INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 2002 0530 MDT NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 4

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was moderate in the Northern California Area and light elsewhere. Three new large fires were reported, one each in the Western Great Basin, Eastern and Southern Areas. Seven large fires were contained, two in the Southern Area, two in the Southern California Area, and one each in the Rocky Mountain, Southwest and Northern California Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Arizona, California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and Utah.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

Priorities are being established by the Rocky Mountain Multi-Agency Coordinating Group based on information submitted via Wildland Fire Situation Analysis reports and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) forms. An Area Command Team (Chesley) is assigned to manage large fires in southeast Colorado.

HAYMAN, Pike-San Isabel National Forest. Two Type 1 Incident Management Teams (Martin and Raley) are assigned. This fire is burning six miles northwest of Lake George, CO in ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest. The fire is burning with three separate flame fronts. Crews are anchoring and constructing handline on the east and west flanks. Several camps, ranches, recreation areas and towns are threatened. A mandatory evacuation is in place for 6,000 homes.

MIRACLE COMPLEX, Bureau of Land Management, Grand Junction District. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Hartman) is assigned. This complex consists of the Long Canyon and Dierich Creek fires and is near Grand Junction, CO. The fires are burning in brush, pinyon pine and juniper. Wind contributed to significant fire growth. Steep terrain, inaccessibility, high winds and low relative humidity are hampering containment efforts. A mandatory evacuation is in effect for 230 homes, and structure protection is in place.

COAL SEAM, Grand Junction Dispatch Center Area Counties. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Hart) is assigned. Burning in heavy oakbrush, this fire is four miles west of Glenwood Springs, CO. Torching and crowning were observed. High winds, low relative humidity and steep terrain are hampering containment efforts. Crews are constructing handline and burning out. The threat to Glenwood Springs has been reduced and the mandatory evacuation for several areas has been lifted.

MISSIONARY RIDGE, San Juan National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Solarz) will assume command at 0600 MDT. This fire is ten miles north of Durango, CO and is burning in oakbrush, ponderosa pine and mixed conifer forest. Sustained crowning and torching with spotting 1/4 mile ahead of the fire front were observed. Aerial resources are assisting suppression efforts. Fifty-five residences are threatened.

TRINIDAD COMPLEX, Colorado State Forest Service, Pueblo Dispatch Center Counties. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Swope) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Spring and Fisher fires, is eight miles south of Stonewall, CO. The fires are burning in grass, pinyon pine, juniper and ponderosa pine. The fires made several significant runs exhibiting extreme fire behavior. Crews are constructing handline. A total of 250 residences are threatened along with several commercial properties.

LYTLE, Department of Defense. This fire is 12 miles south of Colorado Springs, CO on the Fort Carson Military Reservation. The fire is burning in pinyon pine, juniper and oakbrush. Fire behavior was limited to single tree torching. Personnel are mopping up on all flanks of the fire.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
HAYMAN	CO	PSF	75,889	5	UNK	400	15	11	0	21	NR
MIRACLE COMPLEX	CO	GJD	2,200	0	UNK	176	4	9	0	0	190K
COAL SEAM	CO	GJX	10,000	5	UNK	482	9	61	0	38	223K
MISSIONARY RIDGE	CO	SJF	8,200	5	6/28	646	13	12	4	1	300K
TRINIDAD COMPLEX	CO	PBX	29,942	75	6/13	287	9	13	2	8	1.1M
LYTLE	СО	DOD	2,682	90	UNK	44	0	6	2	0	60K
BANTY	СО	CRD	250	100	_	17	1	3	0	1	NR

CRD = Bureau of Land Management, Craig District

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

WOLF, Los Padres National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management team (Gelobter) is assigned. This fire is burning ten miles north of Ojai, CA in decadent chaparral, pinyon pine and juniper. Fire activity was limited to isolated torching and short runs. Crews are constructing fireline along the north and south flanks. Steep and rugged terrain is hampering containment efforts. Structure protection is in place for numerous structures and improvements that are threatened in the Howard Creek, Mutau Flats and Rose Valley areas. Matilija Canyon Road remains closed to non local traffic. The Sespe, Matilija and Dick Smith Wilderness Areas are threatened.

COPPER, Angeles National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Dietrich) is assigned. This fire started within the city limits of Saugus, CA and is burning in decadent chaparral and brush. Crews are patrolling and mopping up. Residents are being allowed to return to those areas that were evacuated. Reduction in acreage is due to better mapping.

	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
WOLF	CA	LPF	21,278	60	6/14	1,148	31	5	28	6	11.5M
COPPER	CA	ANF	23,407	90	6/11	619	13	4	3	26	7.0M
DAVIS	CA	SLU	1,800	100		10	0	3	0	0	NR
WK HILL/33	CA	FKU	400	100		0	0	0	0	0	15K

FKU = California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Fresno-Kings Unit

SLU = California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, San Luis Obispo Unit

SOUTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

CHERRY, El Malpais National Park. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Gardner) is assigned. This fire, burning in grass and ponderosa pine, is 26 miles southwest of Grants, NM. Active fire behavior was observed. Crews are burning out and patrolling on the north and south flanks. An evacuation plan and structure protection is in place for several residences. A voluntary evacuation has been recommended for the El Calderon area and the Frank Lloyd Wright House. Interstate 40 is closed nightly due to residual smoke.

PONIL, New Mexico State Forestry Office, Cimmaron District. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Lohrey) is assigned. The fire is burning ten miles west of Cimmaron, NM in ponderosa pine. Active burning in the fire interior and spotting on the northeast and south flanks was observed. Crews are constructing line along the east and west flanks. The town of Ute Park, Philmont Boy Scout Camp, Vermego Park Complex, power lines, numerous gas wells and several historic structures are threatened.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
CHERRY	NM	EMP	10,000	25	6/13	456	16	9	2	0	1.2M
PONIL	NM	N2S	85,000	15	6/14	1,019	42	22	11	0	4.3M
BULLOCK	AZ	CNF	30,563	100		223	3	6	3	7	14.2M

CNF = Coronado National Forest

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BIG WASH, Bureau of Land Management, Cedar City Field Office. A transition from Broyles Type 2 Incident Management Team to Hefner's Type 1 Incident Management Team will occur today. The fire is burning 21 miles southeast of Cedar City, UT in bug killed spruce and fir. Torching, crowning and spotting up to 1/4 mile ahead of the front were observed. Crews and dozers are constructing fireline on the west and north flanks. Numerous structures on the ridge above Deep Creek have been evacuated and structure protection is in place.

FERRON MOUNTAIN, Manti-La Sal National Forest. This fire is burning in brush, pinyon pine and juniper two miles southwest of Ferron, UT. Smoldering and creeping were observed. Crews have completed handline construction and aerial resources are aiding containment efforts. Winter range habitat and a municipal watershed are threatened.

SANFORD, Dixie National Forest. This fire is 20 miles northeast of Panguitch, UT. A Fire Use Management Team (Cones) has been ordered. The fire is burning in aspen, pinyon pine, juniper and mixed conifer forest. Rough terrain, limited access and high winds are hampering containment efforts. Personnel are working to hold the northeast flank. The Sanford Ranch is threatened.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BIG WASH	UT	CCD	5,000	40	6/15	666	22	8	6	0	1.5M
FERRON MOUNTAIN	UT	MLF	500	5	6/13	43	1	0	2	0	85K
SANFORD	UT	DIF	53,000	10	7/7	41	1	3	2	0	280K

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA LARGE FIRES:

FORKS, Klamath National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (McElwain) is assigned. This fire is three miles down stream from Forks of the Salmon, CA. The fire is burning in continuous hardwood and mixed conifer forest. Steep terrain is contributing to rapid fire growth and limited access is hampering containment efforts. Crews are constructing handline.

FIELD, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), Nevada-Yuba-Placer Unit. A CDF Type 1 Incident Command Team (Walters) is assigned. This fire is west of Smartville, CA and is burning in grass and oak woodlands. Minimal fire activity was observed. Crews are constructing handline, patrolling and mopping up.

KUPUKUPU, Hawaii Volcanos National Park. Lava flows from Kilauea ignited this fire on the southern edge of Hawaii in the Hawaiian Islands. Very deep duff layers are contributing to strong reburn potential, and continuously moving lava has made portions of the fire too dangerous for crews. Aerial resources are being utilized to hold the fire on the north flank, protecting native Hawaiian rainforest. Crews are constructing fireline in difficult terrain on the north flank.

	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
FORKS	CA	KNF	600	10	6/15	500	10	9	3	0	NR
FIELD	CA	NEU	945	85	6/11	590	12	7	2	0	447K
Κυρυκυρυ	HI	HVP	3,660	65	6/15	176	5	0	5	0	960K
PONY	CA	AEU	720	100		140	3	2	0	0	NR

AEU = California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Amador-El Dorado Unit

SOUTHERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

MARBLEYARD COMPLEX, George Washington and Jefferson National Forests. This complex, comprised of several fires, is burning three miles south of Glasgow, VA in standing dead timber, hardwoods and rhododendron. Low relative humidity and high temperatures are hampering containment efforts. Personnel are burning out and constructing fireline. The James River Face Wilderness and several structures are threatened.

BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX, Okefenokee National Wildlife Refuge. A Unified Command between an interagency Fire Use Management Team (Cook), the Georgia Forestry Commission and the Florida Division of Forestry is in place. This lightning-caused complex, consisting of the Blackjack 02, Bay Creek and Number One Island fires, is ten miles northeast of Fargo, GA. Significant precipitation aided suppression efforts. A preexisting permanent fuel break that surrounds the Refuge is being successfully utilized to hold the fire. Personnel are monitoring and improving fireline.

DEAD END COMPLEX, National Forests in Florida. A Florida State Type 2 Incident Management Team (Greene) is assigned. This complex, consisting of nine fires, is burning in southern rough near Olustee, FL. Smoldering and creeping were observed on the Sandhill and Lost fires. Crews are patrolling and mopping up.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MARBLEYARD COMPLEX	VA	VAF	735	40	6/14	185	7	4	2	0	NR
BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX	GA	OKR	124,492	6	UNK	169	1	10	3	0	5.2M
DEAD END COMPLEX	FL	FNF	168	95	UNK	152	4	9	1	0	834K
ROAD 1	FL	FLS	300	100		18	0	0	2	0	NR
DEIKE	ΤХ	TXS	125	100	_	19	0	5	0	0	NR

FLS = Florida Division of Forestry

TXS = Texas State Forest Service

ALASKA AREA LARGE FIRES:

MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY, Bureau of Land Management, Tanana Zone. This fire is burning seven miles southwest of Livengood, AK in black spruce, hardwoods, brush and litter. Weather is hampering containment efforts. Crews are mopping up.

VINASALE, Alaska State Division of Forestry. Burning in black spruce, taiga and hardwoods, this fire is 15 miles south of McGrath, AK. This will be the last report unless significant activity occurs.

WEST FORK CHENA, Alaska State Division of Forestry. This fire is burning 50 miles east of Fairbanks, AK in black spruce and hardwoods. This will be the last report unless significant activity occurs.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY	AK	TAD	97,126	35	UNK	285	10	2	5	0	3.1M
VINASALE	AK	AKS	92,000	5	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	3.0M
WEST FORK CHENA	AK	AKS	22,092	70	UNK	0	0	0	0	4	3.6M

WESTERN GREAT BASIN LARGE FIRES:

PIOCHE, Bureau of Land Management, Ely Field Office. This fire is burning near the town of Pioche, NV and is burning in sagebrush and juniper. Fire activity was minimal. The town of Pioche, old mining structures and several other structures in the area are threatened. One residence and several outbuildings were lost.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
PIOCHE	NV	ELD	941	90	6/11	305	9	15	2	7	245K

EASTERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

FIVE MILE, New Jersey State Forestry. This fire is burning in pitch pine east of Atco, NJ. Crowning and running were observed. Several residences are threatened.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
FIVE MILE	NJ	NJS	700	30	UNK	105	0	27	1	0	NR

OUTLOOK:

High pressure will bring mostly sunny skies to the Rocky Mountain Area. High temperatures in the north will be in the mid 60's to lower 70's at lower elevations and in the 50's to lower 60's in the mountains. The lower elevations of Colorado can expect high temperatures from 80 to 85 and in the upper 60's to 70's in the mountains. Minimum relative humidity in Colorado will range from 8 to 25 percent and winds will be from the west at 10 to 20 mph with higher gusts over the mountains.

The Southern California Area can expect mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the 60's to mid 70's in coastal areas, mid 70's to mid 80's in the mountains and inland, 85 to the low 90's across the high deserts, and in the mid 90's to 108 over the low deserts. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 15 percent in the deserts, 15 to 35 percent in the valleys and mountains, and 45 to 60 percent near the coast. Winds will be southeast at 10 to 20 mph over the mountains, south to west at 10 to 20 mph over the deserts, and onshore at 7 to 15 mph along the coast.

The Southwest Area can expect mostly sunny skies with isolated thunderstorms and dry lightning in southeastern Arizona and southern New Mexico. High temperatures will be from the mid 70's in the mountains to 100 at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 20 percent across Arizona and New Mexico and 15 to 40 percent in west Texas. Winds will be variable with gusts near thunderstorms.

High pressure will bring mostly sunny skies to the Eastern Great Basin Area. High temperatures will be 80 to 95 in the south and 60 to 80 in the north. Minimum relative humidity will range from 4 to 20 percent in southern Utah to 15 to 25 percent in northern Utah and southern Idaho. Winds will be southwest to northwest at 5 to 15 mph.

The Northern California Area can expect mostly sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the mid 50's and 60's along the coast and 80's to 90's inland. Minimum relative humidity will range from 14 to 28 percent and winds will be northeast at 8 to 18 mph.

The Alaska Area will be mostly cloudy with scattered showers. High temperatures will be in the upper 50's and 60's and minimum relative humidity will range from 30 to 40 percent. Winds will be south at 15 mph from the Alaska Range southward and variable at 10 mph elsewhere.

High pressure will bring mostly sunny skies to the Southern Area with scattered afternoon thunderstorms in the west. High temperatures will be in the 80's to lower 90's. Minimum relative humidity will range from 20 percent in the west to 40 percent in the Appalachian Mountains. Winds will be east to southeast at 10 to 25 mph over Oklahoma and Texas and 5 to 14 mph elsewhere.



ENTRAPMENT AVOIDANCE

Avoiding situations where firefighters become entrapped is the first concern when devising strategy and tactics. The following discussion points are among the things that should be considered.

Review how LCES relates to the 10 Standard Fire Orders.

Discuss safety zone, entrapment, and deployment area:

<u>Safety zone — a preplanned area of sufficient size and suitable location that is</u> <u>expected to prevent injury to fire to firefighters from known hazards without using</u> <u>fire shelters.</u>

Entrapment — when a firefighter is trapped between the oncoming fire and a safety zone, causing burnover with or without a fire shelter deployment.

Deployment area — a selected topographical site that must be used when retreat to a safety zone is cut off by fire, has little or no fuel to cause flame impingement on the fire shelter, which will disintegrate it.

Discuss escape routes:

• Escape route — the travel route or path that provides the safety margin allowing the firefighter a retreat to the safety zone before the flame front overtakes the firefighter

Have multiple escape routes in case of cut off

[•] Scout and personally observe hazards (e.g., cliffs, loose soils, rocks, vegetation, steep slopes, etc.).

- · Precut escape lanes to safety zones.
- [.] Use predicted fire behavior to assess impact on escape routes.

[•] Time your escape routes before needing to actually use them. Account for slowest firefighters and or equipment. Know your escape time.

Clearly mark escape routes.

Do not locate escape routes near chimneys, saddles, narrow canyons or box canyons.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	TOTAL
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>4</u>		<u>5</u>
ALASKA	ACRES		<u>2,103</u>	<u>699</u>		<u>3,112</u>		<u>5,914</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
NORTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>41</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>46</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	ACRES					<u>107</u>	<u>530</u>	<u>637</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>38</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>3,368</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,368</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	1						1
NORTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>	1						1
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>0</u>			<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>3,200</u>			<u>2</u>	<u>51,236</u>	<u>54,438</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>6</u>		<u>3,800</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>3,840</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>2,200</u>			<u>3,518</u>	<u>7,003</u>	<u>12,721</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>3</u>		<u>3</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>					1		1
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>95</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>100</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>810</u>	<u>543</u>	<u>1,353</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	1	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>189</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>209</u>
TOTAL <u>***Some data</u>	ACRES	<u>1</u>	<u>7,509</u>	<u>699</u>	<u>3,800</u>	<u>10,919</u>	<u>59,345</u>	<u>82,273</u>

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	<u>BLM</u>	FWS	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	FIRES	<u>1</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>274</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>299</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	1	<u>3,693</u>	<u>2,115</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>418,816</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>424,645</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>78</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>173</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>3,084</u>	<u>300</u>		<u>88</u>	<u>271</u>	<u>3,760</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>29</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>620</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>772</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	ACRES	<u>29</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>3,660</u>	<u>1,791</u>	<u>646</u>	<u>6,126</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1,082</u>	<u>212</u>	<u>1,365</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>371</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>12,897</u>	<u>7,901</u>	<u>21,220</u>
	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>628</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>149</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>865</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>6,432</u>	<u>289</u>	<u>2,108</u>		<u>20,905</u>	<u>1,159</u>	<u>30,893</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>79</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>222</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	ACRES	<u>97</u>	<u>3,129</u>		<u>9</u>	<u>477</u>	<u>57,794</u>	<u>61,506</u>
	FIRES	<u>4</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>115</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>312</u>	<u>4,588</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>280</u>	<u>5,219</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>635</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>668</u>	<u>492</u>	<u>1,947</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>12,233</u>	<u>7,090</u>	<u>5,145</u>	<u>10,120</u>	<u>62,243</u>	<u>150,820</u>	<u>247,651</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>619</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>907</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>483</u>	<u>1,541</u>	<u>529</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>92,229</u>	<u>23,208</u>	<u>118,503</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>762</u>		<u>18</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>6,566</u>	<u>287</u>	<u>7,649</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>31,956</u>		<u>1,177</u>	<u>465</u>	<u>42,765</u>	<u>3,144</u>	<u>79,507</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>89</u>		<u>173</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>18,338</u>	<u>672</u>	<u>19,310</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>16,935</u>		<u>135,327</u>	<u>4,773</u>	<u>213,799</u>	<u>19,735</u>	<u>390,569</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>2,249</u>	<u>373</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>28,488</u>	<u>2,144</u>	<u>33,624</u>
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>68,530</u>	<u>23,785</u>	<u>146,724</u>	<u>19,556</u>	<u>866,033</u>	<u>264,971</u>	<u>1,389,599</u>

TEN YEAR AVERAGE FIRES	<u>38,826</u>
TEN YEAR AVERAGE ACRES	<u>778,447</u>

Reduction in some agency YTD acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

<u>AREA</u>		BIA	BLM	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>_0</u>
ALASKA	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
NORTHWEST	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
CA-NORTH	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
NORTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>19</u>	<u>19</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
ROCKY MTN	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>2</u>
SOUTHERN	ACRES				<u>3,500</u>	<u>150</u>		<u>3,650</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>

		ACRES	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,500</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>3,669</u>
--	--	-------	----------	----------	----------	--------------	------------	-----------	--------------

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>
ALASKA	ACRES			<u>475</u>				<u>475</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>101</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>445</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>3,500</u>	<u>9,221</u>	<u>1,925</u>	<u>197</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>39,095</u>	<u>54,230</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>121</u>
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>487</u>	<u>19,892</u>	<u>231</u>		<u>9,934</u>	<u>30,707</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>97</u>	<u>108</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>286</u>	<u>42</u>		<u>17,226</u>	<u>17,648</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>11</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>291</u>
<u>NORTHERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>		<u>1,765</u>	<u>15,576</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>2,053</u>	<u>16,588</u>	<u>36,090</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>844</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>2,422</u>	<u>199</u>	<u>15,160</u>	<u>19,077</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>171</u>	<u>171</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>115</u>	<u>142</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	ACRES	<u>90</u>	<u>12,910</u>	<u>4,722</u>			<u>12,566</u>	<u>30,288</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>193</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>15,352</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,170</u>	<u>13,467</u>	<u>36,824</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>21</u>		<u>257</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>492</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>918</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>8,709</u>		<u>46,984</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>62,093</u>	<u>20,446</u>	<u>138,662</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>59</u>		<u>228</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>860</u>	<u>1,292</u>
SOUTHERN	ACRES	<u>10,951</u>		<u>109,229</u>	<u>76,231</u>	<u>35,529</u>	<u>691,112</u>	<u>923,052</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>744</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>619</u>	<u>1,815</u>	<u>3,571</u>

<u>AC</u>	CRES	<u>24,006</u>	<u>28,280</u>	<u>214,886</u>	<u>81,951</u>	<u>102,336</u>	<u>835,765</u>	<u>1,287,224</u>		
Reduction in some agency YTD acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.										

WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	<u>ST/OT</u>	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u> </u>
ALASKA	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>NORTHWEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
CA-NORTH	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	ACRES				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
NORTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-EAST</u>	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	ACRES							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>				1			<u>1</u>
<u>SOUTHERN</u>	ACRES				<u>1</u>			<u>1</u>
TOTAL	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>

ACRES	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	2
-------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	---

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

PROVINCES	<u>FIRES</u> <u>YESTERDAY</u>	HECTARES YESTERDAY	<u>FIRES</u> <u>YEAR-TO-DATE</u>	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE
BRITISH COLUMBIA	<u>5</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>339</u>	<u>1,923</u>
YUKON TERRITORY	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>
ALBERTA	<u>6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>404</u>	<u>295,231</u>
NORTHWEST TERRITORY	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>62</u>
SASKATCHEWAN	<u>2</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>394</u>	<u>129,311</u>
MANITOBA	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>331</u>	<u>13,163</u>
ONTARIO	<u>0</u>	<u>1,926</u>	<u>161</u>	<u>5,418</u>
QUEBEC	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>188</u>	<u>475</u>
NEWFOUNDLAND	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>45</u>
NEW BRUNSWICK	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>193</u>
NOVA SCOTIA	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>177</u>
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
NATIONAL PARKS	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>237</u>
TOTALS	<u>23</u>	<u>1,946</u>	<u>2,181</u>	<u>446,263</u>

RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES:

AREA	<u>CREW</u>	<u>CREW</u>	<u>ENGS</u>	ENGS	<u>HELI</u>	<u>HELI</u>	<u>AIRT</u>	<u>AIRT</u>	OVRHD	<u>OVRHD</u>
	<u>FED</u>	ST/OT	FED	ST/OT	FED	<u>ST/OT</u>	FED	ST/OT	FED	<u>ST/OT</u>
ALASKA	<u>15</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>62</u>	<u>46</u>

NORTHWEST		<u>8</u>		<u>18</u>					<u>6</u>	
<u>CA-NORTH</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>95</u>	<u>71</u>
<u>CA-SOUTH</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>17</u>			<u>192</u>	<u>301</u>
NORTHERN			<u>4</u>	<u>9</u>						
<u>GB-EAST</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>			<u>93</u>	<u>21</u>
<u>GB-WEST</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>32</u>	<u>23</u>
SOUTHWEST	<u>47</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>12</u>			<u>192</u>	<u>104</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>27</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>4</u>		<u>142</u>	<u>121</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>				<u>27</u>		<u>1</u>			<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>
SOUTHERN	<u>11</u>	1	<u>9</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>			<u>122</u>	<u>69</u>
TOTAL	<u>174</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>144</u>	<u>366</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>939</u>	<u>764</u>

*** THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER ***