	20,918	1,233	31,068
EASTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES	33	95		7	117	109	361
	ACRES	1,607	7,618		9	7,259	57,439	73,932
WESTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES	4	93	1	6	39	32	175
	ACRES	312	5,151	10	6	23	25,283	30,785
SOUTHWEST	FIRES	745	122	16	32	860	569	2,344
	ACRES	194,906	11,662	5,564	11,376	161,231	330,313	715,052
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	FIRES	30	111	29	21	681	217	1,089
	ACRES	500	11,501	2,611	515	118,160	222,243	355,530
EASTERN	FIRES	762		18	18	6,848	292	7,938
	ACRES	31,956		1,225	470	43,677	3,149	80,477
SOUTHERN	FIRES	90		176	40	25,011	692	26,009
	ACRES	17,035		134,980	4,774	254,874	22,381	434,044
TOTALS	FIRES	2,498	521	284	138	37,918	2,595	43,954
	ACRES	255,300	155,744	194,063	20,823	1,262,837	713,169	2,601,936
TEN YEAR AVERAGE FIRES								42,666
TEN YEAR AVERAGE ACRES								985,203

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY :

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>54</u>	<u>54</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>54</u>

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
ALASKA	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
NORTHWEST	FIRES	20	103	30	9	6	243	411
	ACRES	5,776	9,238	2,691	206	292	39,820	58,023
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES	7	10	10	11		86	124
	ACRES	163	487	19,894	231		9,943	30,718
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	FIRES	1	2	6	5		97	111
	ACRES	70	24	286	386		17,226	17,992
NORTHERN ROCKIES	FIRES		11	102	2	14	172	301
	ACRES		1,765	15,576	108	2,053	16,989	36,491
EASTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES	1	17	2	8	8	23	59
	ACRES	7	845	445	2,422	279	29,595	33,593
WESTERN GREAT BASIN	FIRES						4	4
	ACRES						171	171
SOUTHWEST	FIRES	4	13	10			115	142
	ACRES	90	17,250	4,722			12,566	34,628
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	FIRES	8	18	110	8	21	28	193
	ACRES	516	3,029	15,352	2,290	2,170	13,467	36,824
EASTERN	FIRES	21		281	7	493	141	943
	ACRES	8,709		42,886	430	62,106	20,446	134,577
SOUTHERN	FIRES	59		235	73	16,229	864	17,460
	ACRES	10,951		109,550	83,625	821,324	691,470	1,716,920
TOTAL	FIRES	121	174	786	123	16,771	1,773	19,748
	ACRES	26,282	32,638	211,402	89,698	888,224	851,693	2,099,937

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		<u>BIA</u>	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>4</u>			<u>4</u>
<u>NORTHERN ROCKIES</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>WESTERN GREAT BASIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>ROCKY MOUNTAIN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5</u>

Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

<u>PROVINCES</u>	<u>FIRES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>HECTARES YESTERDAY</u>	<u>FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	<u>HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE</u>
<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>527</u>	<u>6,181</u>
<u>YUKON TERRITORY</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>29,656</u>
<u>ALBERTA</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>27,301</u>	<u>735</u>	<u>404,367</u>
<u>NORTHWEST TERRITORY</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>2,842</u>
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>72,349</u>	<u>497</u>	<u>244,004</u>
<u>MANITOBA</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>385</u>	<u>13,330</u>
<u>ONTARIO</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>5,128</u>
<u>QUEBEC</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>229</u>	<u>14,820</u>
<u>NEWFOUNDLAND</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3,080</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>3,887</u>
<u>NEW BRUNSWICK</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>165</u>	<u>202</u>
<u>NOVA SCOTIA</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>140</u>	<u>181</u>
<u>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>NATIONAL PARKS</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>405</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>102,812</u>	<u>3,026</u>	<u>725,003</u>

RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES

<u>AREA</u>	<u>CREW FED</u>	<u>CREW ST/OT</u>	<u>ENGS FED</u>	<u>ENGS ST/OT</u>	<u>HELI FED</u>	<u>HELI ST/OT</u>	<u>AIRT FED</u>	<u>AIRT ST/OT</u>	<u>OVRHD FED</u>	<u>OVRHD ST/OT</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>										
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>3</u>						<u>2</u>	<u>11</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>1</u>							
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>8</u>		<u>16</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>				<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>6</u>	<u>4</u>		<u>1</u>			<u>136</u>	
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>13</u>		<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>			<u>56</u>	<u>21</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>251</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>3</u>			<u>815</u>	<u>310</u>
<u>ROCKY MTN</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>112</u>	<u>258</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>37</u>			<u>5</u>	<u>582</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>									<u>36</u>	
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>				<u>7</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>209</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>208</u>	<u>324</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,304</u>	<u>967</u>