(Converted From .wpd On 2/26/04)

INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT MONDAY, MAY 27, 2002- 0800 MDT NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 2

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was light across the nation. Four new large fires were reported, three in the Eastern Area and one in the Rocky Mountain Area. Five large fires were contained, three in the Eastern Area and two in the Rocky Mountain Area. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas and Utah.

SOUTHWEST AREA LARGE FIRES:

BULLOCK, Coronado National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Humphrey) is assigned. This fire is burning 15 miles northeast of Tucson, AZ in grass, oak woodland and chaparral. Fire behavior along the southern flank intensified, threatening existing fireline. Indirect fireline construction along the southwest flank has been completed in preparation for a burn out. Drought conditions, extreme fire behavior and inaccessible terrain are impeding containment efforts. A mandatory evacuation of structures in the Mount Lemmon Highway area is in effect. The community of Summerhaven, numerous residences and commercial facilities remain threatened. The Catalina Highway is closed.

BORREGO, Santa Fe National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Bateman) is assigned. The fire is burning in pinon pine, juniper and mixed conifer forest two miles southeast of Cordova, NM. Fire behavior moderated due to lighter winds, higher relative humidity and the change in fuel type at higher elevations in the Pecos Wilderness Area. Dry weather and inaccessible, rugged terrain are hampering containment efforts. The towns of Truchas and Cordova remain threatened. One outbuilding was lost.

LEFT FORK, New Mexico State Forestry Office, Cimmaron District. This fire, burning in mixed conifer forest, is 32 miles west of Raton, NM. Crews are building and improving fireline not accessible to dozers, and engines are patrolling for hot spots. Lower temperatures and decreased winds have allowed personnel to make good progress meeting containment objectives.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BULLOCK	ΑZ	CNF	14,500	40	UNK	692	24	2	5	0	3.3M
BORREGO	NM	SNF	12,000	35	UNK	808	22	24	12	1	2.6M
LEFT FORK	NM	N2S	1,113	90	5/27	55	2	5	1	0	294K

ALASKA AREA LARGE FIRES:

WEST FORK CHENA, Alaska State Division of Forestry. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Jandt) is assigned. This fire is burning in black spruce 50 miles east of Fairbanks, AK. Structure protection is in place along the south flank at Angel Creek Lodge. Numerous residences and commercial properties are threatened, and three cabins were lost. Chena Hot Springs Road is closed.

MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY, Bureau of Land Management, Tanana Zone. This fire is burning seven miles southwest of Livengood, AK in black spruce, hardwoods, brush and litter. A major run to the south and west, crowning and torching were observed. Structure protection is in place at Tolovana Hot Springs recreation site.

VINASALE, Alaska State Division of Forestry. This fire, burning in black spruce, taiga and hardwoods, is 15 miles south of McGrath, AK. Active fire behavior was observed. Management staff flew and mapped the fire.

KALSKAG, Alaska State Division of Forestry. Burning in black spruce, muskeg and hardwoods, this fire is 22 miles west of Aniak, AK. Creeping and smoldering were observed. Crews are gridding and hot spotting along the south and west perimeters.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
WEST FORK CHENA	AK	AKS	7,600	5	UNK	175	9	4	1	3	280K
MP 78 ELLIOTT HIGHWAY	AK	TAD	24,000	20	UNK	142	8	0	2	0	NR
VINASALE	AK	AKS	10,000	0	UNK	34	2	0	1	0	NR
KALSKAG	AK	AKS	3,370	5	UNK	48	2	0	0	0	NR

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BUCKTAIL COMPLEX, Grand Mesa-Uncompandere-Gunnison National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Sisk) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Bucktail, 47, Dry Park and Horsefly fires, is five miles northeast of Nucla, CO. The fires are burning in ponderosa and pinon pine, juniper, sagebrush and oakbrush on the Uncompandere Plateau. Crews are patrolling, burning out, improving fireline and mopping up the 47 and Bucktail fires.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BUCKTAIL COMPLEX	СО	GMF	3,633	80	5/27	329	11	8	3	0	885K
SCHOONOVER	СО	PSF	3,860	100		485	16	10	2	13	1.9M
KIRKWELL	СО	PSF	1,800	100		23	0	7	0	1	NR

PSF = Pike-San Isabel National Forest

SOUTHERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX, Okefenokee National Wildlife Refuge. A Unified Command has been established between an interagency Fire Use Management Team (Adams), the Georgia Forestry Commission and the Florida Division of Forestry. This lightning-caused complex, consisting of the Blackjack 02, Bay Creek and Number One Island fires, is ten miles northeast of Fargo, GA. Increased fire activity along the southeast and southwest flanks, and short runs in brush and pine stands were observed. Personnel are monitoring weather, fuel conditions and fire activity on the complex.

SIMMONDS POND, Florida Division of Forestry. This fire is four miles north of Fort McCoy, FL. The fire is burning on Ocala Lumber Company land with swamp both to the north and south. No new information was reported. This will be the last report unless new information is received.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
BLACKJACK BAY COMPLEX	GA	OKR	96,929	0	UNK	NR	NR	NR	NR	0	2.9M
SIMMONS POND	FL	FLS	375	90	UNK	7	0	1	1	0	NR

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA LARGE FIRES:

ANDERSON/DANSKIN, Boise National Forest. This fire is five miles northeast of Garden Valley, ID. Minimal fire activity was observed. Crews on the Anderson fire are hot spotting with infrared equipment and mopping up in Granite Creek.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
ANDERSON/DANSKIN	ID	BOF	437	85	UNK	139	5	1	2	0	174K

EASTERN AREA LARGE FIRES:

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD
NORTHWOOD	MN	MNS	400	100	-	7	0	2	0	0	\$500
RED LAKE 620	MN	RLA	924	100	_	24	0	7	1	0	10K
RED LAKE 621	MN	RLA	683	100	_	11	0	3	1	0	15K

MNS = Minnesota State Forestry

RLA = Bureau of Indian Affairs, Red Lake Agency

OUTLOOK:

A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN CENTRAL AND EASTERN INTERIOR ALASKA FOR LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND NORTHEAST WINDS GUSTING OVER 20 MPH

A FIRE WEATHER WATCH HAS BEEN ISSUED IN NORTHERN AND CENTRAL FLORIDA FOR RELATIVE HUMIDITY NEAR 35 PERCENT AND HIGH DISPERSION INDICES

An upper level disturbance exiting the Southwest Area will bring partly cloudy skies with isolated wet and dry thunderstorms in central and eastern New Mexico and west Texas. Mostly sunny skies are forecast for Arizona. High temperatures will be in the 60's and 70's in the mountains and upper 90's at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 20 percent in Arizona and 20 to 40 percent elsewhere. Winds will be southwest at 10 to 15 mph.

A strong cold front moving southeast into the Alaska Area will bring sunny skies. High temperatures will be in the high 60's and minimum relative humidity will be in the teens. Northeast winds will be 10 to 20 mph.

A high pressure system over the Rocky Mountain Area will bring mostly sunny skies with isolated dry lightning to the east side of the Continental Divide in southern Colorado. High temperatures will be 80 to 85 in southwestern Colorado, in the 50's to mid 60's in the mountains and 70 to 80 at lower elevations. Minimum relative humidity will range from 5 to 15 percent at lower elevations in Colorado and 12 to 22 percent in the mountains. Winds will be variable at 5 to 15 mph.

The Southern Area can expect partly cloudy skies with a chance of showers and thunderstorms over the eastern half of Florida. High temperatures will be in the mid to upper 80's and minimum relative humidity will be near 35 percent in the northern Florida panhandle and areas near the Georgia border. Winds will be east to northeast at 15 to 20 mph.

Two slowly weakening frontal boundaries will move southeast through the Eastern Area, bringing partly sunny to partly cloudy skies with scattered showers and thunderstorms. Temperatures are expected to be near or slightly above late May normals. Relative humidity will be moderate and wind speeds will be light to moderate.





HEAT DISORDER SI

<u>He</u> <u>at</u> bec <u>om</u> <u>es</u> <u>a</u> <u>pro</u> ble <u>m</u> <u>wh</u> <u>en</u> <u>hu</u> mid <u>ity,</u> <u>air</u> <u>te</u> <u>mp</u> <u>era</u> <u>tur</u> <u>e,</u> <u>an</u> d <u>rad</u> <u>iant</u> <u>he</u>

<u>at</u> <u>CO</u> <u>mbi</u> <u>ne</u> wit <u>h</u> <u>har</u> <u>d</u> wor k to rais <u>e</u>

bo dy te mp era tur e bey on d saf e limi ts. Sw eat is you r mai n def ens e. Ev en e on the firel ine mu st un der sta nd the imp ort anc e of dri nki ng wat er oft

There are three forms of heat stress.

Heat cramps, heat exhaustion and heat stroke

The mildest is heat cramps. Heat cramps can progress to heat exhaustion and eventually heat stoke.

Heat cramps are involuntary muscle contractions caused by failure to replace fluids or electrolytes, such as sodium and potassium.

- Cramps can be relieved with stretching and by replacing fluids and electrolytes.
- Heat cramps can be prevented by maintaining an adequate intake of water, electrolyte replacement drinks and by eating fresh fruits and vegetables.

Heat exhaustion is characterized by:

Weakness, extreme fatigue, nausea, headaches and wet, clammy skin

Heat exhaustion is caused by inadequate fluid intake. Treat heat exhaustion by resting in a cool environment and replacing fluids and electrolytes.

<u>Heat stroke is caused by failure of the body</u>"s heat controls. Sweating stops and the body temperature rises.

Heat stroke is characterized by:

Hot, often dry skin, body temperature above 105.8 degrees Fahrenheit, mental confusion, loss of consciousness, convulsions, or even coma

Heat stroke is a medical emergency. Brain damage and death may result if treatment is delayed. Begin rapid cooling with ice or cold water, fanning the victim to promote evaporation. For rapid cooling, partially submerge the victim"s body in cool water. Treat for shock if necessary.

You can prevent the serious consequences of heat disorders by improving your level of fitness and becoming acclimated to the heat. Maintaining a high level of aerobic fitness is one of the best ways to protect against heat stress. The fit worker has a well-developed circulatory system and increased blood volume. Both are important to regulate body temperature. Fit workers start to sweat sooner, so they work with a lower heart rate and body temperature. They adjust to the heat twice as fast as the unfit worker.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	<u>BLM</u>	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	ST/OT	<u>USFS</u>	TOTAL
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		9		9
<u>ALASKA</u>	ACRES		17,700	<u>2</u>		<u>17,138</u>		34,840
	<u>FIRES</u>						1	1
NORTHWEST	ACRES						<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
CA-NORTH	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
CA-SOUTH	<u>ACRES</u>						<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	1						1
NORTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>	1						<u>1</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
GB-EAST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
GB-WEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>9</u>
SOUTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>1,134</u>	<u>3,002</u>	<u>4,138</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	1	<u>1</u>			<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>
ROCKY MTN	ACRES	1	1			<u>1,500</u>	<u>1,953</u>	<u>3,455</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>2</u>				<u>10</u>	1	<u>13</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	ACRES	<u>1,607</u>				<u>408</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2,021</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>11</u>	1	<u>12</u>
SOUTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>18</u>	1	<u>19</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>56</u>
TOTAL	ACRES	1,611	17,701	2	0	20,198	4,964	44,476 re on a weekly

Some data reflects initial report of activity for the last 7 days for those units that are on a weekly reporting schedule.

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	<u>FWS</u>	NPS	ST/OT	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	FIRES	1		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>198</u>	9	211
<u>ALASKA</u>	ACRES	1		<u>789</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>73,678</u>	<u>13</u>	74,488
	FIRES	<u>11</u>	<u>16</u>	1		<u>56</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>122</u>
NORTHWEST	ACRES	<u>17</u>	109	<u>300</u>		<u>57</u>	<u>259</u>	742
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>1,024</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>1,093</u>
CA-NORTH	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>14</u>		<u>o</u>		<u>361</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>404</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>789</u>	<u>159</u>	<u>997</u>
CA-SOUTH	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>368</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>8,627</u>	<u>5,676</u>	14,691
	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>438</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>13</u>		<u>66</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>572</u>
NORTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>3,494</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>1,353</u>		<u>16,257</u>	<u>886</u>	22,047
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>53</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>149</u>
GB-EAST	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>267</u>		<u>9</u>	<u>453</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>978</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>7</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>53</u>
GB-WEST	ACRES	<u>312</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>275</u>	<u>616</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>546</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>448</u>	<u>414</u>	<u>1,522</u>
SOUTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>12,197</u>	<u>7,017</u>	<u>5,145</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>42,326</u>	<u>115,298</u>	<u>182,103</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>611</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>480</u>	<u>204</u>	<u>509</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>28,901</u>	14,437	45,044
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>697</u>		<u>13</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>5,400</u>	<u>258</u>	<u>6,384</u>
<u>EASTERN</u>	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>29,439</u>		<u>1,165</u>	<u>465</u>	<u>37,291</u>	<u>2,949</u>	71,309
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>85</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>38</u>	17,282	<u>602</u>	18,092
SOUTHERN	ACRES	16,829		103,289	4,773	201,642	18,049	344,582
TOTALS	<u>FIRES</u>	1,873	<u>219</u>	<u>142</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>25,763</u>	<u>1,704</u>	<u>29,806</u>

Reduction in some agency YTD acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	ST/OT	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	FIRES							<u>0</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
NORTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
CA-NORTH	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
CA-SOUTH	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
NORTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
GB-EAST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
GB-WEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
SOUTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>					<u>2</u>		<u>2</u>
EASTERN	<u>ACRES</u>					<u>535</u>		<u>535</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			1
SOUTHERN	ACRES				<u>80</u>			<u>80</u>
TOTAL	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>	1	<u>2</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>3</u>

•								
	ACRES	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>535</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>615</u>

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

<u>AREA</u>		BIA	BLM	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	ST/OT	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>			1				<u>1</u>
<u>ALASKA</u>	ACRES			<u>475</u>				<u>475</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>98</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>285</u>	<u>422</u>
NORTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>3,469</u>	<u>8,586</u>	<u>1,925</u>	<u>194</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>38,342</u>	<u>52,808</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>121</u>
CA-NORTH	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>487</u>	19,892	<u>231</u>		<u>9,351</u>	<u>30,124</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>96</u>	<u>106</u>
CA-SOUTH	ACRES	<u>70</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>271</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>17,135</u>	<u>17,502</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>		<u>10</u>	<u>38</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>168</u>
NORTHERN	ACRES		<u>1,322</u>	<u>4,565</u>		<u>402</u>	14,365	<u>20,654</u>
	FIRES	<u>1</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>56</u>
GB-EAST	ACRES	<u>7</u>	<u>1,059</u>	<u>445</u>	2,422	<u>199</u>	14,950	19,082
	<u>FIRES</u>						<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
GB-WEST	ACRES						<u>171</u>	<u>171</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>118</u>	<u>145</u>
SOUTHWEST	ACRES	<u>90</u>	12,910	<u>4,722</u>			12,565	<u>30,287</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>150</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>3,029</u>	<u>10,935</u>	<u>2,290</u>	<u>2,169</u>	13,443	32,382
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>206</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>475</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>846</u>
EASTERN	<u>ACRES</u>	<u>8,862</u>		46,438	<u>430</u>	<u>56,451</u>	<u>20,116</u>	132,297
	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>59</u>		<u>228</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>858</u>	<u>1,272</u>
SOUTHERN	ACRES	<u>10,951</u>		109,229	<u>56,912</u>	27,529	690,221	894,842
TOTAL	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>586</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>586</u>	<u>1,749</u>	3,291

ACRES	24,128 27,417	<u>198,897</u> <u>62,481</u>	87,042	830,659	1,230,624
-------	---------------	------------------------------	--------	---------	-----------

***Reduction in some agency YTD

acres reflects better mapping or reporting adjustments.***

WILDLAND FIRE USE (WFU) FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	<u>FWS</u>	<u>NPS</u>	ST/OT	<u>USFS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
ALASKA	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
NORTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
CA-NORTH	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
CA-SOUTH	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
NORTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
GB-EAST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
GB-WEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
SOUTHWEST	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>o</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>0</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>							<u>0</u>
EASTERN	<u>ACRES</u>							<u>o</u>
	<u>FIRES</u>				<u>1</u>			1
SOUTHERN	<u>ACRES</u>				1			1
TOTAL	<u>FIRES</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	1	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	1

ACRES	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
KOKLO	<u>~</u>	_ <u>~</u>					ı <u>∸</u> ı

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

T .	,	T		
PROVINCES	<u>FIRES</u> <u>YESTERDAY</u>	HECTARES YESTERDAY	FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE
BRITISH COLUMBIA	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>277</u>	<u>1,368</u>
YUKON TERRITORY	1	1	<u>12</u>	<u>16</u>
ALBERTA	<u>5</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>192</u>	<u>75,382</u>
NORTHWEST TERRITORY	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>
SASKATCHEWAN	9	<u>0</u>	<u>273</u>	<u>30,841</u>
MANITOBA	<u>4</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>266</u>	<u>8,755</u>
ONTARIO	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	92	<u>147</u>
QUEBEC	<u>6</u>	<u>36</u>	149	<u>311</u>
NEWFOUNDLAND	<u>2</u>	1	<u>29</u>	<u>45</u>
NEW BRUNSWICK	<u>2</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>183</u>
NOVA SCOTIA	<u>6</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>120</u>
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
NATIONAL PARKS	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	4	<u>75</u>
TOTALS	<u>39</u>	<u>262</u>	1,475	117,243

RESOURCE STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES:

AREA	CREW FED	CREW ST/OT	ENGS FED	ENGS ST/OT	HELI FED	HELI ST/OT	AIRT FED	AIRT ST/OT	OVRHD FED	OVRHD ST/OT
ALASKA	<u>17</u>	<u>31</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	1			<u>34</u>	<u>14</u>
NORTHWEST	<u>1</u>		1						<u>6</u>	

<u>CA-NORTH</u>										
CA-SOUTH		1	<u>5</u>	1		1			1	1
NORTHERN			9						<u>6</u>	
GB-EAST	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>	1			<u>2</u>			<u>8</u>	
GB-WEST										
SOUTHWEST	<u>45</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>10</u>			<u>237</u>	<u>89</u>
ROCKY MTN	<u>25</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>19</u>		<u>5</u>			<u>111</u>	<u>91</u>
EASTERN	<u>2</u>		<u>10</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	1	1		<u>6</u>	
SOUTHERN										
TOTAL	<u>95</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>20</u>	1	<u>0</u>	<u>409</u>	<u>195</u>

^{***} THE NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER ***